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Prospectus

M&G Investment Funds (3)

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This document constitutes the Prospectus for M&G Investment Funds (3) (the 'Company') which has been prepared in accordance with the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 and the rules contained in the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook published by the FCA as part of its Handbook of Rules and Guidance.

The Prospectus is dated and is valid as at 16 October 2020.

Copies of this Prospectus have been sent to the Financial Conduct Authority and NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited as Depositary.

The Prospectus is based on information, law and practice at the date hereof but where it refers to any statutory provision or regulation this includes any modification or re-enactment that has been made. The Company is not bound by any out of date prospectus when it has issued a new prospectus and potential investors should check that they have the most recently published prospectus.

M&G Securities Limited, the Authorised Corporate Director of the Company, is the person responsible for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of its knowledge and belief (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained herein does not contain any untrue or misleading statement or omit any matters required by Regulations to be included in it. M&G Securities Limited accepts responsibility accordingly. No person has been authorised by the Company to give any information or to make any representations in connection with the offering of Shares other than those contained in the Prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied on as having been made by the Company. The delivery of this Prospectus (whether or not accompanied by any reports) or the issue of Shares shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that the affairs of the Company have not changed since the date hereof.

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of Shares in certain jurisdictions may be restricted. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes are required by the Company to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

Warning: the contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to this offer. If you are in any doubt about the contents of this document you should obtain independent professional advice.

In particular, no interest in the Company will be issued to any person other than the person to whom this document is addressed. In addition, (a) no offer or invitation to subscribe for Shares in the Company may be made to the public in Hong Kong; and (b) this document has not been approved by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong or any other regulatory authority in Hong Kong and accordingly interests in the Company may not be offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of this document, other than in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public for the purposes of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance, as amended from time to time. Shares in the Company are not listed on any investment exchange.

Potential investors should not treat the contents of this Prospectus as advice relating to legal, taxation, investment or any other matters and are recommended to consult their own professional advisers concerning the acquisition, holding or disposal of Shares.

The provisions of the Instrument of Incorporation are binding on each of its Shareholders (who are taken to have notice of them).

This Prospectus has been approved for the purpose of section 21(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 by M&G Securities Limited.

The Depositary is not a person responsible for the information contained in this Prospectus and accordingly does not accept any responsibility therefore under the Regulations or otherwise.

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Prospectus you should consult your professional adviser.

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Definitions

M&G Investment Funds (3)

Accumulation Share: a share in the Company in respect of which income allocated thereto is credited periodically to capital pursuant to the Regulations;

ACD: M&G Securities Limited, the Authorised Corporate Director of the Company;

ACD Agreement: The agreement to be entered into between the Company and the ACD authorising the ACD to manage the affairs of the Company;

Annual Charge: is the fee paid to the ACD as payment for carrying out its duties and responsibilities in managing each Sub-fund and to pay for third party services;

Approved Bank in relation to a bank account opened by the Company:

- (a) if the account is opened at a branch in the United Kingdom:
 - (i) the Bank of England; or
 - (ii) the central bank of a member state of the OECD; or
 - (iii) a bank or a building society; or
 - (iv) a bank which is supervised by the central bank or other banking regulator of a member state of the OECD; or
- (b) if the account is opened elsewhere:
 - (i) a bank in (a); or
 - (ii) a credit institution established in an EEA State other than in the United Kingdom and duly authorised by the relevant Home State Regulator; or
 - (iii) a bank which is regulated in the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands; or
- (c) a bank supervised by the South African Reserve Bank; or
- (d) any other bank that:
 - (i) is subject to regulation by a national banking regulator;
 - (ii) is required to provide audited accounts;
 - (iii) has minimum net assets of £5 million (or its equivalent in any other currency at the relevant time) and has a surplus revenue over expenditure for the last two financial years; and
 - (iv) has an annual audit report which is not materially qualified;

Asset-Backed Securities: a debt security whose yield, credit quality and effective maturity derive from an interest in an underlying pool of debt assets, such as credit card debt, car loans, mortgages, student loans, equipment lease, collateralised repo loans and EETCs (Enhanced Equipment Trust Certificates);

Associate: an associate in accordance with the FCA Handbook of Rules and Guidance;

Base Currency: in relation to the Company the base currency is Pounds Sterling;

BCD Credit Institution: a credit institution under the Banking Consolidation Directive;

Class or Classes: in relation to Shares, means (according to the context) all of the Shares related to a single Sub-fund or a particular class or classes of Share related to a single Sub-fund;

Client Account: A bank account held by us in accordance with the FCA Handbook of Rules and Guidance;

COLL: refers to the appropriate chapter or rule in the COLL Sourcebook issued by the FCA as amended or re-enacted from time to time;

Company: M&G Investment Funds (3);

Dealing Day: Monday to Friday except for bank holidays in England and Wales and other days at the ACD's discretion;

Depository: NatWest Trustee and Depository Services Limited, the depository of the Company;

Eligible Counterparty: a client that is either a per se eligible counterparty or an elective eligible counterparty as defined by the FCA Handbook of Rules and Guidance;

Efficient Portfolio Management: means the use of techniques and instruments which relate to transferable securities and approved money-market instruments and which fulfil the following criteria:

- a) they are economically appropriate in that they are realised in a cost effective way; and
- b) they are entered into for one or more of the following specific aims:
 - reduction of risk;
 - reduction of cost;
 - generation of additional capital or income for the scheme with a risk level which is consistent with the risk profile of the scheme and the risk diversification rules laid down in COLL;

Eligible Institution: one of certain eligible institutions being a BCD credit institution authorised by its home state regulator or an Investment Firm authorised by its home state regulator as defined in the glossary of definitions in the FCA Handbook;

Emerging Markets: Countries with less established financial markets and investor protections. Typically, emerging and developing countries are those defined as such by the International Monetary Fund, the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, or the World Bank or those who have low or middle income economies according to the World bank. This list of emerging and less developed markets is subject to continuous change. Examples include most countries in Asia, Latin America, Eastern Europe, the Middle East and Africa;

FCA: the Financial Conduct Authority;

Fraction: a smaller denomination share (on the basis that one thousand smaller denomination shares make one larger denomination share);

Group Plan: one or more of The M&G ISA, The M&G Junior ISA and The M&G Savings Plan, and the M&G Securities International Nominee Service as the context may require;

Instrument of Incorporation: the instrument of incorporation of the Company as amended from time to time;

Intermediate Unitholder: a firm whose name is entered in the register of a Sub-fund, or which holds Shares indirectly through a third party acting as a nominee, and which:

- (a) is not the beneficial owner of the relevant Share; and
- (b) does not manage investments on behalf of the relevant beneficial owner of the Share; or
- (c) does not act as a depository of a collective investment scheme or on behalf of such a depository in connection with its role in holding property subject to the scheme;

Investment Firm: an investment firm that provides investment services as defined in the glossary of definitions in the FCA handbook;

Investment Manager: M&G Investment Management Limited;

M&G Securities International Nominee Service: a group plan offered by the ACD designed to facilitate investment from outside the UK;

Member State: those countries which are members of the European Union or the European Economic Area at any given time;

M&G Group: M&G Plc and each of its subsidiaries;

Definitions

M&G Investment Funds (3)

Net Asset Value or NAV: the value of the scheme property of the Company (or of any Sub-fund as the context requires) less the liabilities of the Company (or of the Sub-fund concerned) as calculated in accordance with the Company's Instrument of Incorporation;

Ongoing Charge(s) Figure: a percentage figure representing the actual cost of running the fund, see also Section 28;

Primarily: within an investment objective, at least 80% of the portfolio;

predominantly: within an investment objective, at least 80% of the portfolio;

The M&G ISA: an Individual Savings Account the manager of which is the ACD;

The M&G Junior ISA: a Junior Individual Savings Account the manager of which is the ACD;

The M&G Savings Plan: a group plan offered by the ACD designed to facilitate regular savings by Direct Debit in the UK;

the Regulations: the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 and the rules contained in the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook published by the FCA as part of its Handbook of Rules and Guidance;

scheme property: the property of the Company to be given to the Depositary for safekeeping, as required by the Regulations;

Share or Shares: a share or shares in the Company (including larger denomination Shares and fractions), or where appropriate a share or shares in any other M&G OEIC;

Shareholder: a holder of registered or bearer shares in the Company;

Sub-fund: a Sub-fund of the Company (bearing part of the scheme property of the Company which is pooled separately) and to which specific assets and liabilities of the Company may be allocated and which is invested in accordance with the investment objective applicable to that Sub-fund;

switch: the exchange of Shares of one Class or Sub-fund for Shares of another Class or Sub-fund of any M&G OEIC;

Valuation Currency: the currency in which a fund is valued, being the currency noted for each fund in Appendix 1;

XD date: the XD (or Ex-Dividend) date is the date on which the income is removed from the price of an Income Share pending the payment of a distribution.

Operating Structure and Details

1 The Company

1.1 M&G INVESTMENT FUNDS (3) is an open-ended investment company with variable capital, incorporated in England and Wales under registered number IC 117 and authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority with effect from 8 August 2001. The Company has been established for an unlimited duration. The FCA reference number for M&G Investment Funds (3) is 195281.

The Company has been certified by the FCA as complying with the conditions necessary for it to enjoy the rights conferred by the EC Directive on undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities ('UCITS').

1.2 The Head Office of the Company is at 10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG and is also the address of the place in the United Kingdom for service on the Company of notices or other documents required or authorised to be served on it. The Company does not have any interest in immovable property or any tangible moveable property.

1.3 The Base Currency of the Company is Pounds Sterling.

1.4 The maximum share capital of the Company is currently £250,000,000,000 and the minimum is £100. Shares in the Company have no par value and therefore the share capital of the Company at all times equals the Company's current Net Asset Value.

1.5 Shareholders in the Company are not liable for the debts of the Company (see also section 44 - Risk Factors).

1.6 The Company has been established as an 'umbrella company' (as defined in the Regulations) and therefore different Sub-funds may be formed by the ACD, subject to approval from the FCA. On the establishment of a new Sub-fund or share class an updated prospectus will be prepared setting out the relevant information concerning the new Sub-fund or share class.

2 Company structure

2.1 The Company is an umbrella company. The assets of each Sub-fund are treated as separate from those of every other Sub-fund and will be invested in accordance with that Sub-fund's own investment objective and policy.

2.2 At present, there are 7 Sub-funds, which are available for investment:

- M&G Corporate Bond Fund,
- M&G Dividend Fund,
- M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund,
- M&G European Corporate Bond Fund,
- M&G Global Government Bond Fund,
- M&G Recovery Fund,
- M&G Smaller Companies Fund.

These Sub-funds are all UCITS schemes within the meaning of the Regulations.

2.3 The investment objective, investment policy and other details of each Sub-fund are set out in Appendix 1. The investment and borrowing powers under the Regulations applicable to each Sub-fund are set out in Appendix 2 and the eligible markets on which the Sub-funds can invest are set out in Appendix 3.

2.4 When there is more than one Sub-fund in issue, each Sub-fund has a specific portfolio of assets and investments to which each Sub-fund's assets and

liabilities are attributable and investors should view each Sub-fund as a separate investment entity.

2.5 The Sub-funds are segregated portfolios of assets and, accordingly, the assets of a Sub-fund belong exclusively to that Sub-fund and shall not be made available to discharge (directly or indirectly) the liabilities of, or claims against, any other person or body, including the Company or any other Sub-fund and shall not be available for any such purpose.

2.6 Shareholders in the Company are not liable for the debts of the Company or any Sub-fund in the Company (see also section 44 – Risk Factors).

2.7 Subject to the above, each Sub-fund will be charged with the liabilities, charges, expenses and costs of the Company attributable to that Sub-fund and within the Sub-funds charges will be allocated between share classes in accordance with the terms of issue of those share classes.

2.8 Any assets, liabilities, charges, expenses, costs and income not attributable to a particular Sub-fund may be allocated by the ACD in a manner which is fair to Shareholders as a whole but they will normally be allocated to all Sub-funds pro rata to the value of the net assets of the relevant Sub-funds.

3 Classes of Share within the Sub-funds

3.1 Several share classes may be issued in respect of a Sub-fund. The share classes in issue, or available for issue, for each Sub-fund are shown in Appendix 1.

The UK Government announced changes to tax law which removed the requirement to deduct tax on interest from UK Open-Ended Investment Companies from April 2017. This change was enacted in Finance Bill 2017. The Company has ceased to account for tax on net classes for distribution after this date.

3.2 Any Sub-fund may make available such further classes of Share as the ACD may decide.

3.3 Shareholders should note that the ACD issues hedged Share Classes. Share class hedging activity does not form part of the investment strategy of a Sub-fund but is designed to reduce exchange rate fluctuations between the currency of the hedged Share Class and the Valuation Currency of the Sub-fund. All costs associated with operating hedging transactions for these Share Classes will be borne by Shareholders of these Share Classes.

Forward currency contracts, or other instruments that may achieve a similar result, will be used to hedge the total return (capital and revenue) of Share Classes which are not denominated in the Sub-fund's Valuation Currency thereby reducing exposure to movements in rates of currency exchange between the currency of the Share Classes and the Valuation Currency of the Sub-fund.

The hedging position will be reviewed on each day and adjusted when there is a material change, for example, to the dealing volume of Shares in hedged Share Classes and/or following asset allocation decisions by the Investment Manager.

3.4 Holders of Income Shares are entitled to be paid the income attributed to such Shares on the relevant interim and annual allocation dates net of tax. The price of such Shares immediately after the end of the relevant accounting period reduces to reflect these allocations of income.

- 3.5 Holders of Accumulation Shares are not entitled to be paid the income attributable to such Shares but that income is automatically transferred to (and retained as part of) the capital assets of the relevant Sub-fund immediately after the relevant interim and / or annual accounting dates. The price of such Shares continues to reflect this retention of the income entitlement, which will be transferred after deduction of applicable tax.
- 3.6 Where a Sub-fund has different classes of Share available, each class may attract different charges and expenses and so monies may be deducted from classes in unequal proportions. For this and like reasons, the proportionate interests of the classes within a Sub-fund will vary from time to time.
- 3.7 When different Sub-funds are available, Shareholders will be entitled (subject to certain restrictions) to switch all or some of their Shares in a Sub-fund for Shares within a different Sub-fund or a different M&G OEIC. Details of this switching facility and the restrictions are set out in section 15 of this document.
- 3.8 Holders of Income Shares may convert all or some of their Shares to Accumulation Shares of the same Class in the same Sub-fund, and holders of Accumulation Shares may convert all or some of their Shares to Income Shares of the same Class in the same Sub-fund. Details of this conversion facility are set out in paragraph 15.2 of this document.
- 3.9 Sterling Class C Shares are available only to a company which the ACD deems to be an associate company or to other collective investment schemes managed by the ACD or a company which the ACD deems to be an associate company.
- 3.10 Sterling Class R Shares are available only to Intermediate Unitholders or where the deal has been arranged by a financial adviser.
- 3.11 Not all share classes listed in Appendix 1 may currently be in issue. Please see www.mandg.com/classesinissue for details of which share classes are currently being issued by which Sub-funds.
- 3.12 Where a Sub-fund does not currently issue a share class listed for it in Appendix 1, the ACD may be willing to arrange for it to be issued once it has secured commitments from potential customers to purchase no less than a total of £20million-worth of that share class. The ACD will require at least eight-weeks' notice before being able to issue such a share class.
- 3.13 Sterling Class PP Shares are only available to a company which is an Associate company or to investors at the ACD's discretion where there is a specific written agreement with the ACD.

4 Management and Administration

4.1 Authorised Corporate Director

- 4.1.1 The Authorised Corporate Director of the Company is M&G Securities Limited which is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Acts 1862 to 1900 on 12 November 1906. The ultimate holding company of the ACD is M&G Plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The FCA reference number for M&G Securities Limited is 122057.

Registered Office and Head Office:

10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG.

Share Capital:

- Authorised: £100,000
- Issued and paid-up: £100,000

Directors:

- Mr Philip Jelfs
- Mr Laurence Mumford
- Mr Sean Fitzgerald

All of the directors above have significant business activities which are not connected to those of the ACD but of other companies within the M&G Group.

- Ms Carolan Dobson (non-executive director)
- Ms Michelle McGrade (non-executive director)

- 4.1.2 The ACD is responsible for managing and administering the Company's affairs in compliance with the Regulations. Other collective investment schemes for which the ACD has these responsibilities are set out in Appendix 4.

4.2 Terms of Appointment

- 4.2.1 The ACD Agreement provides that the appointment of the ACD is for an initial period of three years and thereafter may be terminated upon twelve months written notice by either the ACD or the Company, although in certain circumstances the agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by the ACD to the Company or the Depositary, or by the Depositary or the Company to the ACD. The ACD cannot be replaced until the FCA has approved the appointment of another director in place of the retiring ACD. The ACD Agreement may be inspected at the offices of the ACD during normal business hours by any Shareholder or any Shareholder's duly authorised agent. Alternatively, a copy of the ACD Agreement may be sent to any Shareholder at his request within 10 days of the Company's receipt of such request.

- 4.2.2 The ACD is entitled to be paid the Annual Charge for its services in managing the Sub-funds as described in Section 28. In case of termination of the ACD Agreement it is entitled to its pro rata fees and expenses to the date of termination and any additional expenses necessarily realised in settling or realising any outstanding obligations. No compensation for loss of office is provided for in the ACD Agreement. The ACD Agreement provides indemnities by the Company to the ACD other than for matters arising by reason of the ACD's negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in the performance of the ACD's duties and obligations.

- 4.2.3 The ACD may deal as principal in the shares of its own funds. This is often known as "book management". The ACD's reason for doing this is to reduce the share price volatility that may otherwise result from the application of the dilution adjustment (see section 17.1.4). The ACD believes that reducing share price volatility in this way is in the best interests of Shareholders. It is possible for the ACD to

make a profit from book management, although this is not the primary reason for dealing as principal. Equally, it is possible for the ACD to make a loss from book management activity. The ACD will retain any profit, and absorb any loss, made from book management. The ACD is under no obligation to account to the Depository or the Shareholders for any profit it may make from book management activity.

5 The Depository

NatWest Trustee and Depository Services Limited is the Depository of the Company.

The Depository is incorporated in England as a private limited company. Its registered and head office is at 250 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 4AA. The ultimate holding company of the Depository is NatWest Group plc, which is incorporated in Scotland. The principal business activity of the Depository is the provision of trustee and depository services.

5.1 Duties of the Depository

The Depository is responsible for the safekeeping of scheme property, monitoring the cash flows of the Sub-funds and must ensure that certain processes carried out by the ACD are performed in accordance with the applicable rules and scheme documents.

5.2 Conflicts of interest

The Depository may act as the depository of other open-ended investment companies and as trustee or custodian of other collective investment schemes.

It is possible that the Depository and/or its delegates and sub-delegates may in the course of its or their business be involved in other financial and professional activities, which may on occasion have potential conflicts of interest with the Fund or a particular Sub-fund and/or other funds managed by the ACD, or other funds for which the Depository acts as the depository, trustee or custodian. The Depository will, however, have regard in such event to its obligations under the Depository Agreement and the Regulations and, in particular, will use reasonable endeavours to ensure that the performance of its duties will not be impaired by any such involvement it may have and that any conflicts which may arise will be resolved fairly and in the best interests of Shareholders collectively so far as practicable, having regard to its obligations to other clients.

Nevertheless, as the Depository operates independently from the Company, Shareholders, the ACD and its associated suppliers and the Custodian, the Depository does not anticipate any conflicts of interest with any of the aforementioned parties.

Up to date information regarding (i) the Depository's name, (ii) the description of its duties and any conflicts of interest that may arise between the Company, the Shareholders or the ACD and the Depository, and (iii) the description of any safekeeping functions delegated by the Depository, the description of any conflicts of interest that may arise from such delegation, and the list showing the identity of each delegate and sub-delegate, will be made available to Shareholders on request.

5.3 Delegation of Safekeeping Functions

The Depository is permitted to delegate (and authorise its delegate to sub-delegate) the safekeeping of Scheme Property.

The Depository has delegated safekeeping of the Scheme Property to State Street Bank and Trust Company ("the Custodian"). In turn, the Custodian has delegated the custody of assets in certain markets in which the Company may invest to various sub-delegates ("Sub-Custodians"). A list of Sub-Custodians is given in Appendix 6. Investors should note that the list of Sub-Custodians is updated only at each Prospectus review.

5.4 Updated Information

Up-to-date information regarding the Depository, its duties, its conflicts of interest, and the delegation of its safekeeping functions will be made available to shareholders on request.

5.5 Terms of Appointment

The Depository was appointed under a Depository Agreement dated 28 September 2018 between the ACD, the Company and the Depository (the "Depository Agreement").

5.5.1 Under the Depository Agreement, the Depository is free to render similar services to others, and the Depository, the Company and the ACD are subject to a duty not to disclose confidential information.

5.5.2 The powers, duties, rights and obligations of the Depository, the Company and the ACD under the Depository Agreement shall, to the extent of any conflict, be overridden by the FCA Rules.

5.5.3 Under the Depository Agreement, the Depository will be liable to the Company for any loss of Financial Instruments held in Custody or for any liabilities incurred by the Company as a result of the Depository's negligent or intentional failure to fulfil its obligations.

However, the Depository Agreement excludes the Depository from any liability except in the case of fraud, wilful default, negligence or failure to exercise due care and diligence in the performance or non-performance of its obligations.

It also provides that the Company will indemnify the Depository for any loss suffered in the performance or non-performance of its obligations except in the case of fraud, wilful default, negligence or failure to exercise due care and diligence on its part.

5.5.4 The Depository Agreement may be terminated on 90 days' notice by the Company or the Depository or earlier on certain breaches or the insolvency of a party. However, termination of the Depository Agreement will not take effect, nor may the Depository retire voluntarily, until the appointment of a new Depository.

5.5.5 The Depository is entitled to receive remuneration out of the scheme property of each Sub-fund for its services, though such remuneration is normally paid by the ACD out of the ACD's Annual Charge as described in Section 28.

5.5.6 The Depositary has appointed State Street Bank and Trust Company to assist the Depositary in performing its functions of custodian of the documents of title or documents evidencing title to the property of the Company. The relevant arrangements prohibit State Street Bank and Trust Company as such custodian from releasing the documents into the possession of a third party without the consent of the Depositary.

6 The Investment Manager

The ACD has appointed M&G Investment Management Limited ("MAGIM") to provide investment management and advisory services in respect of the Sub-funds identified in Appendix 1. The Investment Manager has authority to make decisions on behalf of the Company and the ACD in respect of the acquisition and disposal of property at any time comprising the relevant Sub-fund and to advise in respect of the rights associated with the holding of such property. The Investment Manager has been appointed under an agreement between the ACD and the Investment Manager whereby the ACD accepts responsibility for all these services provided by the Investment Manager to the Company. The investment management agreement may be terminated on three months written notice by the Investment Manager or the ACD, or immediately by the ACD if it decides that it is in the best interests of Shareholders to do so.

The fees paid to the Investment Manager for the services it provides to the Company are paid by the ACD out of the Annual Charge, as described in Section 28.

The Investment Manager's principal activity is acting as an investment manager and it is an Associate of the ACD by being a subsidiary of M&G Plc.

7 Administrator and Registrar

The ACD employs SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited ('SS&C') to provide certain administration services and act as registrar to the Company. The ACD also employs RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. to provide certain administration services for the M&G Securities International Nominee Service.

8 The Auditor

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young LLP, Atria One, 144 Morrison Street, Edinburgh, EH3 8EX, United Kingdom.

9 Register of Shareholders

The Register of Shareholders is maintained by SS&C at its office at DST House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex, SS15 5FS and may be inspected at that address during normal business hours by any Shareholder or any Shareholder's duly authorised agent.

10 Fund Accounting and Pricing

The ACD has appointed State Street Bank and Trust Company to undertake the fund accounting and pricing functions on behalf of the Company.

11 Collateral Management

11.1 Where the Company enters into OTC derivative transactions, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. will provide administrative services in connection with the collateral management functions.

11.2 Any collateral posted in favour of a Sub-fund under an OTC derivative transaction will be held by the Depositary or by one of its sub-custodians.

12 Buying Shares and Selling Shares – General Information

12.1 On any given Dealing Day the ACD will be willing to sell Shares of at least one Class in each sub-fund.

12.2 The ACD has the right to reject, on reasonable grounds relating to the circumstances of the applicant, any application for Shares in whole or part, and in this event the ACD will return any money sent, or the balance of such monies, at the risk of the applicant. The ACD may also cancel any previously accepted request for the issue of Shares in the event of either non-payment of the amount due or undue delay in payment by the applicant, including the non-clearance of cheques or other documents presented in payment.

12.3 Any subscription monies remaining after a whole number of Shares has been issued may not be returned to the applicant. Instead, fractions may be issued in such circumstances. A fraction is equivalent to one thousandth of a larger denomination Share.

12.4 The minimum initial lump sum, subsequent lump sum and regular savings plan subscriptions for Shares and the minimum redemption and minimum holding amounts in the sub-funds are set out for each sub-fund in Appendix 1. At its discretion, the ACD may reject any request to buy Shares for less than the minimum initial lump sum or subsequent lump sum value (as appropriate). If at any time a Shareholder's holding is below the specified holding minimum, the ACD reserves the right to sell the Shares and send the proceeds to the Shareholder, or at its absolute discretion convert the shares to another Share Class within the same sub-fund.

12.5 Please note that:

- Sterling Class C Shares are available only to a company which is an associate company or to other collective investment schemes managed by the ACD or a company which the ACD deems to be an associate company.
- Sterling Class R Shares are available only to Intermediate Unitholders or where the deal has been arranged by a financial adviser. Where a purchase by a Shareholder of Sterling Class R Shares has been arranged by a financial adviser the ACD will maintain a record of that financial adviser linked to their account with the ACD. If a Shareholder of Class R Shares has their financial adviser removed from their account (whether at the request of the Shareholder or the financial adviser, or as a result of the financial adviser no longer being authorised by the FCA), the ACD reserves the right at its absolute discretion to switch those Shares to Class A Shares within the same sub-fund. Shareholders should note that the ongoing charge of Class A Shares is greater than that of Class R Shares.
- Shares denominated in currencies other than Sterling can normally only be bought and sold via the M&G Securities International Nominee Service (see 14.2).
- Sterling Class I and I-H Shares, and Class C and Class C-H Shares denominated in currencies other than sterling are available to:
 - Eligible Counterparties, investing for their own account; and
 - other collective investment schemes; and
 - distributors, platforms and other forms of intermediary who operate fee based arrangements with their clients to provide

advisory or discretionary portfolio management services and do not receive any fee rebates from the ACD. For these clients, minimum subscription limits will not be applied;

- companies which the ACD deems to be associate companies of such companies and with other investors in accordance with the terms of their arrangements with the ACD.

Existing Shareholders in the Class C and I Shares, who held such Shares as at 30 January 2018 but no longer comply with the foregoing, can continue to hold such Shares and will be able to apply for additional subscriptions in Class C and I Shares which they hold. Changes to such arrangements will revert to the terms detailed above.

- Class J Shares are only available to the following investors:
 - Eligible Counterparties, investing for their own account; and
 - other collective investment schemes; and
 - distributors and other forms of intermediary, who operate fee based arrangements with their clients to provide advisory or discretionary portfolio management services and do not receive any fee rebates from the ACD; and
 - companies which the ACD deems to be associate companies and with other investors in accordance with the terms of their agreements with the ACD.

The ACD shall not pay any fee rebates on the Class J Shares to investors.

Such investors will only be able to invest in Class J Shares if they:

- have entered into a specific prior written agreement with the ACD (where the Class J Shares are held via an Intermediate Unitholder, the end investor must have entered such agreement with the ACD); and
- have a significant investment in the Fund as determined on a case to case basis by the ACD.

Where an investor's holding in the Share class falls below a level determined solely by the ACD, the ACD reserves the right at its absolute discretion to:

- reject any new subscriptions in the Class J shares; and
- switch any remaining Class J Shares to Sterling Class I Shares, or Class C Shares denominated in currencies other than Sterling, as appropriate within the Fund.
- Class Z Shares are only available at the ACD's discretion. Class Z Shares would then be available for investors who are eligible for the Sterling Class I Shares and Class C Shares denominated in currencies other than sterling, but only once the investor has entered into a prior written fee paying arrangement with the ACD.
- Sterling Class PP Shares are only available to a company which is an Associate company or to investors at the ACD's discretion where there is a specific written agreement with the ACD.

These shares are designed to accommodate an alternative charging structure whereby the ACD's Annual Charge, normally charged to the class and then passed on in the share price, is instead administratively levied and collected directly from the investor.

12.6 Shareholders have the right to sell Shares back to the ACD or require that the ACD arranges for the Company to buy their Shares on any Dealing Day unless the value of Shares which a Shareholder wishes to sell will mean that the Shareholder will hold Shares with a value less than the required minimum holding for the sub-fund concerned, in which case the Shareholder may be required to sell the entire holding.

12.7 Subject to the Shareholder maintaining the minimum holding stated in this Prospectus, part of a Shareholder's holding may be sold but the ACD reserves the right to refuse a request to sell Shares if the value of the class of Shares of any sub-fund to be sold is less than the sum specified in Appendix 1.

13 Buying and selling Shares on the main register of Shareholders

13.1 Shares can be bought as a lump sum investment only. Investors wishing to make regular monthly contributions should invest via The M&G Savings Plan (please see 14.1 below).

13.2 Postal applications may be made on application forms obtained from the ACD. The address for postal dealing is PO Box 9039, Chelmsford, CM99 2XG. Alternatively, lump sum investments can be made under approved circumstances by telephoning M&G's Customer Dealing Line 0800 328 3196. Telephone deals can be placed between 8.00 am and 6.00 pm UK time on each Dealing Day (except for Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve when the office closes early). Deals may also be placed by visiting the ACD's website: www.mandg.co.uk.

13.3 Payment for Shares purchased by post must accompany the application. Payment for Shares purchased by other means must be made by no later than three business days after the valuation point following receipt of the instructions to purchase.

13.4 Requests to sell Shares may be made by post, telephone, or any electronic or other means which the ACD may from time to time determine either directly or via an authorised intermediary; the ACD may require telephone or electronic requests to be confirmed in writing.

13.5 Requests to buy and sell Shares received before 12:00 noon (UK time) on a Dealing Day will be executed at the price valid on that Dealing Day. Requests received after 12:00 noon (UK time) will be executed using the price valid on the following Dealing Day.

13.6 Payment of proceeds will be made no more than three business days after the later of:

- receipt by the ACD, when required, of sufficient written instructions duly signed by all the relevant Shareholders and completed as to the appropriate number of Shares, together with any other appropriate evidence of title; and
- the valuation point following receipt by the ACD of the request to sell.

13.7 The requirement for sufficient written sale instructions is normally waived for Shareholders of Sterling Classes of Shares if all the following conditions are met:

- Dealing instructions are given by the registered holder in person;

- The holding is registered in a sole name;
- The sale proceeds are to be made payable to the registered holder at their registered address, which has not changed within the previous 30 days; and
- The total amount payable in respect of sales by that holder on one business day does not exceed £50,000.

13.8 A contract note giving details of the Shares purchased or sold, and the price used will be sent to the Shareholder (the first named, in the case of joint Shareholders) or to an authorised agent, not later than the end of the business day following the valuation point by reference to which the price is determined. Where appropriate, this may be accompanied by a notice of the applicant's right to cancel a purchase.

13.9 Currently share certificates will not be issued in respect of Shares. Ownership of Shares will be evidenced by an entry on the Company's Register of Shareholders. Statements in respect of periodic allocations of income of each sub-fund will show the number of Shares held by the recipient in the sub-fund in respect of which the allocation is made. Individual statements of a Shareholder's Shares will also be issued at any time on request by the registered holder (or, when Shares are jointly held, the first named holder).

13.10 Regular Withdrawal Facility on M&G Dividend Fund

13.10.1 Accumulation Shareholders, or Income Shareholders who are having their income reinvested to purchase further Shares, and whose holding in M&G Dividend Fund has a value of at least £1000 may request that a percentage value of their holding is automatically redeemed each year. Such requests must be in writing using the "Regular Withdrawal Facility" form available from the ACD.

13.10.2 Regular redemptions made using the Regular Withdrawal Facility may not exceed, on an annualised basis, an amount greater than 7% of the value of a Shareholding in M&G Dividend Fund.

13.10.3 Subject to the percentage figure in 13.10.2 regular redemptions may be made on a monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or annual basis and will be based upon one twelfth, one quarter, one half or the whole requested percentage value of the Shareholder's holding, respectively. The value of the Shareholding will be calculated using the prevailing price on the day the regular redemption is made (see 13.10.4).

13.10.4 Regular redemptions will be made on the last day of each month. Where the last day of a month is not a Dealing Day, the redemption will take place on the next Dealing Day. Settlement will occur three business days following the redemption. The first redemption will occur in the month following receipt of a Shareholder's "Regular Withdrawal Facility" form.

13.10.5 Settlement of redemptions from the Regular Withdrawal Facility will be made only to the Bank Account nominated on the "Regular Withdrawal Facility" form.

13.10.6 Accumulation Shareholders using the Regular Withdrawal Facility may vary their nominated Bank Account, frequency of redemption or the

annual percentage redemption figure by completing a new "Regular Withdrawal Facility" form.

13.10.7 Shares redeemed as part of the Regular Withdrawal Facility will not be subject to any Redemption Charge (see 16.2).

13.10.8 Shareholders using the Regular Withdrawal Facility should note that such redemptions are treated as disposals for the purposes of Capital Gains Tax.

13.10.9 Shareholders should note that where the annual percentage growth in value of their holding is less than the annual percentage value being redeemed using the Regular Withdrawal Facility, they will in effect be eroding the capital value of their original investment.

14 Buying and selling Shares via a Group Plan

14.1 The M&G Savings Plan, The M&G ISA, The M&G Junior ISA

14.1.1 The ACD offers The M&G Savings Plan, designed primarily to facilitate making regular savings by Direct Debit to a range of M&G Funds, and The M&G ISA and The M&G Junior ISA, designed to allow UK individuals to save tax efficiently in a range of M&G Funds. This is a summary of the buying and selling process of The M&G Savings Plan, The M&G ISA and The M&G Junior ISA. Please see our "Important Information for Investors" document for full information including the Terms & Conditions.

14.1.2 Shares can be bought as a lump sum investment or monthly by Direct Debit.

14.1.3 Postal applications may be made on application forms obtained from the ACD. The address for postal dealing is the same as in section 13.2. Alternatively, lump sum investments can be made under approved circumstances by telephoning M&G's Customer Dealing Line (please see section 13.2).

14.1.4 Payment for Shares purchased must accompany the application.

14.1.5 Requests to sell Shares may be sent in writing to the address in section 13.2. Alternatively, requests to sell Shares can be made under approved circumstances by telephoning M&G's Customer Dealing Line (please see section 13.2). Payment of proceeds will be made no more than three business days, after the valuation point following receipt by the ACD of the request to sell, provided we know the proceeds from all subscriptions, including Direct Debits, have cleared. We may delay paying the sale proceeds from any uncleared subscriptions, until we are satisfied that we have received all amounts which are due to us. Please note that Shares held in The M&G Junior ISA may not be sold without the permission of HMRC.

14.1.6 For lump sum investments, a contract note giving details of the Shares purchased and the price used will be issued by the end of the business day following the valuation point by

reference to which the price is determined, together with, where appropriate, a notice of the applicant's right to cancel. A contract note giving details of the Shares sold and the price used will be issued by the end of the business day following the valuation point by reference to which the price is determined.

- 14.1.7 Requests to buy and sell Shares received before 12:00 noon (UK time) on a Dealing Day will be executed at the price valid on that Dealing Day. Requests received after 12:00 noon (UK time) will be executed using the price valid on the following Dealing Day.
- 14.1.8 Investors' share ownership will be evidenced by an entry in the name of M&G Nominees Limited, 10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG on the Company's register of shareholders.
- 14.1.9 Statements will be issued twice each year. A summary of transactions will also be issued at any time on request by the holder.

14.2 The M&G Securities International Nominees Service

- 14.2.1 The ACD offers a nominee service (the "M&G Securities International Nominee Service") primarily designed to facilitate the buying and selling of non-sterling denominated Share Classes (though in certain circumstances, the ACD may also permit sterling denominated Share Classes to be bought and sold via this service). This is a summary of the buying and selling process of the "M&G Securities International Nominee Service". Please see the Terms & Conditions of the "M&G Securities International Nominee Service" or your agreement with the ACD, and Appendix 1A (where appropriate) for more information.
- 14.2.2 Investors who wish to use the M&G Securities International Nominee Service for the first time should complete and sign the application form (available from the ACD) and mail it to RBC I&TS, Re: M&G Securities Limited, 14 Porte de France, L-4360 Esch-sur-Alzette, Luxembourg". The completed forms must be received before 9.30am CET on a Dealing Day in order for the investment account to be opened and the buying order to be executed at the share price valid on that day.
- 14.2.3 Subsequent purchase instruction can be sent directly to the ACD by Fax (on +352 2460 9901) or Post (at the address in section 14.2.2). Any such purchase instruction should state the investor's account number (which is stated on each contract note), the name of the investor, the name of the sub-fund into which the amount is to be invested and the respective share class (ISIN Code). In the absence of such instructions, it will not be possible to process the purchase order and the money will be returned without interest and at the expense of the sender. The minimum amount for a subsequent investment per sub-fund and share class is disclosed in Appendix 1.
- 14.2.4 Subsequent purchase instructions, or requests to redeem Shares must be received before 11:30am CET on a Dealing Day in order for the buying or selling order to be executed at the share price valid on that Dealing Day. Requests

received after 11:30am CET will be executed using the share price valid on the following Dealing Day.

- 14.2.5 Payment for Shares purchased must be made by no later than three business days after the valuation point at which the buying order is executed.
- 14.2.6 Redemption proceeds will be paid to investors by bank transfer by the settlement date quoted on the contract note. This should be no more than three business days after the valuation point at which the selling order is executed.
- 14.2.7 Investors should take into account that the processing time needed by banks involved in such transfer may differ and that it can therefore not be guaranteed that the redemption proceeds will be credited to the investor's bank account within the aforementioned.
- 14.2.8 Investors' share ownership will be evidenced by an entry in the name of M&G International Investments Nominees Limited, 10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG on the Company's register of shareholders. This service is available to shareholders free of charge.

15 Switching and converting shares

15.1 Switching

- 15.1.1 Holders of Shares in a Sub-fund may at any time switch all or some of their Shares of one Sub-fund ('Original Shares') for Shares of another Sub-fund of this or another M&G OEIC ('New Shares') provided they are eligible to hold Shares in that class or Sub-fund and are in the same currency. The number of New Shares issued will be determined by reference to the respective prices of New Shares and Original Shares at the valuation point applicable at the time the Original Shares are redeemed and the New Shares are issued.
- 15.1.2 Switching may be effected by giving instructions to the ACD and the Shareholder may be required to provide sufficient written instructions (which, if required – see paragraph 14.2.3 – in the case of joint Shareholders must be signed by all the joint holders).
- 15.1.3 The ACD may at its discretion charge a fee on the switching of Shares between Sub-funds (see paragraph 16.3). When a fee is charged it will not exceed the aggregate of the relevant redemption and initial charges in respect of the Original Shares and the New Shares.
- 15.1.4 If the switch would result in the Shareholder holding a number of Original Shares or New Shares of a value which is less than the minimum holding in the Sub-fund concerned the ACD may, if it thinks fit, switch the whole of the applicant's holding of Original Shares to New Shares or refuse to effect any switch of the Original Shares. No switches will be effected during any period when the right of Shareholders to require the redemption of their Shares is suspended. The general provision on procedures relating to redemption will apply equally to a switch. Switch instructions must be received by the ACD before the valuation point

on a Dealing Day in the Sub-fund or Sub-funds concerned to be dealt with at the prices at those valuation points on that Dealing Day, or at such other date as may be approved by the ACD. Switch requests received after a valuation point will be held over until the valuation point in the next Dealing Day in the relevant Sub-fund or Sub-funds.

- 15.1.5 The ACD may adjust the number of New Shares to be issued to reflect the imposition of any switching fee together with any other charges or levies in respect of the issue or sale of the New Shares or repurchase or cancellation of the Original Shares as may be permitted pursuant to the Regulations.
- 15.1.6 Please note that a switch of Shares in one Sub-fund for Shares in any other Sub-fund is treated as a redemption and sale and will, for persons subject to UK taxation, be a realisation for the purposes of capital gains taxation.
- 15.1.7 A Shareholder who switches Shares in one Sub-fund for Shares in any other Sub-fund has no right by law to withdraw from or cancel the transaction.
- 15.1.8 Terms and current charges for the switching of Shares of any class of any Sub-fund, including for the Shares issued by another M&G OEIC or for the switching of units in a regulated scheme operated by the ACD, may be obtained from the ACD.

15.2 Conversions

- 15.2.1 Conversions of Income Shares to Accumulation Shares and of Accumulation Shares to Income Shares of the same Class in the same Sub-fund are undertaken by reference to the respective Share prices. For persons subject to UK taxation, this will not be a realisation for the purposes of capital gains taxation.
- 15.2.2 Where a Sub-fund issues multiple Share Classes, a Shareholder may convert Shares of one Class for Shares in another Class where they are eligible to hold the other Class. Requests to convert between Share Classes must be submitted using the appropriate form available from the ACD. Such conversions will be executed within three Dealing Days of receipt of a valid instruction. Requests to convert between Share Classes are undertaken by reference to the respective Share prices of each Class. For interest distributing funds, whose prices are currently calculated net of income tax, in accordance with applicable tax law, these prices will be "net" prices. The impact of using net prices where the conversion of Shares is to a Class with a lower ACD's Annual Charge (see Appendix 1) is that the Sub-fund's total tax charge will increase and this increase will be borne by all Shareholders in the receiving Share Class. This approach has been agreed with the Depositary subject to the total impact to Shareholders being immaterial. Where the ACD determines at its absolute discretion that Share Class conversions are materially prejudicial to the Shareholders of a Share Class, instructions to convert between Share

Classes will only be executed on the Dealing Day following the relevant Sub-fund's XD date. In such circumstances, instructions to convert between Share Classes must be received by the ACD no sooner than ten business days before the Sub-fund's relevant XD date.

- 15.2.3 Please note that conversions may be subject to a fee. The fee will not exceed an amount equal to the aggregate of the then prevailing redemption charge (if any) in respect of Original Shares and the initial charge (if any) in respect of New Shares and is payable to the ACD.

16 Dealing charges

16.1 Initial Charge

The ACD may impose a charge on the buying of Shares. This charge is a percentage of the total amount of your investment and is deducted from your investment before Shares are purchased. The current level in relation to the Sub-funds is set out for each Sub-fund in Appendix 1 and is subject to discounts that the ACD at its absolute discretion may apply from time to time. Increases from the current rates of charge can only be made in accordance with the Regulations and after the ACD has revised the Prospectus to reflect the increased rate.

16.2 Redemption Charge

16.2.1 The ACD may make a charge on the cancellation and redemption (including transfer) of Shares. At present, a redemption charge is levied only on the selling of Shares in a Sub-fund which does not have an initial charge on the buying of Shares. Other Shares issued and bought, and persons known to the ACD to have made arrangements for the regular purchase of other Shares while this Prospectus is in force, will not be subject to any redemption charge introduced in the future in respect of those Shares. Currently, those Shares deemed to carry a redemption charge will carry a reducing redemption charge calculated in accordance with the table below. With accumulation shares, where any income is reinvested back into the share price, the valuation when calculating a redemption will include the capital gain associated with this reinvested income. In relation to the imposition of a redemption charge as set out above, where Shares of the class in question have been purchased at different times by a redeeming Shareholder, the Shares to be redeemed shall be deemed to be the Shares which incur the least cost to the Shareholder and thereafter the Shares purchased first in time by that Shareholder.

Redemption charge table

The deduction from the mid value for redemption before the following anniversaries would be:

1st year	4.5%
2nd year	4.0%
3rd year	3.0%
4th year	2.0%
5th year	1.0%
Thereafter	Nil

- 16.2.2 The ACD may not introduce or increase a redemption charge on Shares unless:
- 16.2.2.1 the ACD has complied with the Regulations in relation to that introduction or change; and
 - 16.2.2.2 the ACD has revised the Prospectus to reflect the introduction or change and the date of its commencement and has made the revised Prospectus available.
- 16.2.3 In the event of a change to the rate or method of calculation of a redemption charge, details of the previous rate or method of calculation will be available from the ACD.

16.3 Switching Fee

On the switch of Shares of a Sub-fund for Shares of another Sub-fund the Instrument of Incorporation authorises the Company to impose a switching fee. The fee will not exceed an amount equal to the aggregate of the then prevailing redemption charge (if any) in respect of Original Shares and the initial charge (if any) in respect of New Shares and is payable to the ACD.

There is currently no fee payable on a switch between Classes of Shares of a Sub-fund unless the Classes are issued in a different currency or have a different charging structure.

17 Other dealing information

17.1 Dilution

17.1.1 The basis on which each Sub-fund's investments are valued for the purpose of calculating the price of Shares as stipulated in the Regulations and the Company's Instrument of Incorporation is summarised in section 24. However, the actual cost of purchasing or selling investments for a Sub-fund may deviate from the mid-market value used in calculating the price of Shares in the Sub-fund due to dealing costs such as broking charges, taxes, and any spread between the buying and selling prices of the underlying investments. These dealing costs can have an adverse effect on the value of the Sub-fund, known as "dilution". The Regulations allow the cost of dilution to be met directly from the Sub-fund's assets or to be recovered from investors on the purchase or redemption of Shares in the Sub-fund inter alia by means of a dilution adjustment to the dealing price, and this is the policy which has been adopted by the ACD. The ACD shall comply with rule COLL 6.3.8R in its application of any such dilution adjustment. The ACD's policy is designed to minimise the impact of dilution on any Sub-fund.

17.1.2 The dilution adjustment for each Sub-fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated costs of dealing in the underlying investments of that Sub-fund, including any dealing spreads, commissions and transfer taxes. The need to apply a dilution adjustment will depend on the relative volume of sales (where they are issued) to redemptions (where they are cancelled) of shares.

The ACD may apply a dilution adjustment on the issue and redemption of such shares if, in its opinion, the existing shareholders (for sales)

or remaining shareholders (for redemptions) might be adversely affected, and if in applying a dilution adjustment, so far as practicable, it is fair to all shareholders and potential shareholders. In specie transfers will not be taken into account when determining any dilution adjustment and any incoming portfolio will be valued on the same basis as the Sub-fund is priced (i.e. offer plus notional dealing charges, mid, or bid less notional dealing charges). When a dilution adjustment is not applied there may be a dilution of the assets of the Sub-fund which may constrain the future growth of that Sub-fund.

17.1.3 The ACD may alter its current dilution adjustment policy by giving shareholders at least 60 days' notice and amending the Prospectus before the change takes effect.

17.1.4 Based on experience, the ACD would typically expect to make a dilution adjustment on most days, and this would ordinarily be of the magnitude shown in the table below. The ACD reserves the right to adjust the price by a lesser amount but will always make such an adjustment in a fair manner solely to reduce dilution and not for the purpose of creating a profit or avoiding a loss for the account of the ACD or an associate. It should be noted that as dilution is related to inflows and outflows of monies and the purchase and sale of investments it is not possible to predict accurately if and when dilution will occur and to what extent.

Dilution adjustment table

Typical dilution adjustments for the following Sub-funds are expected to be:

M&G Corporate Bond Fund	+0.52% / -0.52%
M&G Dividend Fund	+0.63% / -0.18%
M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	+0.55% / -0.56%
M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	+0.30% / -0.31%
M&G Global Government Bond Fund	+0.27% / -0.27%
M&G Recovery Fund	+0.85% / -0.46%
M&G Smaller Companies Fund	+1.14% / -0.67%

Positive dilution adjustment figures indicate a typical increase from mid price when the Sub-fund is experiencing net issues. Negative dilution adjustment figures indicate a typical decrease from mid price when the Sub-fund is experiencing net redemptions. Figures are based on the historic costs of dealing in the underlying investments of the relevant Sub-funds for the twelve months to 30 June 2020, including any spreads, commissions and transfer taxes.

17.2 In specie issues and redemptions

At its absolute discretion the ACD may agree or determine that instead of payment in cash to, or from, the Shareholder for Shares in a Sub-fund, the settlement of an issue or redemption transaction may be effected by the transfer of property into or out of the assets of the Company on such terms as the ACD shall decide in

consultation with the investment manager and the Depositary. In the case of redemptions, the ACD shall give notice to the Shareholder prior to the redemption proceeds becoming payable of its intention to transfer property to the Shareholder and, if required by the Shareholder, may agree to transfer to the Shareholder the net proceeds of the sale of such property.

The ACD may also offer to sell an investor's property and invest the proceeds by purchasing Shares in the Company, subject to detailed terms and conditions available upon request.

17.3 Client Account

Cash may be held for investors in a client account in certain circumstances. Interest is not paid on any such balances.

17.4 Excessive Trading

17.4.1 The ACD generally encourages Shareholders to invest in Sub-funds as part of a medium to long-term investment strategy and discourages excessive, short term, or abusive trading practices. Such activities may have a detrimental effect on the Sub-funds and other Shareholders. The ACD has several powers to help ensure that Shareholder interests are protected from such practices. These include:

17.4.1.1 Refusing an application for Shares (see paragraph 12.2);

17.4.1.2 Fair Value Pricing (see section 24); and

17.4.1.3 Applying the Dilution Adjustment (see paragraph 17.1).

17.4.2 We monitor shareholder dealing activity and if we identify any behaviour that, in our view, constitutes inappropriate or excessive trading, we may take any of the following steps with the shareholders we believe are responsible:

17.4.2.1 Issue warnings which if ignored may lead to further applications for Shares being refused;

17.4.2.2 Restrict methods of dealing available to particular Shareholders; and/or

17.4.2.3 Impose a switching fee (see paragraph 16.3).

17.4.3 We may take these steps at any time, without any obligation to provide prior notice and without any liability for any consequence that may arise.

17.4.4 Inappropriate or excessive trading can sometimes be difficult to detect particularly where transactions are placed via a nominee account. The ACD therefore cannot guarantee that its efforts will be successful in eliminating such activities and their detrimental effects.

18 Money laundering

As a result of legislation in force in the United Kingdom to prevent money laundering, firms conducting investment business are responsible for compliance with money laundering regulations. The ACD may verify your identity electronically when you undertake certain transactions. In certain circumstances investors may be asked to provide proof of identity when buying or selling shares. Normally this will not result in any delay in carrying out instructions but, should the ACD request additional information, this may mean that instructions will not be carried out until the

information is received. In these circumstances, the ACD may refuse to issue or, redeem Shares, release the proceeds of redemption or carry out such instructions.

19 Restrictions on dealing

19.1 The ACD may from time to time impose such restrictions as it may think necessary for the purpose of ensuring that no Shares are acquired or held by any person in breach of the law or governmental regulation (or any interpretation of a law or regulation by a competent authority) of any country or territory. In this connection, the ACD may, inter alia, reject in its discretion any application for the issue, sale, redemption, cancellation or switch of Shares or require the mandatory redemption of Shares or transfer of Shares to a person qualified to hold them.

19.2 The distribution of this prospectus and the offering of Shares in or to persons resident in or nationals of or citizens of jurisdictions outside the UK or who are nominees of, custodians or trustees for, citizens or nationals of other countries may be affected by the laws of the relevant jurisdictions. Such Shareholders should inform themselves about and observe any applicable legal requirements. It is the responsibility of any Shareholder to satisfy himself as to the full observance of the laws and regulatory requirements of the relevant jurisdiction, including obtaining any governmental, exchange control or other consents which may be required, or compliance with other necessary formalities needing to be observed and payment of any issue, transfer or other taxes or duties due in such jurisdiction. Any such Shareholder will be responsible for any such issue, transfer or other taxes or payments by whomsoever payable and the Company (and any person acting on behalf of it) shall be fully indemnified and held harmless by such Shareholder for any such issue, transfer or other taxes or duties as the Company (and any person acting on behalf of it) may be required to pay.

19.3 If it comes to the notice of the ACD that any Shares ("affected Shares") are owned directly or beneficially in breach of any law or governmental regulation (or any interpretation of a law or regulation by a competent authority) of any country or territory, which would (or would if other Shares were acquired or held in like circumstances) result in the Company incurring any liability to taxation which the Company would not be able to recoup itself or suffering any other adverse consequence (including a requirement to register under any securities or investment or similar laws or governmental regulations of any country or territory) or by virtue of which the Shareholder or Shareholders in question is/are not qualified to hold such Shares or if it reasonably believes this to be the case, the ACD may give notice to the Shareholder(s) of the affected Shares requiring the transfer of such Shares to a person who is qualified or entitled to own them or that a request in writing be given for the redemption of such Shares.

If any Shareholder upon whom such a notice is served does not within thirty days after the date of such notice transfer their affected Shares to a person qualified to own them or submit a written request for their redemption to the ACD or establish to the satisfaction of the ACD (whose judgement is final and binding) that they or the beneficial owner are qualified and entitled to own the affected Shares, they shall be deemed upon the expiration of that thirty day period to have given a request in writing for the redemption or cancellation (at the discretion of the ACD) of all the affected Shares pursuant to the Regulations.

19.4 A Shareholder who becomes aware that they are holding or own affected Shares shall forthwith, unless they have already received a notice as aforesaid, either transfer all their affected Shares to a person qualified to own them or submit a request in writing to the ACD for the redemption of all their affected Shares.

19.5 Where a request in writing is given or deemed to be given for the redemption of affected Shares, such redemption will be effected in the same manner as provided for under the Regulations, if effected at all.

20 Suspension of dealings in the Company

20.1 ACD may with the agreement of the Depositary, or must if the Depositary so requires temporarily suspend for a period the issue, sale, cancellation and redemption of Shares or any class of Shares in any or all of the Sub-funds if the ACD or the Depositary is of the opinion that due to exceptional circumstances there is good and sufficient reason to do so having regard to the interests of Shareholders.

20.2 The ACD will notify Shareholders as soon as is practicable after the commencement of the suspension, including details of the exceptional circumstances which have led to the suspension, in a clear, fair and not misleading way and giving Shareholders details of how to find further information about the suspensions.

20.3 Where such suspension takes place, the ACD will publish, on its website or other general means, sufficient details to keep Shareholders appropriately informed about the suspension, including, if known, its possible duration.

20.4 During the suspension none of the obligations in COLL 6.2 (Dealing) will apply but the ACD will comply with as much of COLL 6.3 (Valuation and Pricing) during the period of suspension as is practicable in light of the suspension.

20.5 Re-calculation of the Share price for the purpose of sales and purchases will commence on the next relevant valuation point following the ending of the suspension.

20.6 The exceptional circumstances in which the ACD or the Depositary may require the temporary suspension of the issue, sale, cancellation and redemption of Shares, or any class of Shares in any or all the Sub-funds includes, but is not limited to the following:

20.6.1 during any period when, in the opinion of the ACD or the Depositary, an accurate valuation of a Sub-fund cannot occur, including:

20.6.1.1 where one or more markets is unexpectedly closed or where dealing is suspended or restricted;

20.6.1.2 during a political, economic, military or other emergency; or

20.6.1.3 during any breakdown in the means of communication or computation normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the investments of a Sub-fund or any Classes of Shares.

20.6.2 upon the decision of the ACD, having given sufficient notice to Shareholders, to wind up a Sub-fund (see section 33).

21 Governing law

All deals in Shares are governed by English law.

22 Valuation of the Company

22.1 The price of a Share of a particular class in the Company is calculated by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Sub-fund to which it relates and attributable to that class and adjusted for the effect of charges applicable to that class and further adjusted to reduce any dilutive effect of dealing in the Sub-fund (for more detail of dilution adjustment see 17.1). The Net Asset Value per Share of a Sub-fund is currently calculated at 12.00 noon UK time on each Dealing Day.

22.2 The ACD may at any time during a Dealing Day carry out an additional valuation if the ACD considers it desirable to do so.

23 Calculation of the Net Asset Value

23.1 The value of the scheme property of the Company or Sub-fund (as the case may be) shall be the value of its assets less the value of its liabilities determined in accordance with the following provisions.

23.2 All the scheme property (including receivables) of the Company (or the Sub-fund) is to be included, subject to the following provisions.

23.3 Property which is not cash (or other assets dealt with in paragraph 23.4) or a contingent liability transaction shall be valued as follows and the prices used shall be (subject as follows) the most recent prices which it is practicable to obtain:

23.3.1 units or shares in a collective investment scheme:

23.3.3.1 if, a single price for buying and selling units is quoted, at the most recent such price; or

23.3.3.2 if, separate buying or selling prices are quoted, at the average of the two prices provided the buying price has been reduced by any initial charge included therein and the selling price excludes any exit or redemption charge attributable thereto; or

23.3.3.3 if, in the opinion of the ACD, the price obtained is unreliable or no recent traded price is available or no recent price exists or if the most recent price available does not reflect the ACD's best estimate of the value of the units or shares, at a value which, in the opinion of the ACD, is fair and reasonable;

23.3.2 exchange-traded derivative contracts:

23.3.2.1 if, a single price for buying and selling the exchange-traded derivative contract is quoted, at that price; or

23.3.2.2 if, separate buying and selling prices are quoted, at the average of the two prices; or

23.3.3 over-the-counter derivative products shall be valued in accordance with the method of valuation as shall have been agreed between the ACD and the Depositary;

- 23.3.4 any other investment:
- 23.3.4.1 if, a single price for buying and selling the security is quoted, at that price; or
- 23.3.4.2 if, separate buying and selling prices are quoted, the average of those two prices; or
- 23.3.4.3 if, in the opinion of the ACD, the price obtained is unreliable or no recent traded price is available or if no price exists or if the most recent price available does not reflect the ACD's best estimate of the value of the securities, at a value which in the opinion of the ACD is fair and reasonable;
- 23.3.5 property other than that described in paragraphs 23.3.1, 23.3.2, 23.3.3 and 23.3.4 above: at a value which, in the opinion of the ACD, represents a fair and reasonable mid-market price.
- 23.4** Cash and amounts held in current, deposit and margin accounts and in other time-related deposits shall normally be valued at their nominal values.
- 23.5** In determining the value of the scheme property, all instructions given to issue or cancel Shares shall be assumed (unless the contrary is shown) to have been carried out and any cash payment made or received and all consequential action required by Regulations or the Instrument shall be assumed (unless the contrary shown to have been taken).
- 23.6** Subject to paragraphs 23.7 and 23.8 below, agreements for the unconditional sale or purchase of property which are in existence but uncompleted shall be assumed to have been completed and all consequential action required to have been taken. Such unconditional agreements need not be taken into account if made shortly before the valuation takes place and, in the opinion of the ACD, their omission will not materially affect the final Net Asset Value amount.
- 23.7** Futures or contracts for differences which are not yet due to be performed and unexpired and unexercised written or purchased options shall not be included under paragraph 23.6.
- 23.8** All agreements are to be included under paragraph 23.7 which are, or ought reasonably to have been, known to the person valuing the property.
- 23.9** An estimated amount for anticipated tax liabilities (on unrealised capital gains where the liabilities have accrued and are payable out of the property of the Scheme; on realised capital gains in respect of previously completed and current accounting periods; and on income where liabilities have accrued) at that point in time including (as applicable and without limitation) capital gains tax, income tax, corporation tax, value added tax, stamp duty, and any foreign taxes and duties will be deducted.
- 23.10** An estimated amount for any liabilities payable out of the scheme property and any tax thereon treating periodic items as accruing from day to day will be deducted.
- 23.11** The principal amount of any outstanding borrowing whenever repayable and any accrued but unpaid interest on borrowing will be deducted.
- 23.12** An estimated amount for accrued claims for repayments of tax of whatever nature to the Company which may be recoverable will be added.
- 23.13** Any other credits or amounts due to be paid into the scheme property will be added.
- 23.14** A sum representing any interest or any income accrued due or deemed to have accrued but not received will be added.
- 23.15** The amount of any adjustment deemed necessary by the ACD to ensure that the Net Asset Value is based on the most recent information and is fair to all Shareholders will be added or deducted as appropriate.
- 23.16** Currencies or values in currencies other than a Sub-fund's Valuation Currency shall be converted at the relevant valuation point at a prevailing rate of exchange which is not likely to result in any material prejudice to the interests of Shareholders or potential Shareholders. The Valuation Currency of each Sub-fund is noted in Appendix 1.
- 24 Price per share in each Sub-fund and each class**
- The price per Share at which Shares are bought by investors is the sum of the Net Asset Value of a Share adjusted to reduce any dilutive effect of dealing in the Sub-fund (for more detail of dilution adjustment see 17.1) before any initial charge. The price per Share at which Shares are sold by investors is the Net Asset Value per Share adjusted to reduce any dilutive effect of dealing in the Sub-fund (for more detail of dilution adjustment see 17.1) before any applicable redemption charge.
- 25 Pricing basis**
- There shall be a single price for a Share in any Class. The Company deals on a forward pricing basis. A forward price is the price calculated at the next valuation point after the purchase or sale is agreed.
- 26 Publication of prices**
- The most recent price of Shares appear daily on our website at www.mandg.com or can be obtained from Customer Relations on 0800 390390. The most recent price of Sterling Class C shares appear on M&G's intranet site.
- 27 Risk Factors**
- Potential investors should consider the risk factors referenced in Section 44 before investing in the Company.
- 28 Charges and Expenses**
- Introduction**
- This section describes the charges and expenses that a Shareholder bears on their investment and how they work. It details the payments that may be made out of the Company and its Sub-funds as expenses and as charges for services in relation to the management, operation and administration of the Company and its Sub-funds.
- 28.1 The ACD's Annual Charge**
- 28.1.1 The ACD is permitted to take a charge from each Share Class of each Sub-fund as payment for carrying out its duties and responsibilities and to pay for certain third parties' services. This is known as the ACD's Annual Charge.

- 28.1.2 The Annual Charge covers, among other things, the following:
- (1) ACD fees and expenses,
 - (2) Service providers' (including the Investment Manager and the Depositary) fees and expenses,
 - (3) Fees for the provision of hedging services incurred by the offering of hedged Share Classes,
 - (4) All the costs, charges, fees and expenses payable in relation to the operation and management of each Sub-fund which may be taken from scheme property under the FCA rules, excluding those set out in section 28.4. Other payments from the scheme property of the Sub-funds not included in the Annual Charge. These permitted costs, charges, fees and expenses include:
 - (a) The Depositary's fees and expenses for acting as depositary, its custody charges in relation to the safekeeping of scheme property and its custody transaction charges;
 - (b) Registrar fees and expenses covering the establishment and maintenance of the Register of Shareholders and any sub-register of Shareholders;
 - (c) Costs and expenses relating to the formation, authorisation and registration of a new Sub-fund and the offer of Shares;
 - (d) Documentation costs and expenses, such as preparing, printing and distributing the Prospectus and the KIIDs, as well as the annual reports of the Company and any other documents made available to Shareholders;
 - (e) Costs of registration, publication of Share prices, listing on a Stock Exchange, creation, conversion and cancellation of Shares Classes;
 - (f) Costs of production and dispatch of payments made by the Company;
 - (g) Costs of arranging and convening meetings of Shareholders;
 - (h) Legal fees and expenses other than the extraordinary expenses as referenced in Section 28.4.1;
 - (i) Audit fees and expenses;
 - (j) Liabilities that are charges, costs and expenses arising on unitisation, amalgamation or reconstruction including certain liabilities arising after transfer of property to the Sub-funds in consideration for the issue of Shares as more fully detailed in the Regulations;
 - (k) VAT where applicable in relation to the Annual Charge or each of the costs, charges, fees and expenses included in the Annual Charge.
- 28.1.3 Costs and expenses relating to research services provided to the Investment Manager by brokers, or independent research providers, will be borne by the Investment Manager.
- 28.1.4 The costs of a Sub-fund relating to investments in collective investment schemes will be borne by the ACD out of the Annual Charge to ensure Shareholders are not charged for those in addition to the Annual Charge.
- 28.2 Calculation and operation of the Annual Charge**
- 28.2.1 The Annual Charge is set as a rate which is a percentage of the Net Asset Value of each Share Class in each Sub-fund. The annual rate of this charge is set out for each Sub-fund in Appendix 1.
- 28.2.2 The Annual Charge is calculated as follows:
Each day the ACD charges one-365th of the Annual Charge (or one-366th if it is a leap year). If the day is not a Dealing Day, the ACD will take the charge into account on the next Dealing Day. The ACD calculates this charge using the Net Asset Value of each Share Class on the previous Dealing Day.
- 28.2.3 Though the Annual Charge is calculated and taken into account daily in each Share Class's price, it is actually paid to the ACD every fortnight in arrears.
- 28.2.4 In setting the Annual Charge, the ACD is taking upon itself the risk that the Net Asset Value of a Sub-fund will fall to the extent that the Annual Charge will not fully recompense it for the charges and expenses that the ACD would otherwise be entitled to charge to each Sub-fund. Conversely, the ACD is not accountable to Shareholders should the aggregate fees generated by the Annual Charge in any period exceed the charges and expenses that it incurs and the ACD will retain the surplus.
- 28.3 Changes to the Annual Charge**
- 28.3.1 The ACD reserves the right to increase or decrease the Annual Charge. In the event of any changes to the Annual Charge the ACD will notify Shareholders in accordance with the FCA's requirements under the COLL Sourcebook. This does not include changes to the level of the discount to the Annual Charge (as described in section 28.5) arising as a result of a change in the Net Asset Value of a Sub-fund.
- 28.4 Other payments from the scheme property of the Sub-funds not included in the Annual Charge**
- 28.4.1 In addition to the Annual Charge, and in accordance with the COLL Sourcebook, the following payments, and any VAT payable on them, will be made out of the scheme property of each Sub-fund, where they arise.
- (a) Portfolio transaction costs including broker's commission, taxes and duties (including stamp duty), and other disbursements which are necessarily incurred in effecting transactions for the Sub-funds;

- (b) Extraordinary expenses including, without limitation, litigation expenses and the fees and expenses of legal and other professional advisers (“Extraordinary Expenses”);
- (c) Interest on borrowing and charges incurred in effecting or terminating such borrowing or in negotiating or varying the terms of such borrowing on behalf of the Sub-funds;
- (d) Taxation and duties payable in respect of the property of the Sub-funds or of the issue or redemption of Shares;
- (e) Any value added or similar tax relating to any charge or expense set out in this section 28.4.1.

28.5 Discounts to the Annual Charge

28.5.1 The ACD will pass to Shareholders some of the benefit of potential savings, achieved from economies of scale generated by a significant growth of assets under management in a Sub-fund, by applying a discount to the Annual Charge of the Sub-fund. The applicable discount to the Annual Charge will be determined by the size of the Sub-fund as shown in the table below.

28.5.2 The ACD reserves the right to change the Net Asset Value range or change the discount associated with each band of the Net Asset Value range as shown in the table in this section 28.5.

In the event of any such changes, the ACD will notify Shareholders.

28.5.3 The ACD will review the Net Asset Value of Sub-funds on at least a quarterly basis and will implement the applicable discount on a forward basis, as soon as possible but no later than 13 business days after quarter end. Where a Sub-fund has experienced a decline in its Net Asset Value, the ACD will only remove or reduce a discount when the Net Asset Value is lower than the relevant threshold after the application of a buffer as shown in the table below.

28.5.4 The discounted Annual Charge will be calculated as follows:

Annual Charge (as per Appendix 1) - Discount (as per the table below).

Fund Net Asset Value	Annual Charge discount	Buffer applied in case of reducing Net Asset Value
£0-1bn	Nil	Not applicable
£1-2bn	0.02%	£100m
£2-3bn	0.04%	£100m
£3-4bn	0.06%	£100m
£4-5bn	0.08%	£200m
£5-6bn	0.10%	£200m
More than £6bn	0.12%	£200m

See below a numerical example:

Time	Fund AUM	Discounted Annual Charge for a Share Class A Annual Charge: 1.40%
Quarter 1	£1.67bn	1.38% (1.40% - 0.02%) A 0.02% discount is applied to the Annual Charge as the Sub-fund's Net Asset Value is in the £1-2bn range.
Quarter 2	£958m	1.38% No change as the Sub-fund's Net Asset Value falls within the £100m buffer and has not reduced below the £900m threshold.
Quarter 3	£882m	1.40% The 0.02% discount is removed as the Sub-fund's Net Asset Value is below the £100m buffer.
Quarter 4	£1.05bn	1.38% (1.40% - 0.02%) A 0.02% discount is applied as the Sub-fund's Net Asset Value is in the £1-2bn range.
Quarter 5	£2.15bn	1.36% (1.40% - 0.04%) A 0.04% discount is applied to the Annual Charge as the Sub-fund's Net Asset Value is in the £2-3bn range.

Information regarding the Annual Charge, including any discount currently applicable to each Share Class per Sub-fund can be found at www.mandg.co.uk

28.6 Allocation of charges and expenses

28.6.1 For each Share Class, the charges and expenses described in this section are either charged to capital or income (or both) depending upon whether they are Income Shares or Accumulation Shares.

- For Income Shares, most charges and expenses are charged to capital. This treatment of the charges and expenses may increase the amount of income available for distribution to Shareholders in the Share Class concerned, but it may constrain capital growth.
- For Accumulation Shares, most charges and expenses are paid from income. If there is insufficient income to fully pay those charges and expenses, the residual amount is taken from capital.

Allocation of Charges

	Accumulation Shares	Income Shares
Annual Charge	100% to Income	100% to Capital
Portfolio transaction costs	100% to Capital	100% to Capital
Extraordinary Expenses	100% to Income	100% to Income
Interest on borrowing	100% to Income	100% to Income
Charges incurred in effecting or terminating borrowing or in negotiating or varying the terms of borrowing on behalf of the Sub-funds	100% to Income	100% to Income

28.7 The Ongoing Charge(s) Figure

- 28.7.1 Each Class of shares in a Sub-fund has an Ongoing Charge(s) Figure and this is shown in the relevant Key Investor Information Document.
- 28.7.2 The Ongoing Charge(s) Figure is intended to assist Shareholders to ascertain and understand the impact of charges on their investment each year and to compare the level of those charges with the level of charges in other funds. It will normally equal the ACD's Annual Charge, except where extraordinary expenses (as described in paragraph 28.4) have been incurred or a discount to the ACD's Annual Charge has been applied or removed.
- 28.7.3 The Ongoing Charge(s) Figure excludes portfolio transaction costs and any initial charge or redemption charge but will capture the effect of the various charges and expenses referred to in this section. In common with other types of investors in financial markets, the Sub-funds incur costs when buying and selling underlying investments in pursuit of their investment objective. These portfolio transaction costs include dealing spread, broker commissions, transfer taxes and stamp duty incurred by the Sub-fund on transactions. The annual and half-yearly reports of each Sub-fund provide further information on portfolio transaction costs incurred in the relevant reporting period.
- 28.7.4 The Ongoing Charge(s) Figure also excludes interest on borrowing.

29 Stock lending

- 29.1 The Company or the Depositary at the request of the Company, may enter into certain stock lending arrangements in respect of the Company or a Sub-fund. The Company or the Depositary delivers securities which are the subject of the stock lending arrangement in return for an agreement that securities of the same kind and amount should be redelivered to the Company or the Depositary at a later date. The Company or the Depositary at the time of delivery receives collateral to cover the risk of the future redelivery not being completed. There is no limit on the value of the property of the Company which may be the subject of stock lending arrangements.

- 29.2 Stock lending arrangements must be an arrangement of the kind described in Section 263B of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992. The arrangements must also comply with the requirements of the Regulations.

30 Shareholder meetings and voting rights

30.1 Annual General Meeting

In accordance with the provisions of the Open-Ended Investment Companies (Amendment) Regulations 2005, the Company has elected not to hold annual general meetings.

30.2 Requisitions of Meetings

- 30.2.1 The ACD or the Depositary may requisition a general meeting at any time.
- 30.2.2 Shareholders may also requisition a general meeting of the Company. A requisition by Shareholders must state the objects of the meeting, be dated, be signed by Shareholders who, at the date of the requisition, are registered as holding not less than one-tenth in value of all Shares then in issue and the requisition must be deposited at the head office of the Company. The ACD must convene a general meeting no later than eight weeks after receipt of such requisition.

30.3 Notice and Quorum

Shareholders will receive at least 14 days' notice of a Shareholders' meeting (other than an adjourned meeting where a shorter period of notice can apply) and are entitled to be counted in the quorum and vote at such meeting either in person or by proxy. If after a reasonable time from the time set for an adjourned meeting there are not two Shareholders present in person or by proxy, the quorum for the adjourned meeting shall be one person entitled to be counted in a quorum and present at the meeting. Notices of meetings and adjourned meetings will normally be given in writing to the Shareholder's registered addresses (or, at the discretion of the ACD, such other address which we may hold for the purposes of correspondence).

30.4 Voting Rights

- 30.4.1 At a meeting of Shareholders, on a show of hands every Shareholder who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by its representative properly authorised in that regard, has one vote.
- 30.4.2 On a poll vote, a Shareholder may vote either in person or by proxy. The voting rights attaching to each Share are such proportion of the voting rights attaching to all the Shares in issue that the price of the Share bears to the aggregate price(s) of all the Shares in issue as at a cut-off date selected by the ACD which is a reasonable time before the notice of meeting is deemed to have been served.
- 30.4.3 A Shareholder entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
- 30.4.4 Except where the Regulations or the Instrument of Incorporation of the Company require an extraordinary resolution (which needs 75% of the votes cast at the meeting to be in favour for the resolution to be passed) any resolution required will be passed by a simple majority of

the votes validly cast for and against the resolution.

30.4.5 The ACD may not be counted in the quorum for a meeting and neither the ACD nor any associate (as defined in the Regulations) of the ACD is entitled to vote at any meeting of the Company except in respect of Shares which the ACD or associate holds on behalf of or jointly with a person who, if the registered Shareholder, would be entitled to vote and from whom the ACD or associate has received voting instructions.

30.4.6 'Shareholders' in this context of this section 31 means Shareholders as at a cut-off date selected by the ACD which is a reasonable time before the notice of the relevant meeting was deemed to have been served but excludes holders of Shares who are known to the ACD not to be Shareholders at the time of the meeting.

30.4.7 Investors using the M&G Securities International Nominees Service whose holdings are registered through M&G International Investments Nominees Limited will be offered a vote at general meetings when the ACD considers, at its sole discretion, that the investors' interests may be materially affected.

30.5 Class and Sub-fund Meetings

The above provisions, unless the context otherwise requires, apply to class meetings and meetings of Sub-funds as they apply to general meetings of Shareholders.

30.6 Variation of Class Rights

The rights attached to a class may not be varied unless done so pursuant to the notification requirements of COLL 4.3R.

31 Taxation

31.1 General

The information given under this heading does not constitute legal or tax advice and prospective investors should consult their own professional advisers about the implications of subscribing for, buying, holding, exchanging, selling or otherwise disposing of Shares under the laws of the jurisdiction in which they may be subject to tax.

The statements below are only intended as a general summary of UK tax law and practice as at the date of this Prospectus and may change in the future. Any investor who is in any doubt as to their UK tax position in relation to a Sub-fund should consult a UK professional adviser.

31.2 Taxation of the Company

31.2.1 Income

Each Sub-fund will be liable to corporation tax on its taxable income less expenses at the basic rate of income tax (currently 20%).

31.2.2 Capital gains

Capital gains accruing to a Sub-fund will be exempt from UK tax.

31.3 Distributions

Sub-funds with over 60% invested in qualifying assets (broadly interest paying) throughout the relevant distribution period can elect to make interest distributions. It is the ACD's current intention that the M&G Corporate

Bond Fund, the M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, the M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and the M&G Global Government Bond Fund will be managed in such a way that they will be able to make interest distributions. In all other cases they will pay dividend distributions.

31.4 Taxation of the investor

31.4.1 Dividend distributions – UK resident individual shareholders

From April 2018 UK dividends are subject to a £2,000 tax-free dividend allowance for all taxpayers. For dividend income in excess of this allowance, the applicable tax rate for basic rate taxpayers is 7.5%, the rate for higher rate taxpayers is 32.5% and the rate for additional taxpayers is 38.1%.

31.4.2 Dividend distributions – UK resident corporate shareholders

For UK resident corporate Shareholders, any dividend distributions will be divided into that part which relates to UK dividend income of the Fund, and that part which relates to other income. The part relating to dividend income is generally not taxable. The other part is taxable as if it were an annual payment and is subject to corporation tax. The taxable part of the distribution is deemed to have been paid net of an income tax deduction of 20% which can be offset against a shareholder's liability to corporation tax and may be recoverable. The tax voucher will show the ratio between the part relating to UK dividend income (franked investment income) and the part relating to taxable annual payments and also shows, in terms of a pence per share rate, the tax which can be recovered. The maximum amount of income tax if any, that may be reclaimed from HM Revenue & Customs is the corporate Shareholder's proportion of the Shareholder's non-foreign deemed income tax.

31.4.3 Interest distributions

Currently, interest distributions are paid without deduction of income tax.

Personal Savings Allowance is available whereby the first £1,000 of savings income is exempt from tax for basic rate taxpayers and the first £500 for higher rate taxpayers.

UK resident corporate Shareholders should note that where they hold a fund which makes interest distributions, gains will be subject to loan relationship rules.

31.4.4 Capital gains

Profits arising on disposal of shares are subject to capital gains tax. However, if the total gains from all sources realised by an individual shareholder in a tax year, after deducting allowable losses, are less than the annual exemption, there is no capital gains tax to apply. Where income equalisation applies (see below), the buying price of Shares includes accrued income which is repaid to the investor with the first allocation of income following the purchase. This repayment is deemed to be a repayment of capital and is therefore made without deduction of tax but must be deducted from the investor's base cost of the relevant

Shares for purposes of calculating any liability to capital gains tax.

Where over 60% of the investments of a Sub-fund are interest-bearing or economically equivalent investments, the Shareholdings of UK resident corporate Shareholders will generally be subject to the loan relationships regime.

32 Income equalisation

32.1 Income equalisation will be applied to Shares issued by the Company.

32.2 Part of the purchase price of a Share reflects the relevant share of accrued income received or to be received by the Company. This capital sum is returned to a Shareholder with the first allocation of income in respect of a Share issued during the relevant accounting period.

32.3 The amount of income equalisation is calculated by dividing the aggregate of the amounts of income included in the price of Shares issued to or bought by Shareholders in an annual or interim accounting period (see paragraph 34.1) by the number of those Shares and applying the resultant average to each of the Shares in question.

33 Winding up of the Company or a Sub-fund of the Company

33.1 The Company shall not be wound up except as an unregistered company under Part V of the Insolvency Act 1986 or under the Regulations. A Sub-fund may only be wound up under the Regulations.

33.2 Where the Company or a Sub-fund is to be wound up under the Regulations, such winding up may only be commenced following approval by the FCA. The FCA may only give such approval if the ACD provides a statement (following an investigation into the affairs of the Company) either that the Company will be able to meet its liabilities within 12 months of the date of the statement or that the Company will be unable to do so.

33.3 The Company or a Sub-fund may be wound up under the Regulations if:

33.3.1 an extraordinary resolution to that effect is passed by Shareholders; or

33.3.2 the period (if any) fixed for the duration of the Company or a particular Sub-fund by the Instrument of Incorporation expires, or the event (if any) occurs on the occurrence of which the Instrument of Incorporation provides that the Company or a particular Sub-fund is to be wound up (for example, if the share capital of the Company is below its prescribed minimum or (in relation to any Sub-fund) the Net Asset Value of the Sub-fund is less than £10,000,000, or if a change in the laws or regulations of any country means that, in the ACD's opinion, it is desirable to terminate the Sub-fund); or

33.3.3 on the date of effect stated in any agreement by the FCA to a request by the ACD for the revocation of the authorisation order in respect of the Company or the Sub-fund.

33.4 On the occurrence of any of the above:

33.4.1 Regulations 6.2, 6.3 and 5 relating to Dealing, Valuation and Pricing and Investment and Borrowing will cease to apply to the Company or the Sub-fund;

33.4.2 the Company will cease to issue and cancel Shares in the Company or the Sub-fund and the ACD shall cease to sell or redeem Shares or arrange for the Company to issue or cancel them for the Company or the Sub-fund;

33.4.3 no transfer of a Share shall be registered and no other change to the register shall be made without the sanction of the ACD;

33.4.4 where the Company is being wound up, the Company shall cease to carry on its business except in so far as it is beneficial for the winding up of the Company;

33.4.5 the corporate status and powers of the Company and, subject to the provisions of Clauses 33.4.1 and 33.4.2 above, the powers of the ACD shall remain until the Company is dissolved.

33.5 The ACD shall, as soon as practicable after the Company or the Sub-fund falls to be wound up, realise the assets and meet the liabilities of the Company or the Sub-fund and, after paying out or retaining adequate provision for all liabilities properly payable and retaining provision for the costs of winding up, arrange for the Depositary to make one or more interim distributions out of the proceeds to Shareholders proportionately to their rights to participate in the scheme property of the Company or the Sub-fund. When the ACD has caused all of the scheme property to be realised and all of the liabilities of the Company or the Sub-fund to be realised, the ACD shall arrange for the Depositary also to make a final distribution to Shareholders as at (or prior to) the date on which the final account is sent to Shareholders of any balance remaining, if applicable, in proportion to their holdings in the Company or the Sub-fund.

33.6 On completion of a winding up of the Company, the Company will be dissolved and any money which is legitimately the property of the Company (including unclaimed distributions) and standing to the account of the Company, will be paid into court within one month of dissolution.

33.7 Following the completion of the winding up of the Company or the Sub-fund, the ACD shall provide written confirmation to the Registrar of Companies and shall notify the FCA that it has done so.

33.8 Following the completion of a winding up of either the Company or a Sub-fund, the ACD must prepare a final account showing how the winding up took place and how the scheme property was distributed. The auditor of the Company shall make a report in respect of the final account stating their opinion as to whether the final account has been properly prepared. This final account and the auditor's report must be sent to the FCA, to each Shareholder and, in the case of the winding up of the Company, to the Registrar of Companies within two months of the termination of the winding up.

33.9 As the Company is an umbrella company, any liabilities attributable or allocated to a Sub-fund under the Regulations shall be met out of the scheme property attributable or allocated to that Sub-fund.

33.10 Any assets and liabilities, expenses, costs and charges not attributable to a particular Sub-fund may be allocated by the Manager in a manner which it believes is fair to the Shareholders generally. This will normally be pro-rata to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Sub-funds.

33.11 Shareholders in a particular Sub-fund are not liable for the debts of the Company or any Sub-fund in the Company.

A Shareholder is not liable to make any further payment to the Sub-fund after he has paid in full for the purchase of Shares.

34 General Information

34.1 Accounting Periods

The accounting period of the Company ends each year on 30 June (the accounting reference date). The half-yearly accounting period ends each year on 31 December.

34.2 Income Allocations

34.2.1 Allocations of income are made in respect of the income available for allocation in each annual accounting period and, for certain Sub-funds, each interim accounting period (see Appendix 1).

34.2.2 Distributions of income for each Sub-fund are paid on or before the annual income allocation date of 31 October and where applicable on or before one or more of the interim allocation dates of 31 January, 30 April and 31 July in each year.

34.2.3 If a distribution remains unclaimed for a period of six years after it has become due, it will be forfeited and will revert to the Company.

34.2.4 The amount available for allocation in any accounting period is calculated by taking the aggregate of the income received or receivable for the account of the relevant Sub-fund in respect of that period, and deducting the charges and expenses of the relevant Sub-fund paid or payable out of income in respect of that accounting period. The ACD then makes such other adjustments as it considers appropriate (and after consulting the auditor as appropriate) in relation to taxation, income equalisation, income unlikely to be received within 12 months following the relevant income allocation date, income which should not be accounted for on an accrual basis because of lack of information as to how it accrues, transfers between the income and capital account and any other adjustments which the ACD considers appropriate after consulting the auditor.

The amount initially deemed available in respect of any one class of Share may be reduced if the income attributed to another class of Share in the same Sub-fund is less than the charges applicable to that class of Share.

34.2.5 Income from debt securities is recognised on an effective yield basis. Effective yield is an income calculation that takes account of amortisation of any discount or premium on the purchase price of the debt security over the remaining life of the security.

34.2.6 Distributions made to the first named joint Shareholder are as effective a discharge to the Company and the ACD as if the first named Shareholder had been a sole Shareholder.

34.2.7 Income produced by the Sub-fund's investments accumulates during each accounting period. If, at the end of the accounting year, income exceeds expenses, the net income of the Sub-fund is available to be distributed to Shareholders. In order to

conduct a controlled dividend flow to Shareholders, interim distributions will be, at the investment manager's discretion, up to a maximum of the distributable income available for the period. All remaining income is distributed in accordance with the Regulations.

34.2.8 Where a Sub-fund does not issue Accumulation Shares, a shareholder may choose to have the income reinvested to purchase further shares of that Sub-fund. Where the reinvestment of income has been permitted, the ACD will waive any initial charge due on such re-investment. Re-investment of allocations of income is made fourteen days before the relevant income allocation date.

34.3 Annual Reports

34.3.1 Annual reports of the Company are published within four months of each annual accounting period and half-yearly reports are published within two months of each half-yearly accounting period and are available to Shareholders on request. Shareholders will receive copies of the annual and half-yearly short reports on publication.

34.3.2 The accounts of Sub-funds presented within annual and half-yearly reports will be shown in the currency in which that Sub-fund is valued. The Valuation Currency of each Sub-fund is listed in Appendix 1.

34.4 Documents of the Company

34.4.1 The following documents may be inspected free of charge between 9.00 am and 5.00 pm UK time every Dealing Day at the offices of the ACD at 10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG:

34.4.1.1 the most recent annual and half-yearly reports of the Company;

34.4.1.2 the Instrument of Incorporation (and any amending instrument of incorporation);

34.4.1.3 Shareholders may obtain copies of the above documents from the above addresses. The ACD may make a charge at its discretion for copies of certain documents.

34.5 Risk Management and Other Information

The following information is available from the ACD on request:

34.5.1 Information on the risk management methods used in relation to the Sub-funds, the quantitative limits which apply to that risk management and any developments in the risk and yields of the main categories of investment.

34.5.2 Execution Policy

The Investment Manager's execution policy sets out the basis upon which the ACD will effect transactions and place orders in relation to the Company whilst complying with its obligations under the FCA Handbook to obtain the best possible result for the ACD on behalf of the Company.

34.5.3 Exercise of voting rights

A description of the Investment Manager's strategy for determining how voting rights

attached to ownership of Scheme Property are to be exercised for the benefit of each sub-Fund. Details of action taken in respect of the exercise of voting rights are also available.

34.5.4 Gifts and Hospitality

The ACD and the Investment Manager may provide or receive hospitality or small business gifts from intermediaries who sell their products, operators of other collective investment schemes in which they invest, or other counterparties with whom we deal. The hospitality is typically a meal or attendance at a social engagement where the opportunity exists for participants to discuss business issues such as market developments or the ACD's and the Investment Manager's products. The ACD and the Investment Manager may also provide assistance, such as providing a speaker, or paying towards materials used at a business training event or a conference organised by or for such firms. Such gifts and hospitality are in no way predicated on past, current, or future business activity. The ACD's and the Investment Manager's procedures place controls on such arrangements to ensure that there is no Shareholder disadvantage. Our normal limits per individual events/items are £200 for hospitality and £100 for gifts per individual concerned.

34.6 Management of collateral

In the context of OTC financial derivatives transactions and Efficient Portfolio Management techniques, each Sub-fund may receive collateral with a view to reduce its counterparty risk. This section sets out the collateral management applied by the Sub-funds in such cases.

34.6.1 Eligible collateral

Collateral received by the Sub-funds may be used to reduce their counterparty risk exposure if it complies with the criteria set out in regulation notably in terms of liquidity, valuation, issuer credit quality, correlation, risks linked to the management of collateral and enforceability.

In particular, collateral should comply with the following conditions:

- 34.6.1.1 Any collateral received other than cash should be of high quality, highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation;
- 34.6.1.2 It should be valued on at least a daily basis and assets that exhibit high price volatility should not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place;
- 34.6.1.3 It should be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty;
- 34.6.1.4 It should be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers with a maximum exposure of 20% of the Sub-funds' net asset

value to any single issuer on an aggregate basis, taking into account all collateral received;

- 34.6.1.5 It should be capable of being fully enforced by the Sub-funds at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty.

Subject to the abovementioned conditions, collateral received by the Sub-funds may consist of:

- 34.6.1.6 liquid assets such as cash and cash equivalents, including short-term bank certificates and Money Market Instruments;
- 34.6.1.7 bonds issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the OECD or by their local public authorities or by supranational institutions and undertakings with EU, regional or worldwide scope;
- 34.6.1.8 shares or units issued by money market Collective investment Schemes calculating a daily NAV and being assigned a rating of AAA or its equivalent;
- 34.6.1.9 shares or units by UCITS investing mainly in bonds/shares mentioned in 34.6.1.11 and 34.6.1.12 below;
- 34.6.1.10 bonds issued or guaranteed by first class issuers offering an adequate liquidity; and
- 34.6.1.11 shares admitted to or dealt in on a regulated market of an EU Member State or on a stock exchange of a member state of the OECD, on the condition that these shares are included in a main index.
- 34.6.1.12 A reinvestment of cash provided as collateral may only be effected where in compliance with the respective regulations.

34.6.2 Level of collateral

Each Sub-fund will determine the required level of collateral for OTC financial derivatives transactions and Efficient Portfolio Management techniques by reference to the applicable counterparty risk limits and taking into account the nature and characteristics of transactions, the creditworthiness and identity of counterparties and prevailing market conditions.

34.6.3 OTC financial derivative transactions

The Investment Manager will generally require the counterparty to an OTC derivative to post collateral in favour of the Sub-fund representing, at any time during the lifetime of the agreement, up to 100% of the Sub-fund's exposure under the transaction.

34.6.4 Haircut policy

Collateral acceptability and haircuts will depend on a number of factors including the asset pool available to the Sub-fund for posting as well as the asset types acceptable to the Sub-fund when receiving collateral, but will as a rule be

of high quality, liquid and not display significant correlation with the counterparty under normal market conditions.

The taking of collateral is intended as a hedge against default risk, with haircuts seen as hedging the risk on that collateral. From this point of view, haircuts are an adjustment to the quoted market value of a collateral security to take account of the unexpected loss that may be faced due to the difficulty in realising that security in response to a default by the counterparty. By applying a haircut, the quoted market value of a collateral security is translated into a probable future liquidation or restoration value.

To this end therefore the haircuts that are applied are the result of a view of the credit and liquidity risk of the collateral and will become more "aggressive" depending on the asset type and maturity profile.

As at the date of this Prospectus, the Investment Manager typically accepts the following collateral types and applies the following haircuts in relation thereto:

Collateral type	Typical haircut
Cash	0%
Government Bonds	1% to 20%
Corporate Bonds	1% to 20%

The Investment Manager reserves the right to depart from the above haircut levels where it would be appropriate to do so, taking into account the assets' characteristics (such as the credit standing of the issuers, the maturity, the currency and the price volatility of the assets). Furthermore, the Investment Manager reserves the right to accept collateral types other than those disclosed above.

No haircut will generally be applied to cash collateral.

34.6.5 Reinvestment of collateral

Non-cash collateral received by the Fund on behalf of a Sub-fund cannot be sold, reinvested or pledged, except where and to the extent permissible under regulations.

Cash collateral received by the Sub-funds can only be:

- 34.6.5.1 placed on deposit with credit institutions which have their registered office in an EU Member State or, if their registered office is located in a third-country, are subject to prudential rules considered by the FCA as equivalent to those laid down in EU law;
- 34.6.5.2 invested in high-quality government bonds;
- 34.6.5.3 used for the purpose of reverse repo transactions provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision and the relevant Sub-fund is able to recall at any time the full amount of cash on accrued basis; and/or

34.6.5.4 invested in short-term money market funds as defined in the ESMA Guidelines on a common definition of European Money Market Funds.

34.6.5.5 Any reinvestment of cash collateral should be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers with a maximum exposure, on an aggregate basis, of 20% of the Sub-fund's Net Asset Value to any single issuer. The Sub-fund may incur a loss in reinvesting the cash collateral it receives. Such a loss may arise due to a decline in the value of the investment made with cash collateral received. A decline in the value of such investment of the cash collateral would reduce the amount of collateral available to be returned by the Sub-fund to the counterparty at the conclusion of the transaction. The Sub-fund would be required to cover the difference in value between the collateral originally received and the amount available to be returned to the counterparty, thereby resulting in a loss to the Sub-fund.

34.7 Notices

Notices to Shareholders will normally be given in writing to the Shareholder's registered address (or, at the discretion of the ACD, such other address which we may hold for the purposes of correspondence).

35 Complaints

If you wish to complain about any aspect of the service you have received or to request a copy of M&G's complaints handling procedures, please contact M&G Customer Relations, PO Box 9039, Chelmsford, CM99 2XG. If your complaint is not dealt with to your satisfaction, you can then complain to: The Financial Ombudsman Service (FOS), Exchange Tower, London, E14 9SR.

36 Preferential Treatment

From time to time the ACD may afford preferential terms of investment to certain groups of investors. In assessing whether such terms are afforded to an investor, the ACD will ensure that any such concession is not inconsistent with its obligation to act in the overall best interests of the relevant sub-fund and its investors. In particular, the ACD may typically exercise its discretion to waive the initial charge, or redemption charge, or investment minima for investment in a Class for investors that are investing sufficiently large amounts, either initially or are anticipated to do so over time, such as platform service providers and institutional investors including fund of fund investors. The ACD may also have agreements in place with such groups of investors which result in them paying a reduced Annual Charge. Additionally, the ACD may grant similar preferential terms to the employees of companies within the M&G Group of companies or their associates.

37 Tax Reporting

The UK has implemented the Foreign Account Tax Compliant Act (FATCA) and the OECD Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information through the International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015. In order to fulfil our obligations, we are required to obtain certification of certain tax information from Shareholders which includes (but not limited to) tax residency, tax identification number, and tax status classification of corporate Shareholders. If certain conditions apply or if required information is not provided to us, information about your M&G shareholding may be passed to HM Revenue & Customs in order to be passed on to other tax authorities.

38 Marketing outside the UK

38.1 The Company's Shares are marketed outside the UK. Paying agents in countries other than the UK where Shares are registered for retail sale may charge investors for their services.

38.2 The Shares in the Sub-funds have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or registered or qualified under the securities laws of any state of the United States and may not be offered, sold, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, to any investors within the United States or to, or for the account of, US Persons except in certain limited circumstances pursuant to a transaction exempt from such registration or qualification requirements. None of the Shares have been approved or disapproved by the US Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission in the United States or any other US regulatory authority, nor have any of the foregoing authorities passed upon or endorsed the merits of the offering of the Shares or the accuracy or adequacy of the prospectus. The Sub-funds will not be registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

39 Markets for the Sub-funds

The Sub-funds are marketable to all retail investors.

40 Genuine diversity of ownership

40.1 Shares in the Company are and will continue to be widely available. The intended categories of investors are retail and institutional investors.

40.2 Shares in the Company are and will continue to be marketed and made available widely to reach the intended categories of investors and in a manner appropriate to attract those categories of investors.

41 Remuneration policy

The ACD applies a staff remuneration policy consistent with the principles outlined in the Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Directive (UCITS) (No. 2009/65/EC), as amended, the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD) (No. 2011/61/EU), as amended, and the FCA Handbook of Rules and Guidance. The remuneration policy is overseen by a remuneration committee and is designed to promote sound and effective risk management by, amongst other things:

- identifying staff with the ability to have a material impact on the risk profile of either the ACD or the Funds;

- ensuring that the remuneration of those staff is in line with the risk profiles of the ACD and of the Funds, and that any relevant conflicts of interest are appropriately managed at all times;
- setting out the link between pay and performance for all of the ACD's employees, including the terms of annual bonus and long-term incentive plans and individual remuneration packages for Directors and other senior employees.

Please visit the following website: <https://global.mandg.com/our-business/mandg-investments/mandg-investments-business-policies> for up-to-date details of the remuneration policy, including, but not limited to:

- a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated;
- the identities of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration; and
- the composition of the remuneration committee.

Alternatively, a paper copy can be obtained from our Customer Relations Department free of charge on 0800 390 390.

42 M&G Plc

The ACD and the Investment Manager are subsidiaries of M&G Plc, a listed company. The Fund is not permitted to directly hold securities issued by M&G Plc unless the Fund's investment policy is to passively track an index which includes M&G Plc. The Fund is allowed to trade derivatives linked to publicly available indices which include M&G Plc, and are allowed to hold collective investment schemes which passively track such indices.

43 Additional investment restrictions

The ACD has the right to determine additional investment restrictions to the extent that those restrictions are necessary to comply with the laws and regulations of countries where Shares are offered or sold.

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
General								
Risk to capital & Income will vary	The investments of the Sub-fund are subject to normal market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in shares, bonds and other stock market related assets. These fluctuations may be more extreme in periods of market disruption and other exceptional events. There can be no assurance that any appreciation in value of investments will occur or that the investment objective will actually be achieved. The value of investments and the income from them will fall as well as rise and investors may not recoup the original amount they invested. Past performance is not a guide to future performance.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Charges to Capital – Income Shares	The charges and expenses attributable to the Sub-fund's Income Shares are taken from capital, in whole or in part, and as a result, capital growth for that share class will be constrained.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Counterparty Risk	Whilst the Investment Manager will place transactions, hold positions (including derivatives transactions) and deposit cash with a range of counterparties, there is a risk that a counterparty may default on its obligations or become insolvent, which may put the Sub-fund's capital at risk.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Liquidity Risk	The Sub-fund's investments may be subject to liquidity constraints which means that securities may trade infrequently and in small volumes. Normally liquid securities may also be subject to periods of significantly lower liquidity in difficult market conditions. As a result, changes in the value of investments may be more unpredictable and in certain cases, it may be difficult to deal a security at the last market price quoted or at a value considered to be fair.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Operational Risk	The M&G Group, the Company and its Sub-funds are exposed to operational risk, which is the risk of financial and non-financial impact resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, personnel and systems errors, third party service provider errors or external events, and is present in all of its businesses. The M&G Group seeks to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures and by implementing an operational risk framework in order to identify, assess, manage and report on the operational risks and associated controls including IT, data and outsourcing arrangements. However, operational risks are inherent in all activities and processes and exposure to such risk could disrupt M&G Group's systems and operations significantly, which may result in financial loss, regulatory censure, adverse investor outcomes and/or reputational damage.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Suspension of dealing in shares	Investors are reminded that in exceptional circumstances their right to sell or redeem shares may be temporarily suspended.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cancellation Risks	When cancellation rights are applicable and are exercised, the full amount invested may not be returned if the price falls before we are informed of your intention to cancel.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Inflation	A change in the rate of inflation will affect the real value of your investment.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Taxation	The current tax regime applicable to investors in collective investment schemes in their country of residence or domicile and the UK schemes themselves is not guaranteed and may be subject to change. Any changes may have a negative impact on returns received by investors. The M&G Funds rely extensively on tax treaties to reduce domestic rates of withholding tax in countries where it invests. A risk exists that tax authorities in countries with which the United Kingdom has double tax treaties, may change their position on the application of the relevant tax treaty. As a consequence, higher tax may be suffered on investments, (e.g. as a result of the imposition of withholding tax in that foreign jurisdiction). Accordingly, any such withholding tax may impinge upon the returns to the Sub-fund and investors. In specific treaties which contain 'limitation of benefits' provisions (e.g. US), the tax treatment of the Sub-fund may be affected by the tax profiles of investors in the fund as such treaties may require the majority of investors in	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
	the fund to be from the same jurisdiction. Failing to meet the limitation of benefits provision may result in increased withholding tax being suffered by the Sub-fund.							
Tax developments	<p>The tax regulations which M&G Sub-funds are subject to constantly change as a result of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) technical developments – changes in law regulations; (ii) interpretative developments – changes in the way tax authorities apply law and (iii) market practice – whilst tax law is in place, there may be difficulties applying the law in practice (e.g. due to operational constraints). <p>Any changes to the tax regimes applicable to M&G Funds and investors in their country of residence or domicile may impact negatively on the returns received by investors.</p>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Brexit Risk	<p>Following the United Kingdom (the "UK") government's notification to the European Union (the "EU") of its intention to leave the Union (i.e. "Brexit"), on 23 January 2020, the UK government enacted the EU (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020 ("WAA"). The WAA implemented the withdrawal agreement into UK law. The EU also ratified the withdrawal agreement in accordance with its procedures, with the European Parliament consenting to the withdrawal agreement on 29 January 2020.</p> <p>As part of the withdrawal agreement, the UK and the EU agreed a transition period (referred to in the UK as an 'implementation period') in order to provide continuity and certainty. During this time, the UK will generally continue to apply EU law as it does now. UK domiciled UCITS will continue to be referred to as UCITS and enjoy the rights conferred by the UCITS Directive during the transition period. EU UCITS will continue to use their cross-border passporting rights to passport into the UK.</p> <p>Currently, the transition period will run from 12:00 midnight CET on 31 January 2020 until 12:00 midnight CET on 31 December 2020. Under the withdrawal agreement, before 1 July 2020, the UK government and the EU are able to agree to extend the transition period for up to one or two years. However, the UK government's stated policy is that it will not seek an extension and so it is highly likely that the transition period will end on 31 December 2020.</p> <p>Investors should note that during the transition period references to the EU in this Prospectus shall be taken to include the UK.</p> <p>Once the transition period expires, all cross-border passporting rights to the UK for EU UCITS funds will cease; however, the UK's commitment to a temporary permission regime will mitigate the cliff-edge risks associated with a no-deal end of the transition period. The UK government has also committed to bringing forward domestic legislation to streamline the process to allow overseas (including EU) investment funds to be sold in the UK post-Brexit.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the above, the UK's future economic and political relationship with the EU (and with other non-EU countries by agreement) continues to remain uncertain. This uncertainty is likely to generate further global currency and asset price volatility. This may negatively impact the returns of a Fund and its investments resulting in greater costs if a Fund decides to employ currency hedging policies. Ongoing uncertainty could adversely impact the general economic outlook and as such, this may impact negatively on the ability of a Fund and its investments to execute their strategies effectively, and may also result in increased costs to the Company. It is possible that there will be more divergence between UK and EU regulations post-Brexit, limiting what cross-border activities can take place. However it is unlikely to affect a Fund's ability to receive portfolio management services. At the date of this Prospectus, M&G Funds continue</p>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
	to be recognised by the FCA and can be marketed to UK investors. The nature and extent of the impact of any Brexit related changes are uncertain, but may be significant. The information provided in this section is correct as at the date of this Prospectus.							
Brexit Impact on Withholding Taxes	Currently, the Fund is regulated as a UCITS fund and can access local tax exemptions on withholding taxes applicable to dividends distributed in certain EU investment markets. As a consequence of UK leaving the EU, UK funds may no longer be able to be considered UCITS compliant. As a result of this, the local tax exemption may no longer be available and withholding tax rates on dividends will increase to the domestic rates applicable in the EU countries where the Fund invests (subject to tax treaties).	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cyber Event Risk	Like other business enterprises, the use of the internet and other electronic media and technology exposes M&G Funds, its service providers, and their respective operations, to potential risks from cyber-security attacks or incidents (collectively, "cyber-events"). Cyber-events may include, for example, unauthorised access to systems, networks or devices (such as, for example, through "hacking" activity), infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code, and attacks which shut down, disable, slow or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes or website access or functionality. In addition to intentional cyber-events, unintentional cyber-events can occur, such as, for example, the inadvertent release of confidential information. Any cyber-event could adversely impact a Sub-fund and its Shareholders. A cyber-event may cause a Sub-fund, or its service providers to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption, lose operational capacity (such as, for example, the loss of the ability to process transactions, calculate the Net Asset Value of a Sub-fund or allow Shareholders to transact business) and/or fail to comply with applicable privacy and other laws. Among other potentially harmful effects, cyber-events also may result in theft, unauthorised monitoring and failures in the physical infrastructure or operating systems that support a Sub-fund and its service providers. In addition, cyber-events affecting issuers in which a Sub-fund invests could cause the Sub-fund's investments to lose value.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Terrorist attack, war, natural disaster or pandemic risk	The operations of some M&G Funds and counterparties with which the Company on behalf of some M&G Funds may do business could be severely disrupted in the event of a major terrorist attack or the outbreak, continuation or expansion of war or other hostilities. Additionally, a serious pandemic, or a natural disaster, such as a hurricane or a super typhoon, could severely disrupt the global economy and the operation of M&G Funds. In particular, the recent "novel coronavirus" (COVID-19) outbreak, which has affected various parts of the world, could have a material and adverse effect on the ability to accurately determine the prices of investments owned by M&G Funds, which might further result in inaccurate valuation of M&G Funds' assets. In the event of a serious pandemic or natural disaster, for safety and public policy reasons, relevant persons and entities involved in the operations of the Company may to the extent that they are affected by such pandemic or natural disaster, be required to temporarily shut down their offices and to prohibit their respective employees from going to work. Any such closure could severely disrupt the services provided to the Company and materially and adversely affect M&G Funds' operation.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
Derivatives								
Derivatives EPM only	The Sub-fund may enter into derivative transactions for the purposes of Efficient Portfolio Management ('EPM'), including hedging transactions and temporary short term tactical asset allocation, e.g. for the purposes of preserving the value of an asset or assets of the Sub-fund and liquidity management purposes (i.e. to enable the Sub-fund to be adequately invested). The Risk Management Process document sets out the approved derivative strategies.		✓				✓	✓
Derivatives (sophisticated funds)	The Sub-fund undertakes transactions in derivatives and forward transactions, both on exchange and OTC, for the purposes of meeting the investment objective, protecting the risk to capital, currency, duration and credit management, as well as for hedging. The Risk Management Process document sets out the approved derivative strategies.	✓		✓	✓	✓		
Derivatives – Correlation (Basis Risk)	Correlation risk is the risk of loss due to divergence between two rates or prices. This applies particularly where an underlying position is hedged through derivative contracts which are not the same as (but may be similar to) the underlying position.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Derivatives – Valuation	Valuation risk is the risk of differing valuations of derivatives arising from different permitted valuation methods. Many derivatives, in particular non-exchange traded OTC derivatives, are complex and often valued subjectively and the valuation can only be provided by a limited number of market professionals who are often also the counterparty to the transaction. As a result, the daily valuation may differ from the price that can actually be achieved when trading the position in the market.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Derivatives – Liquidity	Liquidity risk exists when a particular instrument is difficult to purchase or sell. Derivative transactions that are particularly large, or traded off market (i.e. OTC), may be less liquid and therefore not readily adjusted or closed out. Where it is possible to buy or sell, this may be at a price that differs from the price of the position as reflected in the valuation.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Derivatives – Counterparty	Certain derivative types may require the establishment of a long term exposure to a single counterparty which increases the risk of counterparty default or insolvency. While these positions are collateralised, there is a residual risk between both the mark to market and the receipt of the corresponding collateral as well as between the final settlement of the contract and the return of any collateral amount. This risk is referred to as daylight risk. In certain circumstances, the physical collateral returned may differ from the original collateral posted. This may impact the future returns of the Sub-fund.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Derivatives – Delivery	The Sub-fund's ability to settle derivative contracts on their maturity may be affected by the level of liquidity in the underlying asset. In such circumstances, there is a risk of loss to the Sub-fund.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Derivatives – Legal Risk	Derivative transactions are typically undertaken under separate legal arrangements. In the case of OTC derivatives, a standard International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") agreement is used to govern the trade between the Sub-fund and the counterparty. The agreement covers situations such as a default of either party and also the delivery and receipt of collateral. As a result, there is a risk of loss to the Sub-fund where liabilities in those agreements are challenged in a court of law.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
No material impact on Risk profile or volatility. Derivatives – Volatility	It is not intended nor anticipated that the use of these derivative instruments will have a material impact on the risk profile or the volatility of the Sub-fund. Extreme market events, counterparty default or insolvency may, however, result in a loss to the Sub-fund.		✓				✓	✓

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
Derivatives – Volatility	Derivatives may be used in a limited way to obtain exposure to investments rather than holding the investments directly. It is anticipated that the use of derivatives will not materially alter the risk profile of the Sub-fund or increase price fluctuations compared to equivalent funds that do not invest in derivatives.	✓		✓	✓	✓		
Limited Credit Leverage	Derivatives may be used in a limited way to generate credit exposure to investments exceeding the net asset value of the Sub-fund, thereby exposing the Sub-fund to a higher degree of risk. As a result of increased market exposure, the size of any positive or negative movement in markets will have a relatively larger effect on the net asset value of the Sub-fund. The additional credit exposure will however be limited to such an extent as to not materially increase the overall volatility of the net asset value.			✓				
Short Sales	The Sub-fund may take short positions through the use of derivatives which are not backed by equivalent physical assets. Short positions reflect an investment view that the price of the underlying asset is expected to fall in value. Accordingly, if this view is incorrect and the asset rises in value, the short position could involve losses of the Sub-fund's capital due to the theoretical possibility of an unlimited rise in their market price. However, shorting strategies are actively managed by the Investment Manager such that the extent of the losses will be limited.	✓		✓	✓	✓		
Currency Strategies	Funds which use currency management strategies may have substantially altered exposures to currency exchange rates. Should these currencies not perform as the fund Investment Manager expects, the strategy may have a negative effect on performance.			✓		✓		
Fund Specific								
Currency & exchange rate risk	Currency exchange rate fluctuations will impact the value of a Sub-Fund which holds currencies or assets denominated in currencies that differ from the Valuation Currency of the Sub-fund.	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
Currency risk on unhedged share classes	Currency exchange rate fluctuations will impact the value of unhedged share classes where the currency of the share class differs from that of the Valuation Currency of the Sub-fund.	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Interest Rate Risk	Interest rate fluctuations will affect the capital and income value of investments within Sub-funds that invest substantially in fixed income investments. This effect will be more apparent if the Sub-fund holds a significant proportion of its portfolio in long dated securities.	✓		✓	✓	✓		
Credit Risk	The value of the Sub-fund will fall in the event of the default or perceived increased credit risk of an issuer. This is because the capital and income value and liquidity of the investment is likely to decrease. AAA rated government and corporate bonds have a relatively low risk of default compared to non-investment grade bonds. However, the ratings are subject to change and they may be downgraded. The lower the rating the higher the risk of default.	✓		✓	✓	✓		
Zero or Negative yield	The costs of using derivatives to implement a short position within a Sub-fund, for example short positions in currency or Government bonds, may result in a zero or negative yield on the portfolio. In such circumstances the Sub-fund may not make any distributions and any shortfall will be met from capital.	✓		✓	✓	✓		

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
Emerging Markets	<p>Securities markets in Emerging Market countries are generally not as large as those in more developed economies and have substantially less dealing volume which can result in lack of liquidity.</p> <p>Accordingly, where a Sub-fund invests substantially in securities listed or traded in such markets, its net asset value may be more volatile than a fund that invests in the securities of companies in developed countries.</p> <p>Substantial limitations may exist in certain countries with respect to repatriation of investment income or capital or the proceeds of sale of securities to foreign investors or by restriction on investment, all of which could adversely affect the Sub-fund.</p> <p>Many Emerging Markets do not have well developed regulatory systems and disclosure standards. In addition, accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, and other regulatory practices and disclosure requirements (in terms of the nature, quality and timeliness of information disclosed to investors) applicable to companies in Emerging Markets are often less rigorous than in developed markets. Accordingly, investment opportunities may be more difficult to properly assess.</p> <p>Adverse market and political conditions arising in a specific Emerging Market country may spread to other countries within the region.</p> <p>Political risks and adverse economic circumstances (including the risk of expropriation and nationalisation) are more likely to arise in these markets, putting the value of the investment at risk.</p> <p>These factors may lead to temporary suspension of dealing units in the Sub-fund.</p>			✓		✓		
Funds investing in specific countries, regions, sectors and asset classes	<p>Sub-funds investing in specific countries, regions, sectors or asset classes may be more volatile and carry a higher risk to capital than funds investing in a broader investment universe. This is because the former are more vulnerable to market sentiment specific to the country region/sector/asset class in which they invest compared with the latter which may be invested across several regions, sectors and asset classes.</p>	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓
Sub-funds buying Dividends	<p>On occasions, the Investment Manager may make an investment with a view to securing a particular dividend to enhance distributable income. This can act as a constraint on short-term capital performance.</p>		✓					
Concentrated portfolios	<p>This Sub-fund holds a relatively small number of investments, and as a result, may be more volatile and can be influenced by a small number of large holdings.</p>		✓					✓
Future launch of Hedged Share classes	<p>The ACD may issue hedged Share Classes with market conditions largely dictating the timing of the launch.</p>	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓
Hedged Share classes – no segregation of liabilities between share classes in a fund	<p>Gains or losses arising from currency hedging transactions are borne by the Shareholders of the respective hedged Share Classes. Given that there is no segregation of liabilities between Share Classes, there is a risk that, under certain circumstances, the settlement of currency hedging transactions or the requirement for collateral (if such activity is collateralised) in relation to one Share Class could have an adverse impact on the net asset value of the other Share Classes in issue.</p>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Risk Factors

M&G Investment Funds (3)

44 Risk Factors		M&G Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Dividend Fund	M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	M&G Global Government Bond Fund	M&G Recovery Fund	M&G Smaller Companies Fund
Hedged share class implications for specific share class	<p>The Investment Manager will undertake transactions specifically to reduce the exposure of holders of hedged Share Classes to movements in the material currencies within a fund's portfolio (look through) or to movements in the reference currency, base or Valuation Currency of the Sub-fund (replication), as appropriate. The hedging strategy employed will not completely eliminate the exposure of the hedged Share Classes to currency movements and no assurance can be given that the hedging objective will be achieved. Investors should be aware that the hedging strategy may substantially limit Shareholders of the relevant hedged Share Class from benefiting if the hedged Share Class currency falls against the reference currency. Notwithstanding the hedging of the Share Classes described above, Shareholders in those Share Classes may still be exposed to an element of currency exchange rate risk.</p> <p>During periods when interest rates across currency areas are very similar, the Interest Rate Differential ("IRD") is very small, the impact on hedged share class returns is low. However, in an environment where interest rates are significantly different between the Sub-fund's exposure currency and the hedged share class currency, the IRD will be higher and the performance difference will be greater.</p>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Share class hedging methodology – replication	The Investment Manager undertakes hedging transactions to reduce the effect of exchange rate fluctuations between the currency of the hedged share classes and the U.S. Dollar.			✓				
Share class hedging methodology – replication	The Investment Manager undertakes hedging transactions to reduce the effect of exchange rate fluctuations between the currency of the hedged share classes and the Euro.				✓			
Liabilities of the Fund	Shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Sub-fund. A Shareholder is not liable to make any further payment to the Sub-fund after he has paid in full for the purchase of Shares.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Protected cell – Foreign courts	Whilst the Instrument of Incorporation provides for segregated liability between the Sub-funds, the concept of segregated liability may not be recognised and given effect by a court in certain contexts including where relevant contractual documents involving the Sub-funds are not construed in a manner to provide segregated liability. Where claims are brought by local creditors in foreign courts or under foreign contracts, and the liability relates to one Sub-fund which is unable to discharge its liability, it is not clear whether a foreign court would give effect to the segregated liability contained in the Instrument of Incorporation. Therefore, it is not possible to be certain that the assets of a sub-fund will always be completely insulated from the liabilities of another Sub-fund of the Company in every circumstance.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Regular Redemption Facility	Shareholders using the Regular Redemption Facility should note that such redemptions are treated as disposals for the purposes of Capital Gains Tax. Shareholders should also note that where the annual percentage growth in value of their holding is less than the annual percentage value being redeemed using the Regular Redemption Facility, they will in effect be eroding the capital value of their original investment.		✓					
Negative interest rates	Cash or money market instruments held in the Sub funds are subject to the prevailing interest rates in the specific currency of the asset. There may be situations where the interest rate environment results in rates turning negative. In such situations the Sub-fund may have to pay to have money on deposit or hold the money market instrument.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.1 M&G Corporate Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, than the average return of the IA Sterling Corporate Bond sector over any five-year period.

Investment Policy

At least 70% of the Fund is invested, directly or indirectly through derivatives, in investment grade corporate debt securities. These securities can be issued by companies from anywhere in the world, including Emerging Markets. These securities are denominated in Sterling or hedged back to Sterling.

Other investments may include:

- debt securities issued or guaranteed by governments and their agencies, public authorities, quasi-sovereigns and supranational bodies and denominated in any currency;
- below investment grade and unrated debt securities;
- Asset-Backed Securities; and
- other transferable securities, cash, and near cash, directly or via collective investment schemes (including funds managed by M&G).

Derivatives may be used for investment purposes, Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging.

Investment Approach

The Fund is diversified across a range of investment grade debt securities from a variety of sectors and geographies. The Fund's investment approach is based on the principle that returns from corporate bond markets are driven by a combination of macroeconomic, asset class, sector, geographic and stock-level factors. As different factors dominate returns at different stages of the economic cycle, the fund manager applies a flexible investment approach, changing the blend of duration and credit exposure in the portfolio to weight them appropriately.

Individual credit selection is carried out with the assistance of an in-house team of credit analysts to complement the fund manager's views.

Benchmark: IA Sterling Corporate Bond sector.

The benchmark is a target which the Fund seeks to outperform. The sector has been chosen as the Fund's benchmark as the Fund is a constituent of the sector. The benchmark is used solely to measure the Fund's performance and does not constrain the Fund's portfolio construction.

The Fund is actively managed.

The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the Fund.

For unhedged Share Classes, the benchmark is shown in the Share Class currency.

Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 31 January (Interim); 30 April (Interim); 31 July (Interim)

Investment Minima						
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	1,000	75	1,000	75	75
Euro Class B – Gross Accumulation	EUR	1,000	250	1,000	75	150
Euro Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

U.S. Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
U.S. Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Net Accumulation and Net Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class A – Gross Accumulation	CHF	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Swiss Franc Class C – Gross Accumulation	CHF	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges & Expenses			
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge%	Redemption Charge%	Annual Charge%
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.15
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.65
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.65
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.50
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.90
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.15
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Euro Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	1.40
Euro Class B – Gross Accumulation	N/A	N/A	1.65
Euro Class C – Accumulation and Income	1.25	N/A	0.65
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	1.40
U.S. Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.65
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Net Accumulation and Net Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class A – Gross Accumulation	3.25	N/A	1.40
Swiss Franc Class C – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.65
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	1.40
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	1.25	N/A	0.65
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
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See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge for each Share Class, including any discounts currently applicable can be found at www.mandg.co.uk.

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above.

Investors should be looking to invest for at least five years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	7 March 2002
Valuation Currency	Sterling
Product Reference Number	642960

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.2 M&G Dividend Fund

Investment objective

The Fund has three aims:

- To provide an annual yield higher than that of the FTSE All-Share Index;
- To provide an income stream that increases every year;
- To provide a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, than that of the FTSE All-Share Index over any five-year period.

Investment policy

At least 70% of the Fund is invested in equity securities and equity-related securities of companies across any sector and market capitalisation, that are incorporated, domiciled, listed or do most of their business in the United Kingdom.

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, including the shares of non-UK companies, cash and near cash directly or via collective investment schemes (including funds managed by M&G).

Derivatives may be used for Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging.

Investment Approach

The Fund employs a disciplined approach to investment which concentrates on the analysis and selection of individual companies.

The Fund typically invests in a well-diversified portfolio of high-yielding UK stocks. The yield premium attached to the Fund generally means that there is a bias towards good value, out of favour stocks (i.e. those stocks which the fund manager considered to be undervalued by the market). The emphasis on yield helps to identify stocks that are relatively cheap and to avoid those that are expensive. From the universe of high yielding stocks, the fund manager identifies companies that are competitive, with a strong business franchise and that have attractive dividend growth prospects.

Benchmark: FTSE All-Share Index.

The benchmark is a target which the fund seeks to outperform. The index has been chosen as the fund's benchmark as it best reflects the scope of the fund's investment policy. The benchmark is used solely to measure the fund's performance and does not constrain the fund's portfolio construction.

The fund is actively managed.

The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the fund. The fund's holdings may deviate significantly from the benchmark's constituents.

For unhedged and hedged share classes, the benchmark is shown in the share class currency.

Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 30 April (Interim)

Investment Minima

Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges & Expenses

Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge %	Redemption Charge %	Annual Charge %
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.20
Sterling Class C – Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.70
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	up to 0.70
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	up to 0.70
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and income	N/A	N/A	0.95

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.20
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00

See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge for each Share Class, including any discounts currently applicable can be found at www.mandg.co.uk.

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above. Investors should be looking to invest for at least five years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	7 March 2002
Valuation Currency	Sterling
Product Reference Number	642959

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.3 M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, than that of a composite index* over any five-year period.

*The composite index is made up of one third JPM EMBI Global Diversified Index, one third JPM CEMBI Broad Diversified Index and one third JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Index.

Investment Policy

At least 80% of the Fund is invested, directly or indirectly through derivatives, in Emerging Market debt securities. These securities can be issued or guaranteed by Emerging Market governments and their agencies, public authorities, quasi-sovereigns, supranational bodies and companies that are incorporated, domiciled, listed or do most of their business in Emerging Markets. These securities can be denominated in any currency, including Emerging Market currencies.

Other investments may include:

- Asset-Backed Securities; and
- other transferable securities, cash, and near cash, directly or via collective investment schemes (including funds managed by M&G).

There are no credit quality restrictions applicable to the Fund's investments.

Derivatives may be used for investment purposes, Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging.

Investment Approach

The Fund is globally diversified across a range of Emerging Market debt securities and issuers from a variety of sectors and geographies. The Fund's investment approach is flexible and begins with an assessment of macroeconomic factors such as global risk appetite and the catalysts of global economic growth.

On a regional and country-specific level, factors such as monetary and fiscal policies, capital flows, and political and regulatory environments are assessed. The result of this analysis will help inform the country, currency allocations and duration of the portfolio.

Individual credit selection is carried out with the assistance of an in-house team of credit analysts to complement the fund manager's views.

Benchmark:

A composite index comprising:

- 1/3 JPM EMBI Global Diversified Index
- 1/3 JPM CEMBI Broad Diversified Index
- 1/3 JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Index

The benchmark is a target which the Fund seeks to outperform. The composite index has been chosen as the Fund's benchmark as it best reflects the scope of the Fund's investment policy. The benchmark does not constrain the Fund's portfolio construction.

The Fund is actively managed.

The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which assets to buy, hold and sell in the fund. The Fund's holdings may deviate significantly from the benchmark's constituents.

For unhedged and hedged share classes, the benchmark is shown in the share class currency.

Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 30 April (Interim)

Investment Minima						
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class A-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class I-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	On application	500,000
Sterling Class J-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	On application	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class R-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	On application	500,000
Sterling Class Z-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	On application	500,000
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class A-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
U.S. Dollar Class C-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	500,000	500,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class A-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class C-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges and Expenses

Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge %	Redemption Charge %	Annual Charge %
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.25
Sterling Class A-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.28
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.75
Sterling Class I-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.78
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.75
Sterling Class J-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.78
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.60
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.00

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Sterling Class R-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.03
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.25
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class Z-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.75
Euro Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.78
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Euro Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class A-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	4.00	N/A	1.43
U.S. Dollar Class C-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.78
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.75
U.S. Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.78
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.75
Swiss Franc Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.78
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	4.00	N/A	1.40
Singapore Dollar Class A-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	4.00	N/A	1.43
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.75
Singapore Dollar Class C-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.78
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.75
Singapore Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.78
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00

See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge for each Share Class, including any discounts currently applicable can be found at www.mandg.co.uk

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above.

Investors should be looking to invest for at least three years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	7 March 2002
Valuation Currency	U.S. Dollar
Product Reference Number	642958

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.4 M&G European Corporate Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, than that of the ICE BofAML Euro Corporate Index over any five-year period.

Investment Policy

At least 70% of the Fund is invested, directly or indirectly through derivatives, in investment grade corporate debt securities. These securities can be issued by companies from anywhere in the world, including Emerging Markets. These securities can be denominated in any European currency.

Other investments may include:

- below investment grade and unrated corporate debt securities;
- debt securities issued or guaranteed by governments and their agencies, public authorities, quasi-sovereigns, supranational bodies;
- Asset-Backed Securities; and
- other transferable securities, cash, and near cash, directly or via collective investment schemes (including funds managed by M&G).

At least 70% of the Fund is in Euro or hedged back to Euro.

Derivatives may be used for investment purposes, Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging.

Investment Approach

The Fund is predominantly diversified across a range of Euro denominated investment grade debt securities from a variety of sectors and geographies. The Fund's investment approach is based on the principle that returns from corporate bond markets are driven by a combination of macroeconomic, asset class, sector, geographic and stock-level factors. As different factors dominate returns at different stages of the economic cycle, the fund manager applies a flexible investment approach, changing the blend of duration and credit exposure in the portfolio to weight them appropriately.

Individual credit selection is carried out with the assistance of an in-house team of credit analysts to complement the fund manager's views.

Benchmark: ICE BofAML Euro Corporate Index.

The benchmark is a target which the Fund seeks to outperform. The index has been chosen as the Fund's benchmark as it best reflects the scope of the Fund's investment policy. The benchmark is used solely to measure the Fund's performance and does not constrain the Fund's portfolio construction.

The Fund is actively managed.

The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the Fund. The Fund's holdings may deviate significantly from the benchmark's constituents.

For unhedged Share Classes, the benchmark is shown in the Share Class currency. For currency hedged Share Classes, the benchmark is hedged to the Share Class currency.

Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 31 January (Interim); 30 April (Interim); 31 July (Interim)

Investment Minima						
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class A-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class I-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class J-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class R-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class Z-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class B – Gross Accumulation	EUR	1,000	250	1,000	75	150
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
U.S. Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class A – Gross Accumulation	CHF	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Swiss Franc Class C – Gross Accumulation	CHF	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	On application	500,000
Swiss Franc Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	On application	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	On application	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	On application	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class A-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class C-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges & Expenses

Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge %	Redemption Charge %	Annual Charge %
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.15
Sterling Class A-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.18
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.65
Sterling Class I-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.68
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.65
Sterling Class J-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.68
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.65
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.90

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Sterling Class R-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.93
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.15
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class Z-H (hedged) – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Euro Class B – Gross Accumulation	N/A	1.00	1.65
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
Euro Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.68
Euro Class Z (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Euro Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	1.15
U.S. Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.65
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
U.S. Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.68
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class A – Gross Accumulation	3.25	N/A	1.15
Swiss Franc Class C – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.65
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
Swiss Franc Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.68
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	1.15
Singapore Dollar Class A-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	1.18
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.65
Singapore Dollar Class C-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.68
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.65
Singapore Dollar Class J-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.68
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class Z-H (hedged) – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00

See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge including any discounts currently applicable to each Share Class per Sub-Fund can be found at www.mandg.co.uk.

Appendix 1

Details of Sub-funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above.

Investors should be looking to invest for at least five years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	13 January 2003
Valuation Currency	Euro
Product Reference Number	642955

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.5 M&G Global Government Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, than the average return of the IA Global Bond sector over any five-year period.

Investment Policy

At least 70% of the Fund is invested, directly or indirectly through derivatives, in investment grade debt securities. These securities can be issued or guaranteed by governments and their agencies, public authorities, quasi-sovereigns, and supranational bodies from anywhere in the world, including Emerging Markets. These securities can be denominated in any currency.

Other investments may include:

- below investment grade debt securities, issued or guaranteed by governments and their agencies, public authorities, quasi-sovereigns and supranational bodies;
- Asset Backed Securities; and
- other transferable securities, cash, and near cash, directly or via collective investment schemes (including funds managed by M&G).

Derivatives may be used for investment purposes, Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging.

Investment Approach

The Fund is globally diversified across a range of government debt securities and issuers from a variety of sectors and geographies. The Fund's investment approach is flexible and begins with an assessment of macroeconomic factors such as expectations on interest rates, inflation and economic growth.

On a regional and country-specific level, factors such as monetary and fiscal policies, capital flows, and political and regulatory environments are assessed. The result of this analysis helps to inform the country, currency allocations and duration of the portfolio.

Individual credit selection is carried out with the assistance of an in-house team of credit analysts to complement the fund manager's views.

Benchmark: IA Global Bond sector

The benchmark is a target against which the Fund seeks to outperform. The sector has been chosen as the Fund's benchmark as the Fund is a constituent of the sector. The benchmark is used solely to measure the Fund's performance and does not constrain the Fund's portfolio construction.

The Fund is actively managed.

The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the Fund.

For unhedged and hedged share classes, the benchmark is shown in the share class currency.

Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 30 April (Interim)

Investment Minima						
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Euro Class C – Gross Accumulation	EUR	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	USD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
U.S. Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation	USD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

U.S. Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Net Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class A – Gross Accumulation	CHF	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Swiss Franc Class C – Gross Accumulation	CHF	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class A - Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges & Expenses

Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge %	Redemption Charge %	Annual Charge %
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.05
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.55
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.55
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.55
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.80
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Euro Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	4.00	N/A	1.05
Euro Class C – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.55
Euro Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.55
Euro Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	4.00	N/A	1.05
U.S. Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.55
U.S. Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.55
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class A – Gross Accumulation	4.00	N/A	1.05
Swiss Franc Class C – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.55
Swiss Franc Class J – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.55
Swiss Franc Class Z – Gross Accumulation	1.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	4.00	N/A	1.05
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.55
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	Up to 0.55
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	1.25	N/A	0.00

See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge including any discounts currently applicable to each Share Class per Sub-fund can be found at www.mandg.co.uk.

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above.

Investors should be looking to invest for at least five years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	7 March 2002*
Valuation Currency	U.S. Dollar
Product Reference Number	642964

*The Fund was created as a result of the conversion of the M&G International Sovereign Bond Fund unit trust which had been launched on 4 October 1999. The last significant change to the Fund's investment objective and/or investment policy occurred on 1 July 2014, when it was also renamed.

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.6 M&G Recovery Fund

Investment objective

The Fund aims to provide a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, than that of the FTSE All-Share Index over any five-year period.

Investment policy

At least 80% of the Fund is invested directly in equity securities and equity-related securities of companies across any sectors and market capitalisations that are incorporated, domiciled, listed or do most of their business in the United Kingdom.

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities directly and via collective investment schemes (including funds managed by M&G).

The Fund may also hold cash and near cash for liquidity purposes.

Derivatives may be used for Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging.

Investment approach

The Fund employs a disciplined approach to investment which concentrates on the analysis and selection of individual companies.

Recovery investing focuses on companies that have experienced difficulties but have the potential to deliver returns for shareholders through their turnaround over the long term.

The Fund looks to benefit from the market's inefficiency in valuing companies going through short-term challenges. This enables the fund manager to identify companies whose long-term prospects have been under-appreciated by the market.

When analysing a company, the fund manager focuses on three key factors: people, strategy and cashflow. Developing a constructive dialogue with company management is fundamental to the investment process.

The investment approach means the fund manager is prepared to take a contrarian view and consider areas that are out of favour with other investors. To take this contrarian view, the fund manager focuses on company management, their turnaround strategy and the businesses' ability to generate cashflow.

The fund manager expects individual cases of companies recovering to be the main driver of performance rather than individual sectors and the macroeconomic environment.

The fund manager takes a long-term view with a typical holding period of five years or more.

Benchmark: FTSE All-Share Index.

The benchmark is a target which the fund seeks to outperform. The index has been chosen as the fund's benchmark as it best reflects the scope of the fund's investment policy. The benchmark is used solely to measure the fund's performance and does not constrain the fund's portfolio construction.

The fund is actively managed.

The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the fund. The fund's holdings may deviate significantly from the benchmark's constituents.

For unhedged and hedged share classes, the benchmark is shown in the share class currency. Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 30 April (Interim)

Investment Minima						
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Euro Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	EUR	1,000	75	1,000	75	75
Euro Class B – Net Accumulation and Net Income	EUR	1,000	250	1,000	75	150
Euro Class C – Net Accumulation and Net Income	EUR	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Euro Class J – Net Accumulation and Net Income	EUR	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Euro Class Z – Net Accumulation and Net Income	EUR	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	USD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
U.S. Dollar Class C – Net Accumulation and Net Income	USD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
U.S. Dollar Class J – Net Accumulation and Net Income	USD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Net Accumulation and Net Income	USD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	CHF	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Swiss Franc Class C – Net Accumulation and Net Income	CHF	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Swiss Franc Class J – Net Accumulation	CHF	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Swiss Franc Class Z – Net Accumulation	CHF	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	1,000	75	1,000	N/A	75
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	500,000	50,000	500,000	N/A	50,000
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	SGD	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges & Expenses

Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge %	Redemption Charge %	Annual Charge %
Sterling Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	N/A	N/A	1.35
Sterling Class C – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.85
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.85
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.65
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.10
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.35
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Euro Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	5.25	N/A	1.65
Euro Class B – Net Accumulation and Net Income	N/A	N/A	1.90
Euro Class C – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	0.85
Euro Class J – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	Up to 0.85
Euro Class Z – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	0.00
U.S. Dollar Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	5.25	N/A	1.65
U.S. Dollar Class C – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	0.85
U.S. Dollar Class J – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	Up to 0.85
U.S. Dollar Class Z – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	0.00
Swiss Franc Class A – Net Accumulation and Net Income	5.25	N/A	1.65
Swiss Franc Class C – Net Accumulation and Net Income	3.25	N/A	0.85
Swiss Franc Class J – Net Accumulation	3.25	N/A	Up to 0.85
Swiss Franc Class Z – Net Accumulation	3.25	N/A	0.00
Singapore Dollar Class A – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	5.25	N/A	1.65
Singapore Dollar Class C – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	0.85
Singapore Dollar Class J – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	Up to 0.85
Singapore Dollar Class Z – Gross Accumulation and Gross Income	3.25	N/A	0.00

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge including any discounts currently applicable to each Share Class per Sub-fund can be found at www.mandg.co.uk.

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above. Investors should be looking to invest for at least five years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	7 March 2002
Valuation Currency	Sterling
Product Reference Number	642963

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

1.7 M&G Smaller Companies Fund

Investment objective

The Fund aims to deliver a higher total return (the combination of capital growth and income) than the Numis Smaller Companies Index (excluding Investment Companies), net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, over any five year period.

Investment policy

At least 80% of the Fund is invested in UK smaller companies. These are UK listed companies which, at the initial time of purchase, are:

- in the bottom 10% (by market capitalisation) of the FTSE All-Share index, or
- in the Numis Smaller Companies Index (excluding Investment Companies), or
- listed on the Alternative Investment Market.

The Fund may also invest in collective investment schemes and other transferable securities.

Cash and near cash may be held for ancillary purposes and derivatives, including warrants, may be used for Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging purposes.

Investment approach

The fund manager takes a bottom-up approach to stockpicking and aims to construct a well-diversified portfolio. A long-term perspective is adopted with particular focus placed on 'growth drivers', competitive advantage, change, quality of management and valuation.

When a company held by the Fund grows such that it no longer has the characteristics of a smaller company, the fund manager will reduce the holding in a manner and timescale best suited to meeting the Fund's objective.

Benchmark: Numis Smaller Companies Index excluding Investment Companies.

The benchmark is a target which the Fund seeks to outperform. The index has been chosen as the Fund's benchmark as it best reflects the scope of the Fund's investment policy. The benchmark is used to measure the Fund's performance and, together with the other index, and the Alternative Investment Market constrains the Fund's portfolio construction as they define the investment universe of the Fund.

The Fund is actively managed.

Within the given constraints, the fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the Fund. The Fund's holdings may deviate significantly from the benchmark's constituents.

For unhedged and hedged Share Classes, the benchmark is shown in the Share Class currency.

Other information: The Fund is not a feeder UCITS and will not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

Accounting reference date: 30 June

Income allocation date: On or before 31 October (Final); 30 April (Interim)

Investment Minima						
Share Classes/types in issue or available for issue	Currency	Lump sum initial Investment	Lump sum subsequent investment	Lump sum holding	Regular saving (per month)	Redemption
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class C – Income	GBP	500,000	25,000	500,000	N/A	25,000
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	GBP	200,000,000	500,000	200,000,000	N/A	500,000
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500,000	10,000	500,000	N/A	10,000
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	GBP	500	100	500	10	100
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	GBP	20,000,000	500,000	20,000,000	N/A	500,000

Information on which Share Classes are currently being issued can be found on www.mandg.com/classesinissue.

Charges & Expenses			
Share Classes in issue or available for issue	Initial Charge %	Redemption Charge %	Annual Charge %
Sterling Class A – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.35
Sterling Class C – Income	N/A	N/A	0.00
Sterling Class I – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.85
Sterling Class J – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.85
Sterling Class PP – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	Up to 0.85
Sterling Class R – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.10

Appendix 1

Details of the Sub-Funds of M&G Investment Funds (3)

Sterling Class X – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	1.35
Sterling Class Z – Accumulation and Income	N/A	N/A	0.00

See section 28. Charges and Expenses above for further detail on the charges, and the potential discount to the Annual Charge. The current Annual Charge including any discounts currently applicable to each Share Class per Sub-fund can be found at www.mandg.co.uk.

Investor Profile

This Fund is suitable for all types of investors, with basic investment knowledge, seeking to invest in an actively managed fund pursuing the objective and investment policy of the Fund as described above.

Investors should be looking to invest for at least five years and should appreciate that their capital will be at risk and that the value of their investment and any derived income may fall as well as rise.

Other Information

Investment Manager	M&G Investment Management Limited
Valuation point	12.00 noon UK time
Launch date	7 March 2002
Valuation Currency	Sterling
Product Reference Number	642961

This section contains additional information relevant to investors in Germany and Austria. It should always be read in conjunction with the whole of the prospectus issued by the Company. Should you require further information or have any queries regarding the contents of this section, please consult your investment adviser or contact our Customer Services Department on +49 (0)69 1338 6767.

Please note that the following information on the settlement of share transactions does not apply to you if you are buying investment shares via a bank or fund platform. If this is the case, please direct inquiries relating to settlement terms to your bank from which you will receive your settlement confirmations and further information on your securities account. In such cases our Customer Services Department will be pleased to provide you with general information on the M&G funds licensed for public sale in Germany.

Investors in Germany and Austria are advised to invest in euro class shares for which all the services described here are provided and tax proofs are available. M&G Investments expressly points out that investing in sterling class shares will result in tax disadvantages for investors subject to German or Austrian income tax as these share classes offer no guarantee of the provision of specific tax proofs.

1. Sub-funds and share classes available

Not all Sub-funds are authorised for public distribution in Germany and Austria.

Germany:

With respect to the following Sub-funds no registration notification has been filed with BaFin or they have been deregistered in Germany and consequently Shares in the following Sub-funds may not be publicly distributed in Germany:

- M&G Smaller Companies Fund,
- M&G Dividend Fund,
- M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund,
- M&G European Corporate Bond Fund.

Austria:

In Austria under section 140 sub-section 1 Austrian Investment Fund Law 2011 (InvFG 2011) only the following Sub-funds are authorised for public sale:

- M&G Corporate Bond Fund,
- M&G Global Government Bond Fund,
- M&G Recovery Fund.

As far as Austrian investors are concerned, therefore, the following information relates to these Sub-funds only.

Net euro-denominated accumulation shares in classes A and C are currently available to investors in Germany and Austria. Details of these share classes are provided in the relevant section of the prospectus.

2. Shareholder Service

In order to provide optimum support for investors in Germany and Austria, M&G Securities SA has opened a German office which will provide all its services in German.

All applications to buy, redeem or exchange investment shares and any questions or complaints relating to Shares in the Company should be written in German or English and sent to our Customer Services Department which can be contacted on:

M&G International Investments SA
Niederlassung Deutschland
mainBuilding
Tautanusanlage 19

60325 Frankfurt am Main

Tel.: +49 (0) 69 1338 6767

Fax: +49 (0) 69 1338 6731

3. Initial investments

Investors in Germany and Austria wishing to invest in Sub-funds within the Company should contact our Customer Services Department which will be pleased to provide them with the forms required to open an account along with other information.

The completed forms must be received before 9.30 am German time on a business day in order for the investment account to be opened and the buying order to be executed at the share price valid on that day. The minimum subscription amount is given in Appendix 1.

Investors' share ownership will be evidenced by an entry in the name of M&G International Investments Nominee Limited, 10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG (the "Nominee") on the Company's register of Shareholders. This service is available to Shareholders free of charge.

Investors will receive a contract note with details of their purchase, including the number of shares held by the nominee for their account and the applicable settlement date.

Payment for shares should be made by bank transfer to the account of the Company by the settlement date quoted on the contract note. Please note that M&G International Investments SA does not accept cheques or cash.

4. Initial Charge

The ACD may impose a charge on the buying of Shares. This charge is a percentage of the total amount of your investment and is deducted from your investment before Shares are purchased e.g. if a EUR 1,000 investment was made into a Fund with a 5.25% initial charge the initial charge will be deducted from the EUR 1,000 investment resulting in EUR 947.50 being invested into the Fund.

The current level of the initial charge levied in relation to a Fund is set out in Appendix 1 whereby the ACD has the right to grant discounts to such charges. The initial charge may only be increased in accordance with the COLL Sourcebook and after the ACD has revised the prospectus to reflect the increased rate.

5. Subsequent Investments

Subsequent purchase instructions can be sent directly to M&G Securities SA by Fax or Post.

Any such purchase instruction should state the investor's account number (which is stated on each contract note), the name of the investor, the name of the Sub-fund into which the money shall be invested and the respective share class (ISIN Code). In the absence of such instructions, it will not be possible to process the purchase order and the money will be returned without interest and at the expense of the sender. The minimum amount for a subsequent investment per Sub-fund and share class is disclosed in Appendix 1. Orders received by 11.30 am local German time on a UK business day will be processed at that day's valuation point. Any orders received after this time will be carried forward to the next available valuation point.

The investors' attention is drawn to the fact that any subsequent investment in shares of the Company is subject to the provisions of the prospectus as effective at the time of purchase that our Customer Services Team will gladly provide you with upon request.

6. Redemptions

Investors may redeem their shares by sending an instruction directly to M&G International Investments SA by Fax or Post.

Orders received by 11.30 am local German time on a UK business day will be processed at that day's valuation point. Any orders received after this time will be carried forward to the next available valuation point.

The minimum amount for redemptions per Sub-fund and share class is disclosed in Appendix 1.

Redemption proceeds will be paid to investor by bank transfer by the settlement date quoted on the contract note.

Investors should take into account that the processing time needed by banks involved in such transfer may differ and that it can therefore not be guaranteed that the redemption proceeds will be credited to the investor's bank account within the aforementioned period.

The redemption of shares may not result in the value of the account falling below the minimum holding per Sub-fund disclosed in Appendix 1.

If, as a result of a redemption instruction, the value of the account would fall below the above mentioned minimum holding thresholds, M&G reserves the right to consider the respective request as a request for a total redemption of all Shares held in that class of Sub-fund for such account.

7. Switching

Investors have the right to switch Shares they hold in one Sub-fund of the Company for Shares in another Sub-fund subject to the provisions of the prospectus and to the minimum holding thresholds disclosed in Appendix 1.

Orders received by 11.30 am local German time on a UK business day will be processed at that day's valuation point. Any orders received after this time will be carried forward to the next available valuation point.

8. Paying Agent in Austria

Société Générale

Zweigniederlassung Wien

Prinz Eugen-Strasse 8-10/5/Top 11

1040 Wien

With effect from 1 December 2016, the aforementioned bank has taken on the role of paying agent in Austria.

On request, Shareholders in Austria can obtain redemption proceeds, dividends and other payments via the Austrian paying agent.

Applications to redeem Shares can also be sent to the Austrian paying agent who will forward them to the Company without delay.

9. Information Agents

Germany	Austria
M&G International Investments SA	Société Générale
Niederlassung Deutschland mainBuilding	Zweigniederlassung Wien
Taunusanlage 19	Prinz Eugen-Straße 8-10/5/Top11,
60325 Frankfurt am Main	1040 Wien

Hardcopies of the Prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) and the Company's Instrument of Incorporation together with annual and semi-annual financial reports, issue and redemption prices of Shares and information on interim profits and income deemed distributed can be obtained free of charge from the aforementioned information agents. The documents listed in section 34.4 "Documents of the Company" are also available for inspection during normal business hours at the premises of the German and Austrian information agents. The information agents in Germany and Austria also hold the additional information which is made available to investors at the Company's registered office in London, England.

10. Publications

The issue and redemption prices, together with details of interim profits and income deemed distributed are published on trading days in Germany on "www.fundinfo.com". Notices to investors are also published on this website. In the cases listed in section § 298 sub-section 2 German Investment Code (Kapitalanlagegesetzbuch, KAGB) Shareholders will also be informed by means of a "durable medium" within the meaning of section 167 KAGB. In addition, information may also be published in any other media which the Company deems appropriate. Share prices are also available online at www.mandg.com.

11. German Investment Act Fund Classification

The following fund qualifies as an mutual equity fund (continuously invests in more than 51% of equity participations throughout the accounting period) in accordance with the German Investment Tax Act as applicable from 1 January 2018 onwards.

- M&G Recovery Fund.

1 The ACD's investment policy may mean that at times, where it is considered appropriate, the property of each Sub-fund will not be fully invested and that prudent levels of liquidity will be maintained.

1.1 Treatment of obligations

Where the COLL Sourcebook allows a transaction to be entered into or an investment to be retained only (for example, investment in warrants and nil and partly paid securities and the general power to accept or underwrite) if possible obligations arising out of the investment transactions or out of the retention would not cause any breach of any limits in COLL 5, it must be assumed that the maximum possible liability of the Company under any other of those rules has also to be provided for.

Where a rule in the COLL Sourcebook permits an investment transaction to be entered into or an investment to be retained only if that investment transaction, or the retention, or other similar transactions, are covered:

- 1.1.1 it must be assumed that in applying any of those rules, each Sub-fund must also simultaneously satisfy any other obligation relating to cover; and
- 1.1.2 no element of cover must be used more than once.

1.2 UCITS schemes: permitted types of scheme property

The scheme property of a Sub-fund must, except where otherwise provided by COLL 5, and subject to its investment objective and policy, consist solely of any or all of:

- 1.2.1 transferable securities;
- 1.2.2 approved money-market instruments;
- 1.2.3 units in collective investment schemes;
- 1.2.4 derivatives and forward transactions;
- 1.2.5 deposits; and
- 1.2.6 movable and immovable property that is necessary for the direct pursuit of the Company's business; in accordance with the rules in COLL 5.2.

1.3 Transferable Securities

1.3.1 A transferable security is an investment falling within article 76 (Shares etc), article 77 (Instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness), article 78 (Government and public securities), article 79 (Instruments giving entitlement to investments) and article 80 (Certificates representing certain securities) of the Regulated Activities Order.

1.3.2 An investment is not a transferable security if the title to it cannot be transferred, or can be transferred only with the consent of a third party.

1.3.3 In applying paragraph 1.3.2 to an investment which is issued by a body corporate, and which is an investment falling within articles 76 (Shares, etc) or 77 (Instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness) of the Regulated Activities Order, the need for any consent on the part of the body corporate or any members or debenture holders of it may be ignored.

1.3.4 An investment is not a transferable security unless the liability of the holder of it to contribute to the debts of the issuer is limited to any amount for the time being unpaid by the holder of it in respect of the investment.

2 Investment in transferable securities

2.1 A Sub-fund may invest in a transferable security only to the extent that the transferable security fulfils the following criteria:

2.1.1 the potential loss which the Sub-fund may incur with respect to holding the transferable security is limited to the amount paid for it;

2.1.2 its liquidity does not compromise the ability of the ACD to comply with its obligation to redeem units at the request of any qualifying Shareholder (see COLL 6.2.16R(3));

2.1.3 reliable valuation is available for it as follows:

2.1.3.1 in the case of a transferable security admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there are accurate, reliable and regular prices which are either market prices or prices made available by valuation systems independent from issuers;

2.1.3.2 in the case of a transferable security not admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there is a valuation on a periodic basis which is derived from information from the issuer of the transferable security or from competent investment research;

2.1.4 appropriate information is available for it as follows:

2.1.4.1 in the case of a transferable security admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there is regular, accurate and comprehensive information available to the market on the transferable security or, where relevant, on the portfolio of the transferable security;

2.1.4.2 in the case of a transferable security not admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there is regular and accurate information available to the ACD on the transferable security or, where relevant, on the portfolio of the transferable security;

2.1.5 it is negotiable; and

2.1.6 its risks are adequately captured by the risk management process of the ACD.

2.2 Unless there is information available to the ACD that would lead to a different determination, a transferable security which is admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market shall be presumed:

2.2.1 not to compromise the ability of the ACD to comply with its obligation to redeem units at the request of any qualifying Shareholder; and

2.2.2 to be negotiable.

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2.3 Not more than 5% in value of a Sub-fund is to consist of warrants.

3 Closed end funds constituting transferable securities

3.1 A unit in a closed end fund shall be taken to be a transferable security for the purposes of investment by a Sub-fund, provided it fulfils the criteria for transferable securities set out in section 2, and either:

3.1.1 where the closed end fund is constituted as an investment company or a unit trust:

3.1.1.1 it is subject to corporate governance mechanisms applied to companies; and

3.1.1.2 where another person carries out asset management activity on its behalf, that person is subject to national regulation for the purpose of investor protection; or

3.1.2 where the closed end fund is constituted under the law of contract:

3.1.2.1 it is subject to corporate governance mechanisms equivalent to those applied to companies; and

3.1.2.2 it is managed by a person who is subject to national regulation for the purpose of investor protection.

4 Transferable securities linked to other assets

4.1 A Sub-fund may invest in any other investment which shall be taken to be a transferable security for the purposes of investment by a Sub-fund provided the investment:

4.1.1 fulfils the criteria for transferable securities set out in section 2 above; and

4.1.2 is backed by or linked to the performance of other assets, which may differ from those in which a Sub-fund can invest.

4.2 Where an investment in 4.1 contains an embedded derivative component (see COLL 5.2.19R(3A)), the requirements of this section with respect to derivatives and forwards will apply to that component.

5 Approved Money Market Instruments

Only M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and M&G Global Government Bond Fund may invest in money-market instruments.

5.1 An approved money-market instrument is a money-market instrument which is normally dealt in on the money market, is liquid and has a value which can be accurately determined at any time.

5.2 A money-market instrument shall be regarded as normally dealt in on the money market if it:

5.2.1 has a maturity at issuance of up to and including 397 days;

5.2.2 has a residual maturity of up to and including 397 days;

5.2.3 undergoes regular yield adjustments in line with money market conditions at least every 397 days; or

5.2.4 has a risk profile, including credit and interest rate risks, corresponding to that of an

instrument which has a maturity as set out in 5.2.1 or 5.2.2 or is subject to yield adjustments as set out in 5.2.3.

5.3 A money-market instrument shall be regarded as liquid if it can be sold at limited cost in an adequately short time frame, taking into account the obligation of the ACD to redeem units at the request of any qualifying Shareholder (see COLL 6.2.16R(3)).

5.4 A money-market instrument shall be regarded as having a value which can be accurately determined at any time if accurate and reliable valuations systems, which fulfil the following criteria, are available:

5.4.1 enabling the ACD to calculate a net asset value in accordance with the value at which the instrument held in the portfolio could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction; and

5.4.2 based either on market data or on valuation models including systems based on amortised costs.

5.5 A money-market instrument that is normally dealt in on the money market and is admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market shall be presumed to be liquid and have a value which can be accurately determined at any time unless there is information available to the ACD that would lead to a different determination.

6 Transferable securities and money market instruments generally to be admitted or dealt in on an Eligible Market

6.1 Transferable securities and approved money market instruments held within a Sub-fund must be:

6.1.1 admitted to or dealt on an eligible market (as described in paragraphs 7.3.1 or 7.4); or

6.1.2 dealt on an eligible market as described (in paragraph 7.3.2);

6.1.3 for an approved money market instrument not admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, within 8.1; or

6.1.4 recently issued transferable securities provided that:

6.1.4.1 the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made to be admitted to an eligible market; and

6.1.4.2 such admission is secured within a year of issue.

6.2 However, a Sub-fund may invest no more than 10% of the scheme property in transferable securities and approved money-market instruments other than those referred to in 6.1.

7 Eligible markets regime: purpose

7.1 To protect investors the markets on which investments of a Sub-fund are dealt in or traded on should be of an adequate quality ("eligible") at the time of acquisition of the investment and until it is sold.

7.2 Where a market ceases to be eligible, investments on that market cease to be approved securities. The 10% restriction on investing in non approved securities applies and exceeding this limit because a market ceases to be eligible will generally be regarded as an inadvertent breach.

7.3 A market is eligible for the purposes of the rules if it is:

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- 7.3.1 a regulated market; or
- 7.3.2 a market in an EEA State which is regulated, operates regularly and is open to the public; or
- 7.3.3 any market within 7.4.
- 7.4 A market not falling within paragraph 7.3 is eligible for the purposes of COLL 5 if:
- 7.4.1 the ACD, after consultation with and notification to the Depositary, decides that market is appropriate for investment of, or dealing in, the Scheme Property;
- 7.4.2 the market is included in a list in the Prospectus; and
- 7.4.3 the Depositary has taken reasonable care to determine that:
- 7.4.3.1 adequate custody arrangements can be provided for the investment dealt in on that market; and
- 7.4.3.2 all reasonable steps have been taken by the ACD in deciding whether that market is eligible.
- 7.5 In paragraph 7.4.1, a market must not be considered appropriate unless it is regulated, operates regularly, is recognised as a market or exchange or as a self regulatory organisation by an overseas regulator, is open to the public, is adequately liquid and has adequate arrangements for unimpeded transmission of income and capital to or for the order of investors.
- 7.6 The eligible markets in which a Sub-fund may invest are set out in Appendix 3.
- ## 8 Money-market instruments with a regulated issuer
- 8.1 In addition to instruments admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, a Sub-fund may invest in an approved money-market instrument provided it fulfils the following requirements:
- 8.1.1 the issue or the issuer is regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings; and
- 8.1.2 the instrument is issued or guaranteed in accordance with section 9 below.
- 8.2 The issue or the issuer of a money-market instrument, other than one dealt in on an eligible market, shall be regarded as regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings if:
- 8.2.1 the instrument is an approved money-market instrument;
- 8.2.2 appropriate information is available for the instrument (including information which allows an appropriate assessment of the credit risks related to investment in it), in accordance with section 10 below; and
- 8.2.3 the instrument is freely transferable.
- ## 9 Issuers and guarantors of money-market instruments
- 9.1 A Sub-fund may invest in an approved money-market instrument if it is:
- 9.1.1 issued or guaranteed by any one of the following:
- 9.1.1.1 a central authority of an EEA State or, if the EEA State is a federal state, one of the members making up the federation;
- 9.1.1.2 a regional or local authority of an EEA State;
- 9.1.1.3 the European Central Bank or a central bank of an EEA State;
- 9.1.1.4 the European Union or the European Investment Bank;
- 9.1.1.5 a non-EEA State or, in the case of a federal state, one of the members making up the federation;
- 9.1.1.6 a public international body to which one or more EEA States belong; or
- 9.1.2 issued by a body, any securities of which are dealt in on an eligible market; or
- 9.1.3 issued or guaranteed by an establishment which is:
- 9.1.3.1 subject to prudential supervision in accordance with criteria defined by Community law; or
- 9.1.3.2 subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the FCA to be at least as stringent as those laid down by Community law.
- 9.2 An establishment shall be considered to satisfy the requirement in 9.1.3.2 if it is subject to and complies with prudential rules, and fulfils one or more of the following criteria:
- 9.2.1 it is located in the European Economic Area;
- 9.2.2 it is located in an OECD country belonging to the Group of Ten;
- 9.2.3 it has at least investment grade rating;
- 9.2.4 on the basis of an in-depth analysis of the issuer, it can be demonstrated that the prudential rules applicable to that issuer are at least as stringent as those laid down by Community law.
- ## 10 Appropriate information for money-market instruments
- 10.1 In the case of an approved money-market instrument within 9.1.2 or issued by a body of the type referred to in 11 below; or which is issued by an authority within 9.1.1.2 or a public international body within 9.1.1.6 but is not guaranteed by a central authority within 9.1.1.1, the following information must be available:
- 10.1.1 information on both the issue or the issuance programme, and the legal and financial situation of the issuer prior to the issue of the instrument, verified by appropriately qualified third parties not subject to instructions from the issuer;
- 10.1.2 updates of that information on a regular basis and whenever a significant event occurs; and
- 10.1.3 available and reliable statistics on the issue or the issuance programme.
- 10.2 In the case of an approved money-market instrument issued or guaranteed by an establishment within 9.1.3, the following information must be available:
- 10.2.1 information on the issue or the issuance programme or on the legal and financial situation of the issuer prior to the issue of the instrument;

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- 10.2.2 updates of that information on a regular basis and whenever a significant event occurs; and
- 10.2.3 available and reliable statistics on the issue or the issuance programme, or other data enabling an appropriate assessment of the credit risks related to investment in those instruments.
- 10.3 In the case of an approved money-market instrument:
- 10.3.1 within 9.1.1.1, 9.1.1.4 or 9.1.1.5; or
- 10.3.2 which is issued by an authority within 9.1.1.2 or a public international body within 9.1.1.6 and is guaranteed by a central authority within 9.1.1.1.
- 10.4 information must be available on the issue or the issuance programme, or on the legal and financial situation of the issuer prior to the issue of the instrument.
- 11 Spread: general**
- 11.1 This section 11 on spread does not apply in respect of a transferable security or an approved money-market instrument to which COLL 5.2.12R (Spread: government and public securities) applies.
- 11.2 For the purposes of this requirement companies included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts as defined in accordance with Directive 83/349/EU or in the same group in accordance with international accounting standards are regarded as a single body.
- 11.3 Not more than 20% in value of the Scheme Property is to consist of deposits with a single body.
- 11.4 Not more than 5% in value of the Scheme Property is to consist of transferable securities or approved money-market instruments issued by any single body.
- 11.5 The limit of 5% in paragraph 11.4 is raised to 10% in respect of up to 40% in value of the Scheme Property. Covered bonds need not be taken into account for the purpose of applying the limit of 40%. The limit of 5% in 11.4 is raised to 25% in value of the Scheme Property in respect of covered bonds, provided that when a Sub-fund invests more than 5% in covered bonds issued by a single body, the total value of covered bonds held must not exceed 80% in value of the Scheme Property.
- 11.6 In applying paragraphs 11.4 and 11.5 certificates representing certain securities are treated as equivalent to the underlying security.
- 11.7 The exposure to any one counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction must not exceed 5% in value of the Scheme Property. This limit is raised to 10% where the counterparty is an Approved Bank.
- 11.8 Not more than 20% in value of a Sub-fund is to consist of transferable securities and approved money market instruments issued by the same group (as referred to in paragraph 11.2).
- 11.9 Not more than 10% in value of a Sub-fund is to consist of the units of any one collective investment scheme.
- 11.10 In applying the limits in paragraphs 11.3, 11.4, 11.5, 11.6 and 11.7 and in relation to a single body, not more than 20% in value of the Scheme Property is to consist of any combination of two or more of the following:
- 11.10.1 transferable securities (including covered bonds) or approved money market instruments issued by that body; or
- 11.10.2 deposits made by that body; or
- 11.10.3 exposures from OTC derivatives transactions made with that body.
- 11.11 For the purpose of calculating the limits in 11.7 and 11.10, the exposure in respect of an OTC derivative may be reduced to the extent that collateral is held in respect of it if the collateral meets each of the conditions specified in 11.12.
- 11.12 The conditions referred to in 11.11 are that the collateral:
- 11.12.1 is marked-to-market on a daily basis and exceeds the value of the amount at risk;
- 11.12.2 is exposed only to negligible risks (e.g. government bonds of first credit rating or cash) and is liquid;
- 11.12.3 is held by a third party custodian not related to the provider or is legally secured from the consequences of a failure of a related party; and
- 11.12.4 can be fully enforced by a Sub-fund at any time.
- 11.13 For the purpose of calculating the limits in 11.7 and 11.10, OTC derivative positions with the same counterparty may be netted provided that the netting procedures:
- 11.13.1 comply with the conditions set out in Section 3 (Contractual netting (Contracts for novation and other netting agreements)) of Annex III to Directive 2000/12/EC; and
- 11.13.2 are based on legally binding agreements.
- 11.14 In applying this rule, all derivatives transactions are deemed to be free of counterparty risk if they are performed on an exchange where the clearing house meets each of the following conditions:
- 11.14.1 it is backed by an appropriate performance guarantee; and
- 11.14.2 it is characterised by a daily mark-to-market valuation of the derivative positions and an at least daily margining.
- 12 Spread: Government and public securities**
- 12.1 This section applies in respect of a transferable security or an approved money-market instrument ("such securities") that is issued by:
- 12.1.1 an EEA State;
- 12.1.2 a local authority of an EEA State;
- 12.1.3 a non-EEA State; or
- 12.1.4 a public international body to which one or more EEA States belong.
- 12.2 Where no more than 35% in value of the Scheme Property is invested in such securities issued by any one body, there is no limit on the amount which may be invested in such securities or in any one issue.
- 12.3 Subject to its investment objective and policy, a Sub-fund may invest more than 35% in value of the Scheme Property in such securities issued by any one body provided that:
- 12.3.1 the ACD has before any such investment is made consulted with the Depositary and as a result considers that the issuer of such securities is one which is appropriate in accordance with the investment objectives of a Sub-fund;
- 12.3.2 no more than 30% in value of the Scheme Property consists of such securities of any one issue;

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- 12.3.3 the Scheme Property includes such securities issued by that or another issuer, of at least six different issues.
- 12.4** In relation to such securities:
- 12.4.1 issue, issued and issuer include guarantee, guaranteed and guarantor; and
- 12.4.2 an issue differs from another if there is a difference as to repayment date, rate of interest, guarantor or other material terms of the issue.
- 12.5** Notwithstanding paragraph 11.1 above, and subject to paragraphs 12.2 and 12.3, in applying the 20% limit in 11.3 with respect to a single body, such securities issued by that body shall be taken into account.
- 12.6** In relation to M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G Global Government Bond Fund over 35% of the Scheme Property may be invested in transferable securities or approved money-market instruments issued or guaranteed by a single state, local authority or public international body as listed hereafter:
- 12.6.1 the Government of the United Kingdom (including the Scottish Administration, the Executive Committee of the Northern Ireland Assembly and the National Assembly of Wales);
- 12.6.2 the Governments of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Brazil, China, Malaysia, Mexico, South Africa, and Turkey;
- 12.6.3 the Government of Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, Switzerland, USA;
- 12.6.4 the African Development Bank, Asian Development Bank, Eurofima, European Economic Community, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, European Investment Bank, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Financial Corporation.
- 13 Investment in collective investment schemes**
- 13.1** A Sub-fund may invest in units in a collective investment scheme provided that the second scheme complies with the following requirements:
- 13.1.1 it is a scheme which complies with the conditions necessary for it to enjoy the rights conferred by the UCITS Directive; or
- 13.1.2 is recognised under the provisions of section 272 of the Act (Individually recognised overseas schemes) that is authorised by the supervisory authorities of Guernsey, Jersey or the Isle of Man (provided the requirements of article 50(1)(e) of the UCITS Directives are met); or
- 13.1.3 is authorised as a non-UCITS retail scheme (provided the requirements of article 50(1)(e) of the UCITS Directive are met); or
- 13.1.4 is authorised in another EEA State (provided the requirements of article 50(1)(e) of the UCITS Directive are met);
- 13.1.5 is authorised by the competent authority of an OECD member country (other than another EEA State) which has:
- 13.1.5.1 signed the IOSCO Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding; and
- 13.1.5.2 approved the scheme's management company, rules and depositary/custody arrangements;
- 13.1.6 it is a scheme which complies where relevant with paragraph 13.4 below; and
- 13.1.7 it is a scheme which has terms which prohibit more than 10% in value of the Scheme Property consisting of units in collective investment schemes.
- 13.1.8 where it is an umbrella scheme, the provisions in paragraphs 13.1.6 and 13.1.7 apply to a Sub-fund as if it were a separate scheme.
- 13.2** Not more than 10% of the Scheme Property of a Sub-fund is to consist of units in collective investment schemes.
- 13.3** For the purposes of paragraphs 13.1 and 13.2 a Sub-fund of an umbrella scheme is to be treated as if it were a separate scheme. A Sub-fund may invest in or dispose of shares in another Sub-fund of the Company (the second Sub-fund) provided that the second Sub-fund does not hold shares in any other Sub-fund in the Company.
- 13.4** In accordance with COLL 5.2.15R a Sub-fund may invest up to 10% of its Scheme property units in collective investment schemes managed or operated by (or, if it is an open-ended investment company has as its authorised corporate director), the ACD or an Associate of the ACD.
- 13.5** A Sub-fund must not invest in or dispose of units in another collective investment scheme (the second scheme), which is managed or operated by (or in the case of an open-ended investment company has as its authorised corporate director), the ACD, or an Associate of the ACD, unless:
- 13.5.1 there is no charge in respect of the investment in or the disposal of units in the second scheme; or
- 13.5.2 the ACD is under a duty to pay to a Sub-fund by the close of business on the fourth business day next after the agreement to buy or to sell the amount referred to in paragraphs 13.5.3 and 13.5.4;
- 13.5.3 on investment, either:
any amount by which the consideration paid by a Sub-fund for the units in the second scheme exceeds the price that would have been paid for the benefit of the second scheme had the units been newly issued or sold by it; or
if such price cannot be ascertained by the ACD, the maximum amount of any charge permitted to be made by the seller of units in the second scheme;
- 13.5.4 on disposal, the amount of any charge made for the account of the ACD or operator of the second scheme or an Associate of any of them in respect of the disposal; and
- 13.6** In paragraphs 13.5.1 to 13.5.4 above:
- 13.6.1 any addition to or deduction from the consideration paid on the acquisition or disposal of units in the second scheme, which is applied for the benefit of the second scheme

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and is, or is like, a dilution levy made in accordance with the COLL Sourcebook, is to be treated as part of the price of the units and not as part of any charge; and

- 13.6.2 any switching charge made in respect of an exchange of units in one Sub-fund or separate part of the second scheme for units in another Sub-fund or separate part of that scheme is to be included as part of the consideration paid for the units.

14 Investment in nil and partly paid securities

A transferable security or an approved money market instrument on which any sum is unpaid falls within a power of investment only if it is reasonably foreseeable that the amount of any existing and potential call for any sum unpaid could be paid by the Company, at the time when payment is required, without contravening the rules in COLL 5.

15 Derivatives – General

- 15.1 All sub-funds may, in accordance with the COLL Sourcebook, use derivatives for the purposes of Efficient Portfolio Management (including hedging). In addition, the M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and M&G Global Government Bond Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes.

- 15.2 Under the COLL Sourcebook derivatives are permitted for Sub-funds for investment purposes and derivative transactions may be used for the purposes of hedging or meeting the investment objectives or both.

- 15.3 A transaction in derivatives or a forward transaction must not be effected for a Sub-fund unless the transaction is of a kind specified in section 16 below (Permitted transactions (derivatives and forwards)); and the transaction is covered, as required by section 28 (Cover for transactions in derivatives and forward transactions).

- 15.4 Where a Sub-fund invests in derivatives, the exposure to the underlying assets must not exceed the limits set out in COLL in relation to spread (COLL 5.2.13 R Spread: general and COLL 5.2.14 R Spread: government and public securities) except for index based derivatives where the rules below apply.

- 15.5 Where a transferable security or approved money market instrument embeds a derivative, this must be taken into account for the purposes of complying with this section.

- 15.6 A transferable security or an approved money-market instrument will embed a derivative if it contains a component which fulfils the following criteria:

- 15.6.1 by virtue of that component some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the transferable security or approved money-market instrument which functions as host contract can be modified according to a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable, and therefore vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative;

- 15.6.2 its economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract; and

- 15.6.3 it has a significant impact on the risk profile and pricing of the transferable security or approved money-market instrument.

- 15.6.4 A transferable security or an approved money-market instrument does not embed a derivative where it contains a component which is contractually transferable independently of the transferable security or the approved money-market instrument. That component shall be deemed to be a separate instrument.

- 15.7 Where a scheme invests in an index based derivative, provided the relevant index falls within section 17 (Financial indices underlying derivatives) the underlying constituents of the index do not have to be taken into account for the purposes of the rules on spread in COLL. The relaxation is subject to the ACD continuing to ensure that the Scheme Property provides a prudent spread of risk.

Please refer to section 44 above for a description of the risk factors associated with investments in derivatives.

16 Permitted transactions (derivatives and forwards)

- 16.1 A transaction in a derivative must be in an approved derivative; or be one which complies with section 20 (OTC transactions in derivatives).

- 16.2 A transaction in a derivative must have the underlying consisting of any or all of the following to which the scheme is dedicated:

- 16.2.1 transferable securities permitted under section 6 (Transferable securities and approved money market instruments generally to be admitted or dealt in on an Eligible Market);

- 16.2.2 approved money market instruments permitted under section 5 (approved money market instruments) above;

- 16.2.3 deposits permitted under section 23 (investment in deposits) below;

- 16.2.4 derivatives permitted under this rule;

- 16.2.5 collective investment scheme units permitted under section 13 (investment collective investment schemes) above;

- 16.2.6 financial indices which satisfy the criteria set out at section 17 (financial indices underlying derivatives) below;

- 16.2.7 interest rates;

- 16.2.8 foreign exchange rates; and

- 16.2.9 currencies.

- 16.3 A transaction in an approved derivative must be effected on or under the rules of an eligible derivatives market.

- 16.4 A transaction in a derivative must not cause a Sub-fund to diverge from its investment objectives as stated in the Instrument constituting the scheme and the most recently published version of this Prospectus.

- 16.5 A transaction in a derivative must not be entered into if the intended effect is to create the potential for an uncovered sale of one or more, transferable securities approved, money market instruments, units in collective investment schemes, or derivatives provided that a sale is not to be considered as uncovered if the conditions in section 19 (Requirement to cover sales) are satisfied.

- 16.6 Any forward transaction must be with an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank.

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- 16.7** A derivative includes an instrument which fulfils the following criteria:
- 16.7.1 it allows the transfer of the credit risk of the underlying independently from the other risks associated with that underlying;
 - 16.7.2 it does not result in the delivery or the transfer of assets other than those referred to in paragraph 1.2 above (UCITS schemes: permitted types of scheme property) including cash;
 - 16.7.3 in the case of an OTC derivative, it complies with the requirements in section 20 below (OTC transactions in derivatives);
 - 16.7.4 its risks are adequately captured by the risk management process of the ACD, and by its internal control mechanisms in the case of risks of asymmetry of information between the ACD and the counterparty to the derivative, resulting from potential access of the counterparty to non-public information on persons whose assets are used as the underlying by that derivative.
- 16.8** A Sub-fund may not undertake transactions in derivatives on commodities.
- 17 Financial indices underlying derivatives**
- 17.1** The financial indices referred to in 16.2.6 are those which satisfy the following criteria:
- 17.1.1 the index is sufficiently diversified;
 - 17.1.2 the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers; and
 - 17.1.3 the index is published in an appropriate manner.
- 17.2** A financial index is sufficiently diversified if:
- 17.2.1 it is composed in such a way that price movements or trading activities regarding one component do not unduly influence the performance of the whole index;
 - 17.2.2 where it is composed of assets in which a Sub-fund is permitted to invest, its composition is at least diversified in accordance with the requirements with respect to spread and concentration set out in this section; and
 - 17.2.3 where it is composed of assets in which a Sub-fund cannot invest, it is diversified in a way which is equivalent to the diversification achieved by the requirements with respect to spread and concentration set out in this section.
- 17.3** A financial index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers if:
- 17.3.1 it measures the performance of a representative group of underlyings in a relevant and appropriate way;
 - 17.3.2 it is revised or rebalanced periodically to ensure that it continues to reflect the markets to which it refers, following criteria which are publicly available; and
 - 17.3.3 the underlyings are sufficiently liquid, allowing users to replicate it if necessary.
- 17.4** A financial index is published in an appropriate manner if:
- 17.4.1 its publication process relies on sound procedures to collect prices, and calculate and subsequently publish the index value, including pricing procedures for components where a market price is not available; and
 - 17.4.2 material information on matters such as index calculation, rebalancing methodologies, index changes or any operational difficulties in providing timely or accurate information is provided on a wide and timely basis.
- 17.5** Where the composition of underlyings of a transaction in a derivative does not satisfy the requirements for a financial index, the underlyings for that transaction shall where they satisfy the requirements with respect to other underlyings pursuant to 16.2, be regarded as a combination of those underlyings.
- 18 Transactions for the purchase of property**
- A derivative or forward transaction which will or could lead to the delivery of property for the account of a Sub-fund may be entered into only if that property can be held for the account of the Sub-fund, and the ACD having taken reasonable care determines that delivery of the property under the transaction will not occur or will not lead to a breach of the rules in the COLL Sourcebook.
- 19 Requirement to cover sales**
- 19.1** No agreement by or on behalf of a Sub-fund to dispose of property or rights may be made unless the obligation to make the disposal and any other similar obligation could immediately be honoured by the Sub-fund by delivery of property or the assignment (or, in Scotland, assignation) of rights, and the property and rights above are owned by the Sub-fund at the time of the agreement. This requirement does not apply to a deposit.
- 19.2** Paragraph 19.1 does not apply where:
- 19.2.1 the risks of the underlying financial instrument of a derivative can be appropriately represented by another financial instrument and the underlying financial instrument is highly liquid; or
 - 19.2.2 the ACD or the Depositary has the right to settle the derivative in cash and cover exists within the Scheme Property which falls within one of the following asset Classes:
 - 19.2.2.1 cash;
 - 19.2.2.2 liquid debt instruments (e.g. government bonds of first credit rating) with appropriate safeguards (in particular, haircuts); or
 - 19.2.2.3 other highly liquid assets having regard to their correlation with the underlying of the financial derivative instruments, subject to appropriate safeguards (e.g. haircuts where relevant).
- 19.3** In the asset classes referred to in 19.2.2, an asset may be considered as liquid where the instrument can be converted into cash in no more than seven business days at a price closely corresponding to the current valuation of the financial instrument on its own market.
- 20 OTC transactions in derivatives**
- 20.1** Any transaction in an OTC derivative under paragraph 16.1 must be:
- 20.1.1 in a future, option or contract for differences;
 - 20.1.2 with an approved counterparty; a counterparty to a transaction in derivatives is approved only if the counterparty is an Eligible Institution or an

Approved Bank; or a person whose permission (including any requirements or limitations), as published in the FCA Register or whose Home State authorisation, permits it to enter into the transaction as principal off-exchange;

20.1.3 on approved terms; the terms of the transaction in derivatives are approved only if, before the transaction is entered into, the Depositary is satisfied that the counterparty has agreed with a Sub-fund: to provide at least daily and at any other time at the request of the Sub-fund reliable and verifiable valuation in respect of that transaction corresponding to its fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction) and which does not rely only on market quotations by the counterparty and that it will, at the request of the Sub-fund, enter into a further transaction to sell, liquidate or close out that transaction at any time, at a fair value arrived at under the reliable market value basis or pricing model agreed under 20.1.4; and

20.1.4 capable of reliable valuation; a transaction in derivatives is capable of reliable valuation only if the ACD having taken reasonable care determines that, throughout the life of the derivative (if the transaction is entered into), it will be able to value the investment concerned with reasonable accuracy: on the basis of an up-to-date market value which the ACD and the Depositary have agreed is reliable; or if that value is not available, on the basis of a pricing model which the ACD and the Depositary have agreed uses an adequate recognised methodology; and

20.1.5 subject to verifiable valuation; a transaction in derivatives is subject to verifiable valuation only if, throughout the life of the derivative (if the transaction is entered into) verification of the valuation is carried out by:

20.1.5.1 an appropriate third party which is independent from the counterparty of the derivative, at an adequate frequency and in such a way that the ACD is able to check it; or

20.1.5.2 a department within the ACD which is independent from the department in charge of managing the scheme property and which is adequately equipped for such a purpose.

21 Valuation of OTC derivatives

21.1 For the purposes of paragraph 20.1.2, the ACD must:

21.1.1 establish, implement and maintain arrangements and procedures which ensure appropriate, transparent and fair valuation of the exposures of a Fund to OTC derivatives; and

21.1.2 ensure that the fair value of OTC derivatives is subject to adequate, accurate and independent assessment.

21.2 Where the arrangements and procedures referred to in paragraph 21.1.1 involve the performance of certain activities by third parties, the ACD must comply with the requirements in SYSC 8.1.13 R (Additional requirements for a management company) and COLL 6.6A.4 R (4) to

(6) (Due diligence requirements of AFMs of UCITS schemes).

21.3 The arrangements and procedures referred to in this rule must be:

21.3.1 adequate and proportionate to the nature and complexity of the OTC derivative concerned; and

21.3.2 adequately documented.

22 Risk management

22.1 The ACD must use a risk management process, as reviewed by the Depositary, enabling it to monitor and measure as frequently as appropriate the risk of a Sub-fund's positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the Sub-fund.

22.2 The following details of the risk management process must be regularly notified by the ACD to the FCA and at least on an annual basis:

22.2.1 a true and fair view of the types of derivatives and forward transactions to be used within a Company together with their underlying risks and any relevant quantitative limits; and

22.2.2 the methods for estimating risks in derivative and forward transactions.

23 Investment in deposits

Only M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and M&G Global Government Bond Fund may invest in deposits.

23.1 A Sub-fund may invest in deposits only with an Approved Bank and which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months.

24 Significant influence

24.1 The Company must not acquire transferable securities issued by a body corporate and carrying rights to vote (whether or not on substantially all matters) at a general meeting of that body corporate if:

24.1.1 immediately before the acquisition, the aggregate of any such securities held by a Sub-fund gives the Sub-fund power significantly to influence the conduct of business of that body corporate; or

24.1.2 the acquisition gives the Company that power.

24.2 The Company is to be taken to have power significantly to influence the conduct of business of a body corporate if it can, because of the transferable securities held by it, exercise or control the exercise of 20% or more of the voting rights in that body corporate (disregarding for this purpose any temporary suspension of voting rights in respect of the transferable securities of that body corporate).

25 Concentration

The Company:

25.1 must not acquire transferable securities (other than debt securities) which:

25.1.1 do not carry a right to vote on any matter at a general meeting of the body corporate that issued them; and

25.1.2 represent more than 10% of those securities issued by that body corporate;

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- 25.2 must not acquire more than 10% of the debt securities issued by any single body;
- 25.3 must not acquire more than 25% of the units in a collective investment scheme;
- 25.4 must not acquire more than 10% of the approved money market instruments issued by any single body; and
- 25.5 need not comply with the limits in paragraphs 25.2 to 25.4 if, at the time of acquisition, the net amount in issue of the relevant investment cannot be calculated.

26 Schemes replicating an index

- 26.1 Notwithstanding section 11 a Sub-fund may invest up to 20% in value of the Scheme Property in shares and debentures which are issued by the same body where the stated investment policy is to replicate the composition of a relevant index as defined below.
- 26.2 Replication of the composition of a relevant index shall be understood to be a reference to replication of the composition of the underlying assets of that index, including the use of techniques and instruments permitted for the purpose of Efficient Portfolio Management.
- 26.3 The 20% limit can be raised up to 35% in value of the Scheme Property, but only in respect of one body and where justified by exceptional market conditions.
- 26.4 The indices referred to above are those which satisfy the following criteria:
- 26.4.1 The composition is sufficiently diversified;
- 26.4.2 The index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers; and
- 26.4.3 The index is published in an appropriate manner.
- 26.5 The composition of an index is sufficiently diversified if its components adhere to the spread and concentration requirements in this section.
- 26.6 An index represents an adequate benchmark if its provider uses a recognised methodology which generally does not result in the exclusion of a major issuer of the market to which it refers.
- 26.7 An index is published in an appropriate manner if:
- 26.7.1 it is accessible to the public;
- 26.7.2 the index provider is independent from the index-replicating Sub-fund; this does not preclude index providers and the Sub-fund from forming part of the same group, provided that effective arrangements for the management of conflicts of interest are in place.

27 Derivatives exposure

- 27.1 A Sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions as long as the exposure to which the Sub-fund is committed by that transaction itself is suitably covered from within its Scheme Property. Exposure will include any initial outlay in respect of that transaction.
- 27.2 Cover ensures that a Sub-fund is not exposed to the risk of loss of property, including money, to an extent greater than the net value of the Scheme Property. Therefore, the Sub-fund must hold Scheme Property sufficient in value or amount to match the exposure arising from a derivative obligation to which the Sub-fund is committed. Section 28 (Cover for transactions in derivatives and forward transactions) sets out detailed requirements for cover of a sub-fund.

- 27.3 Cover used in respect of one transaction in derivatives or forward transaction must not be used for cover in respect of another transaction in derivatives or a forward transaction.

28 Cover for transactions in derivatives and forward transactions

- 28.1 A transaction in derivatives or forward transaction is to be entered into only if the maximum exposure, in terms of the principal or notional principal created by the transaction to which the scheme is or may be committed by another person is covered globally.
- 28.2 Exposure is covered globally if adequate cover from within the Scheme Property is available to meet the scheme's total exposure, taking into account the value of the underlying assets, any reasonably foreseeable market movement, counterparty risk, and the time available to liquidate any positions.
- 28.3 Cash not yet received into the Scheme Property but due to be received within one month is available as cover.
- 28.4 Property the subject of a stock lending transaction is only available for cover if the ACD has taken reasonable care to determine that it is obtainable (by return or re-acquisition) in time to meet the obligation for which cover is required.
- 28.5 The total exposure relating to derivatives held in a Sub-fund may not exceed the net value of the Scheme Property.

29 Daily calculation of global exposure

- 29.1 The ACD must calculate the global exposure of the Company on at least a daily basis.
- 29.2 For the purposes of this section, exposure must be calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

30 Calculation of global exposure

- 30.1 The ACD must calculate the global exposure of the Company it manages either as:
- 30.1.1 the incremental exposure and leverage generated through the use of derivatives and forward transactions (including embedded derivatives as referred to in section 15 (Derivatives: general), which may not exceed 100% of the Net Asset Value of the scheme property of the Company, by way of the commitment approach; or
- 30.1.2 the market risk of the scheme property of the Company, by way of the value at risk approach.
- 30.2 The ACD must ensure that the method selected above is appropriate, taking into account:
- 30.2.1 the investment strategy pursued by the Company;
- 30.2.2 the types and complexities of the derivatives and forward transactions used; and
- 30.2.3 the proportion of the scheme property comprising derivatives and forward transactions.
- 30.3 Where a Company employs techniques and instruments including repo contracts or stock lending transactions in accordance with section 33 (Stock lending) in order to generate additional leverage or exposure to market risk, the ACD must take those transactions into consideration when calculating global exposure.

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- 30.4 For the purposes of paragraph 30.1, value at risk means a measure of the maximum expected loss at a given confidence level over the specific time period.
- 30.5 The ACD calculates the global exposure of M&G Global Government Bond Fund using the value at risk (VaR) based techniques. VaR measure each fund's sensitivity to core market risk factors such as credit risk and interest rates. VaR is a technique used to estimate the probability of portfolio losses based on statistical analysis of historical price trends and volatilities.
- ### 31 Commitment approach
- 31.1 Where the ACD uses the commitment approach for the calculation of global exposure, it must:
- 31.1.1 ensure that it applies this approach to all derivative and forward transactions (including embedded derivatives as referred to in section 15 (Derivatives: general)), whether used as part of the Company's general investment policy, for the purposes of risk reduction or for the purposes of Efficient Portfolio Management in accordance with section 29 (Stock lending); and
- 31.1.2 convert each derivative or forward transaction into the market value of an equivalent position in the underlying asset of that derivative or forward (standard commitment approach).
- 31.2 The ACD may apply other calculation methods which are equivalent to the standard commitment approach.
- 31.3 For the commitment approach, the ACD may take account of netting and hedging arrangements when calculating global exposure of the Company, where these arrangements do not disregard obvious and material risks and result in a clear reduction in risk exposure.
- 31.4 Where the use of derivatives or forward transactions does not generate incremental exposure for the Company, the underlying exposure need not be included in the commitment calculation.
- 31.5 Where the commitment approach is used, temporary borrowing arrangements entered into on behalf of the Company in accordance with section 34 need not form part of the global exposure calculation.
- ### 32 Cover and borrowing
- 32.1 Cash obtained from borrowing, and borrowing which the ACD reasonably regards an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank to be committed to provide, is available for cover under the previous section 28 (Cover for transactions in derivatives and forward transactions) as long as the normal limits on borrowing (see below) are observed.
- 32.2 Where, for the purposes of this paragraph a Sub-fund borrows an amount of currency from an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank; and keeps an amount in another currency, at least equal to such borrowing for the time on deposit with the lender (or his agent or nominee), then this applies as if the borrowed currency, and not the deposited currency, were part of the Scheme Property, and the normal limits on borrowing under section 34 (General power to borrow) do not apply to that borrowing.
- ### 33 Cash and near cash
- 33.1 Cash and near cash must not be retained in the Scheme Property except to the extent that, this may reasonably be regarded as necessary in order to enable:
- 33.1.1 the pursuit of a Sub-fund's investment objectives (applicable to M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and M&G Global Government Bond Fund only); or
- 33.1.2 redemption of Shares; or
- 33.1.3 efficient management of a Sub-fund in accordance with its investment objectives; or
- 33.1.4 other purposes which may reasonably be regarded as ancillary to the investment objectives of a Sub-fund.
- 33.2 During the period of the initial offer the Scheme Property may consist of cash and near cash without limitation.
- ### 34 General power to borrow
- 34.1 A Sub-fund may, in accordance with this paragraph and section 35, borrow money for the use of the Sub-fund on terms that the borrowing is to be repayable out of the Scheme Property. This power to borrow is subject to the obligation of the Sub-fund to comply with any restriction in the instrument constituting the Sub-fund.
- 34.2 A Sub-fund may borrow under paragraph 34.1 only from an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank.
- 34.3 The ACD must ensure that any borrowing is on a temporary basis and that borrowings are not persistent, and for this purpose the ACD must have regard in particular to:
- 34.3.1 the duration of any period of borrowing; and
- 34.3.2 the number of occasions on which resort is had to borrowing in any period.
- 34.4 The ACD must ensure that no period of borrowing exceeds three months, without the consent of the Depositary.
- 34.5 These borrowing restrictions do not apply to "back to back" borrowing for currency hedging purposes.
- 34.6 A Sub-fund must not issue any debenture unless it acknowledges or creates a borrowing that complies with paragraph 34.1 to 34.5.
- ### 35 Borrowing limits
- 35.1 The ACD must ensure that a Sub-fund's borrowing does not, on any business day, exceed 10% of the value of the Scheme Property of the Sub-fund.
- 35.2 In this section 35, "borrowing" includes, as well as borrowing in a conventional manner, any other arrangement (including a combination of derivatives) designed to achieve a temporary injection of money into the Scheme Property in the expectation that the sum will be repaid.
- 35.3 For each Sub-fund, borrowing does not include any arrangement for the Sub-fund to pay to a third party (including the ACD) any set up costs which the Sub-fund is entitled to amortise and which were paid on behalf of the Sub-fund by the third party.
- ### 36 Restrictions on lending of money
- 36.1 None of the money in the Scheme Property of a Sub-fund may be lent and, for the purposes of this prohibition, money is lent by a Sub-fund if it is paid to a person ("the payee") on the basis that it should be repaid, whether or not by the payee.
- 36.2 Acquiring a debenture is not lending for the purposes of paragraph 36.1; nor is the placing of money on deposit or in a current account.
- 36.3 Paragraph 36.1 does not prevent a Sub-fund from providing an officer of the Sub-fund with funds to meet expenditure to be incurred by him for the purposes of the

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Sub-fund (or for the purposes of enabling him properly to perform his duties as an officer of the Sub-fund) or from doing anything to enable an officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.

37 Restrictions on lending of property other than money

37.1 The Scheme Property of a Sub-fund other than money must not be lent by way of deposit or otherwise.

37.2 The Scheme Property of a Sub-fund must not be mortgaged.

38 General power to accept or underwrite issues of stock

38.1 Any power in Chapter 5 of the COLL Sourcebook to invest in transferable securities may be used for the purpose of entering into transactions to which this section applies, subject to compliance with any restriction in the Instrument of Incorporation.

38.2 This section applies, subject to paragraph 38.3, to any agreement or understanding:

38.2.1 which is an underwriting or Sub-underwriting agreement; or

38.2.2 which contemplates that securities will or may be issued or subscribed for or acquired for the account of a Sub-fund.

38.3 Paragraph 38.2 does not apply to:

38.3.1 an option; or

38.3.2 a purchase of a transferable security which confers a right:

to subscribe for or acquire a transferable security; or

to convert one transferable security into another.

38.3.3 The exposure of a Sub-fund to agreements and understandings within paragraph 38.2 must, on any business day:

be covered in accordance with the requirements of rule 5.3.3R of the COLL Sourcebook; and

be such that, if all possible obligations arising under them had immediately to be met in full, there would be no breach of any limit in Chapter 5 of the COLL Sourcebook.

39 Guarantees and indemnities

39.1 A Sub-fund or the Depositary for the account of the Sub-fund must not provide any guarantee or indemnity in respect of the obligation of any person.

39.2 None of the Scheme Property of a Sub-fund may be used to discharge any obligation arising under a guarantee or indemnity with respect to the obligation of any person.

39.3 Paragraphs 39.1 and 39.2 do not apply in respect of a Sub-fund to:

39.3.1 any indemnity or guarantee given for margin requirements where the derivatives or forward transactions are being used in accordance with the FCA rules;

39.3.2 an indemnity falling within the provisions of regulation 62(3) (Exemptions from liability to be void) of the Treasury Regulations;

39.3.3 an indemnity (other than any provision in it which is void under regulation 62 of the Treasury Regulations) given to the Depositary against any liability incurred by it as a

consequence of the safekeeping of any of the Scheme Property by it or by anyone retained by it to assist it to perform its function of the safekeeping of the Scheme Property; and

39.3.4 an indemnity given to a person winding up a scheme if the indemnity is given for the purposes of arrangements by which the whole or part of the property of that scheme becomes the first property of a Sub-fund and the holders of units in that scheme become the first Shareholders in the Sub-fund.

40 Efficient Portfolio Management

40.1 The Company may enter into transactions for the purposes of Efficient Portfolio Management ('EPM'), including hedging transactions and temporary short term tactical asset allocation, e.g. for the purposes of preserving the value of an asset or assets of the Company and liquidity management purposes, (i.e. to enable the Company to be adequately invested).

Such transactions may include, but are not limited to currency forwards, futures, credit default swaps, total return swaps, dividend swaps, asset swaps, options and contracts for differences.

A number of risks arise in relation to derivatives transactions:

40.2 Permitted EPM transactions (excluding stock lending arrangements) are transactions in derivatives (i.e. options, futures or contracts for differences) dealt in or traded on an approved derivatives market; off exchange futures, options or contracts for differences resembling options; or synthetic futures in certain circumstances. The Company may enter into approved derivatives transactions on derivatives markets which are eligible. Eligible derivatives markets are those which the ACD after consultation with the Depositary has decided are appropriate for the purpose of investment of or dealing in the scheme property with regard to the relevant criteria set out in the Regulations and the Guidance on eligible markets issued by the FCA as amended from time to time.

40.3 The eligible derivatives markets for the Company are set out in Appendix 3.

40.4 New eligible derivatives markets may be added to a Sub-fund in accordance with the Regulations and only after the ACD has revised the prospectus accordingly.

40.5 Any forward transactions must be with an approved counterparty (eligible institutions, money market institutions etc). A derivatives or forward transaction which would or could lead to delivery of scheme property to the Depositary in respect of the Company may be entered into only if such scheme property can be held by the Company, and the ACD reasonably believes that delivery of the property pursuant to the transactions will not lead to a breach of the Regulations.

40.6 There is no limit on the amount of the scheme property which may be used for EPM but the transactions must satisfy three broadly-based requirements:

40.6.1 A transaction must reasonably be believed by the ACD to be economically appropriate to the Efficient Portfolio Management of the Company. This means that transactions undertaken to reduce risk or cost (or both) must alone or in combination with other EPM transactions diminish a risk or cost of a kind or level which it is sensible to reduce and transactions undertaken to generate additional

capital or income must confer a benefit on the Company or the Sub-fund.

40.6.2 EPM may not include speculative transactions.

40.6.3 The purpose of an EPM transaction for the Company must be to achieve one of the following aims in respect of the Company or a Sub-fund:

- reduction of risk
- reduction of cost
- the generation of additional capital or income.

40.6.3.1 Reduction of risk allows for the use of the technique of cross-currency hedging in order to switch all or part of the Company's or Sub-fund's exposure away from a currency the ACD considers unduly prone to risk, to another currency. This aim also permits the use of stock index contracts to change the exposure from one market to another, a technique known as 'tactical asset allocation'.

40.6.3.2 Reduction of cost allows for the use of futures or options contracts, either on specific stocks or on an index, in order to minimise or eliminate the effect of changing prices of stocks to be bought or sold.

40.6.3.3 The aims of reduction of risk or cost, together or separately, allow the ACD on a temporary basis to use the technique of tactical asset allocation. Tactical asset allocation permits the ACD to undertake a switch in exposure by use of derivatives, rather than through sale and purchase of the scheme property. If an EPM transaction for the Company relates to the acquisition or potential acquisition of transferable securities, the ACD must intend that the Company should invest in transferable securities within a reasonable time and the ACD shall thereafter ensure that, unless the position has itself been closed out, that intention is realised within that reasonable time.

40.6.3.4 The generation of additional capital or income for the Company or Sub-fund with no or an acceptably low level of risk means the ACD reasonably believes that the Company or Sub-fund is certain (or certain barring events which are not reasonably foreseeable) to derive a benefit.

The generation of additional capital or income may arise out of taking advantage of price imperfections or from the receipt of a premium for writing of covered call or covered put options (even if the benefit is obtained at the expense of the foregoing of yet greater benefit) or pursuant to stocklending as

permitted by the Regulations. The relevant purpose must relate to scheme property; scheme property (whether precisely identified or not) which is to be or is proposed to be acquired for the Company; and anticipated cash receipts of the Company, if due to be received at some time and likely to be received within one month.

40.7 Each EPM transaction must be fully covered 'individually' by scheme property of the right kind (i.e. in the case of exposure in terms of property, appropriate transferable securities or other property; and, in the case of exposure in terms of money, cash, near-cash instruments, borrowed cash or transferable securities which can be sold to realise the appropriate cash). It must also be covered 'globally' (i.e. after providing cover for existing EPM transactions there is adequate cover for another EPM transaction within the scheme property - there can be no gearing). Scheme property and cash can be used only once for cover and, generally, scheme property is not available for cover if it is the subject of a stocklending transaction. The EPM lending transaction in a back to back currency borrowing (i.e. borrowing permitted in order to reduce or eliminate risk arising by reason of fluctuations in exchange rates) does not require cover.

41 Total return swaps

41.1 This paragraph relates to the M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and M&G Global Government Bond Fund and sets out disclosures required under Regulation EU 2015/2365 on Securities Financing Transactions.

41.2 Total return swaps are agreements under which one party makes payments based on a set rate, either fixed or variable, while the other party makes payments based on the total return (including both the income it generates and any capital gains) of an underlying asset (for example, a commodity or stock market index). In this way, a party can gain the economic exposure of the underlying asset without actually owning that asset.

41.3 The specific types of total return swaps permitted in this section are swaps on bond indices, baskets of bonds and government bonds.

41.4 The total return swaps described in this paragraph may be exercised by the M&G Corporate Bond Fund, M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund, M&G European Corporate Bond Fund and M&G Global Government Bond Fund to gain exposure to bonds for tactical purposes.

41.5 M&G Risk Management Process states that both exchange traded derivatives and over-the-counter derivatives must be traded with approved counterparties.

41.5.1 New counterparties are approved after a review that covers the legal status of the proposed counterparty, an assessment of the operational risk and credit risk associated with that counterparty and any other material considerations and it must have the minimum required credit rating.

41.5.2 Trading must occur in M&G approved derivative instruments and the arrangements must be governed by appropriate legal documentation.

41.6 The maximum proportion of the NAV of the funds that can be subject to total return swaps is 25%, as follows:

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M&G Corporate Bond Fund	25%
M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	25%
M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	25%
M&G Global Government Bond Fund	25%

with a maximum of 5% with any counterparty; and a maximum of 10% with any counterparty that is an Approved Bank.

- 41.7 The expected proportion of the assets under management of the that can be subject to total return swaps is as follows:

M&G Corporate Bond Fund	10%
M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund	10%
M&G European Corporate Bond Fund	10%
M&G Global Government Bond Fund	10%

- 41.8 M&G collateral management policy in the context of OTC financial derivatives transactions is detailed in Section 34.6

- 41.9 All revenues arising from total return swaps will be returned to the appropriate sub-fund, and the ACD does not take any fees or costs out of those revenues additional to its periodic charge on the Scheme Property of the sub-fund or set out in Section 28 above.

Appendix 3

Eligible Markets

Where permitted by their objective and policy, a Sub-fund may deal in any securities, derivatives or money market instruments on any market that is:

- a regulated market (as defined for the purposes of COLL); or
- a market in an EEA State which is regulated, operates regularly and is open to the public; or
- a market which the ACD, after consultation with the Depositary, decides is appropriate for investment of or dealing in the scheme property (see Appendix 2, 7.4 for more detail).

For the purposes of "b" above, the Manager may trade in bonds and other securities issued by non-UK institutions, on the UK OTC Market. Additionally, for "c" above, the markets listed below have been deemed appropriate.

In addition, up to 10% in value of a Sub-fund may be invested in transferable securities and/or derivatives which are not listed on these markets.

In the event that an eligible market changes its name or merges with another eligible market, the successor market will be an eligible market unless the FCA's COLL rules require further due diligence by the ACD and Depositary in order for it to be approved. In these circumstances, the prospectus will be updated with the name of the new market at the next available opportunity.

Europe (Non-EEA States)	
Switzerland	SIX Swiss Exchange
Turkey	Borsa Istanbul

Americas	
Brazil	BM&F Bovespa
Canada	TSX (forms part of the TMX Group)
Mexico	Bolsa Mexicana de Valores (Mexican Stock Exchange)
United States	New York Stock Exchange NYSE Mkt LLC Boston Stock Exchange (BSE) Chicago Stock Exchange (CHX) The NASDAQ Stock Market US OTC market regulated by FINRA National Stock Exchange NYSE Arca NASDAQ OMX PHLX The market in transferable securities issued by or on behalf of the Government of the United States of America conducted through those persons for the time being recognised and supervised by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and known as primary dealers.

Africa	
South Africa	The JSE Securities Exchange

Far East	
Australia	Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)
China	Shanghai Stock Exchange Shenzhen Stock Exchange China Interbank Bond Market (CIBM)
Hong Kong	Hong Kong Exchanges Growth Global Enterprise Market (GEM)
India	Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd

	The National Stock Exchange of India
Indonesia	Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX)
Japan	Tokyo Stock Exchange Nagoya Stock Exchange Sapporo Stock Exchange JASDAQ
Korea	Korea Exchange Incorporated (KRX)
Malaysia	Bursa Malaysia Berhad
New Zealand	New Zealand Stock Exchange
Philippines	Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE)
Singapore	Singapore Exchange (SGX)
Sri Lanka	Colombo Stock Exchange
Taiwan	Taiwan Stock Exchange Gre Tai (Taiwan OTC)
Thailand	The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)

Middle East	
Israel	Tel Aviv Stock Exchange (TASE)

For the purposes of "c" above, the derivatives markets listed below have been deemed appropriate.

Europe (Non-EEA States)	
Switzerland	EUREX

Americas	
Canada	The Montreal Exchange
United States	CME Group Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE)

Africa	
South Africa	The JSE Securities Exchange

Far East	
Australia	Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)
Hong Kong	Hong Kong Exchanges
Japan	Osaka Securities Exchange
Korea	Korea Exchange Incorporated (KRX)
New Zealand	New Zealand Futures Exchange
Singapore	Singapore Exchange (SGX)
Thailand	Thailand Futures Exchange (TFEX)

Appendix 4

Other Collective investment schemes of the ACD

M&G Investment Funds (1)
M&G Investment Funds (2)
M&G Investment Funds (4)
M&G Investment Funds (5) *
M&G Investment Funds (7)
M&G Investment Funds (10)
M&G Investment Funds (11)
M&G Investment Funds (12)
M&G Global Dividend Fund
M&G Global Macro Bond Fund
M&G Optimal Income Fund
M&G Property Portfolio
M&G Strategic Corporate Bond Fund

The ACD is also the Manager of the M&G Feeder of Property Portfolio, the M&G Equities Investment Fund for Charities, the M&G Charibond Charities Fixed Interest Fund and the M&G Charity Multi-Asset Fund.

*This umbrella scheme is commencing closure on 2 October 2020 and is no longer available for investment.

Appendix 5

Performance Tables

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

M&G Corporate Bond Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 65.60%
The cumulative performance for the IA Sterling Corporate Bond sector is 67.60%

Euro Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 51.09%
The cumulative performance for the IA Sterling Corporate Bond sector is 58.39%

M&G Dividend Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 58.14%
The cumulative performance for the FTSE All Share Index is 91.84%

Sterling Class A (Income) shares Historic yields over last 10 years at year ending 30 June are as follows:

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
5.72%	4.84%	4.67%	4.23%	4.66%	4.08%	3.88%	3.97%	4.25%	4.07%

The historic yield reflects distributions declared over the past 12 months as a percentage of the share price as at the date shown.

FTSE All-Share Index yield

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
4.66%	4.13%	3.64%	3.61%	3.66%	3.46%	3.27%	3.53%	3.69%	2.99%

Sterling Class A (Income) shares Annual distributions over last 10 years at year ending 30 June are as follows:

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
2.47	2.97	2.85	2.95	2.84	2.73	2.56	2.36	2.29	2.22

M&G Emerging Markets Bond Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 90.89%
The cumulative performance for the benchmark* over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is not available.
From 2 December 2013 the target benchmark is 1/3 JPM EMBI Global Diversified Index, 1/3 JPM CEMBI Broad Diversified Index, 1/3 JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Index. Prior to 2 December 2013, the Fund was not managed with reference to this target benchmark.

M&G European Corporate Bond Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 51.19%
The cumulative performance for the ICE BofAML Euro Corporate Index is 58.67%

M&G Global Government Bond Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 59.79%
The cumulative performance for the IA Global Bond sector is 47.74%

Euro Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 46.11%
The cumulative performance for the IA Global Bond sector is 37.09%

USD Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 33.37%
The cumulative performance for the IA Global Bond sector is 25.70%

Swiss Franc Class A The cumulative performance since launch ending 30 June 2020 is 18.69%
The cumulative performance for the IA Global Bond sector is 1.04%

M&G Recovery Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 16.65%
The cumulative performance for the FTSE All Share Index is 91.84%

Euro Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 4.12%
The cumulative performance for the FTSE All Share Index is 72.79%

M&G Smaller Companies Fund

Sterling Class A The cumulative performance over the past 10 years ending 30 June 2020 is 152.87%
The cumulative performance for the Numis Smaller Companies Index is 135.24%

Appendix 6

List of Sub-custodians

Albania	Raiffeisen Bank sh.a., Tirana	Czech Republic	1) Ceskoslovenská Obchodní Banka A.S., Prague 2) UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s., Praha
Argentina	Citibank N.A., Buenos Aires	Denmark	1) Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (SEB), Copenhagen 2) Nordea Bank Danmark A/S, Copenhagen
Australia	Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Parramatta	Ecuador	N/A
Austria	1) UniCredit Bank Austria AG, Vienna 2) Deutsche Bank AG, Eschborn	Egypt	Citibank N.A., Cairo
Bahamas	N/A	Estonia	AS SEB Pank, Tallinn
Bahrain	HSBC Bank Middle East, Al Seef	Eswatini	Standard Bank Eswatini Limited, Eswatini
Bangladesh	Standard Chartered Bank, Dhaka	Ethiopia	N/A
Belgium	Deutsche Bank AG, Netherlands (operating through the Amsterdam branch with support from its Brussels branch)	Euroclear	Since State Street is a direct participant in Euroclear Bank, State Street does not use a subcustodian bank.
Benin	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan	Finland	1) Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) (SEB), Helsinki 2) Nordea Bank Finland Plc, Helsinki
Bermuda	HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited, Hamilton	France	Deutsche Bank AG, Netherlands (operating through the Amsterdam branch with support from its Paris branch)
Bosnia-Herzegovina The Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina	UniCredit Bank d.d., Sarajevo	Georgia	JSC Bank of Georgia, Tbilisi
Botswana	Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited, Gaborone	Germany	1) State Street Bank International GmbH, Munich 2) Deutsche Bank AG, Eschborn
Brazil	Citibank N.A. São Paulo Branch, São Paulo	Ghana	Standard Chartered Bank Ghana Limited, Accra
Bulgaria	1) Citibank Europe plc, Sofia 2) UniCredit Bulbank AD, Sofia	Greece	BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A., Athens
Burkina Faso	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan	Guernsey	N/A
Canada	1) State Street Trust Company Canada, Toronto (Depositary transactions) 2) RBC Investor Services, Toronto (Physical transaction)	Guinea Bissau	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan
Cayman Islands	N/A	Hong Kong	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited, Hong Kong
Channel Islands	N/A	Hungary	1) Citibank Europe plc, Hungarian Branch, Budapest 2) UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt., Budapest
Chile	Itaú CorpBanca S.A., Santiago de Chile	Iceland	Landsbankinn hf, Reykjavik
China A-Shares and CIBM	1) China Construction Bank, Beijing 2) HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, Shanghai	India	Citibank, N.A., Mumbai
China B-Shares	HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, Shanghai	Indonesia	Deutsche Bank A.G., Jakarta
China Connect (Stock Connect)	1) Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited, Hong Kong 2) The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Hong Kong 3) Citibank N.A., Hong Kong	Ireland	State Street Bank and Trust Company, Edinburgh
China Connect (Bond Connect)	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited, Hong Kong	Isle of Man	N/A
Clearstream	State Street is a direct participant in Clearstream Banking Luxembourg. State Street does not use a subcustodian bank.	Israel	Bank Hapoalim B.M., Tel Aviv
Colombia	Cititrust Colombia S.A. Sociedad Fiduciaria, Bogota	Italy	1) Deutsche Bank S.p.A., Milan 2) Intesa Sanpaolo (ISP), Milan
Costa Rica	Banco BCT S.A., San Jose	Ivory Coast	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan
Croatia	1) Privredna Banka Zagreb d.d., Zagreb 2) Zagrebacka banka d.d., Zagreb	Jamaica	N/A
Curaçao	N/A	Japan	1) Mizuho Bank, Ltd, Tokyo 2) The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Japan branch (HSBC), Tokyo
Cyprus	BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A., Athens (operating remotely to service the Cyprus market)	Jersey	N/A
		Jordan	Standard Chartered Bank, Shmeissani Branch, Amman
		Kazakhstan	JSC Citibank Kazakhstan, Almaty

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Kenya	Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Limited, Nairobi	Qatar	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha
Kuwait	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Kuwait	Republic of Srpska	UniCredit Bank d.d., Sarajevo
Latvia	AS SEB Bankas, Riga	Romania	Citibank Europe plc, Dublin – Romania Branch, Bucharest
Lebanon	N/A	Russia	AO Citibank, Moscow
Liechtenstein	N/A	Rwanda	N/A
Lithuania	SEB Bankas, Vilnius	Saudi Arabia	HSBC Saudi Arabia, Riyadh
Luxembourg	Since State Street is a direct participant in Clearstream Banking Luxembourg, State Street does not use a subcustodian bank. Luxembourg domiciled assets may be held in either the Euroclear or Clearstream ICSDs.	Senegal	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan
Macedonia (Republic of Macedonia)	N/A	Serbia	Unicredit Bank Serbia JSC Belgrade
Malawi	Standard Bank Limited, Blantyre	Singapore	Citibank N.A., Singapore 2) United Overseas Bank Limited (UOB), Singapore
Malaysia	1) Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad Menara Standard Chartered, Kuala Lumpur 2) Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Investor Services, Kuala Lumpur	Slovak Republic	UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s., Bratislava
Mali	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan	Slovakia	N/A
Malta	N/A	Slovenia	UniCredit Banka Slovenija d.d., Ljubljana
Marshall Islands	N/A	South Africa	1) Standard Bank of South Africa Limited, Johannesburg 2) FirstRand Bank Limited, Johannesburg
Mauritius	Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp. Limited, Ebene	South Korea	1) Deutsche Bank AG, Seoul 2) Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp. Limited, Seoul
Mexico	Banco Nacional de México S.A. (Banamex) Global Securities Services, Mexico City	Spain	Deutsche Bank SAE Investor Services, Madrid
Morocco	Citibank Maghreb, Casablanca	Sri Lanka	The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Colombo
Mozambique	N/A	Swaziland	Standard Bank Swaziland Limited, Mbabane
Namibia	Standard Bank Namibia Limited, Windhoek	Sweden	1) Nordea Bank AB (publ), Stockholm 2) Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, Stockholm
Netherlands	Deutsche Bank AG, Amsterdam branch	Switzerland	1) UBS Switzerland AG, Zurich 2) Credit Suisse AG, Zurich
New Zealand	The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp. Limited, Auckland	Taiwan	1) Deutsche Bank AG, Taipei 2) Standard Chartered Bank (Taiwan) Limited, Taipei
Niger	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan	Tanzania	Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania Limited, Dar es Salaam
Nigeria	Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc., Lagos	Thailand	Standard Chartered Bank (Thai) Public Company Limited, Bangkok
Norway	1) Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, Oslo (operating through its Oslo branch) 2) Nordea Bank Norge ASA, Oslo	Togo	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire, Abidjan
Oman	HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G., Seeb	Transnational	N/A
Pakistan	Deutsche Bank AG, Karachi	Trinidad & Tobago	N/A
Palestine	N/A	Tunisia	Union Internationale de Banques (UIB), Tunis
Panama	Citibank, N.A., Panama City	Turkey	1) Citibank A.S., Istanbul 2) Deutsche Bank A.S., Istanbul
Peru	Citibank del Perú S.A., Lima	Uganda	Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited, Kampala
Philippines	Deutsche Bank AG, Taguig City	Ukraine	PJSC Citibank, Kyiv
Poland	Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A., Warsaw	United Arab Emirates Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX)	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Global Banking and Markets, Dubai
Portugal	Deutsche Bank AG, Netherlands (operating through the Amsterdam branch with support from its Lisbon branch)	United Arab Emirates – DFM	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Global Banking and Markets, Dubai
Puerto Rico	N/A	United Arab Emirates – Dubai International Financial Center (DIFC)	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Global Banking and Markets, Dubai
		United Kingdom	State Street Bank and Trust Company, Edinburgh

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United States	1) State Street Bank and Trust Company, Boston 2) DTCC Newport Office Center, Jersey City
Uruguay	Banco Itau Uruguay S.A., Montevideo
Venezuela	N/A
Vietnam	Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corp. Ltd. Centre Point, Ho Chi Minh City
WAEMU (West African Economic and Monetary Union)	N/A
Zambia	Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Plc, Lusaka
Zimbabwe	Stanbic Bank Zimbabwe Limited, Harare

M&G Investment Funds (3)

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